LOWEST PRICES.

partment we are showing an unusually larg of the season. Your inspection is invited.

Clothiers, Tailors and Furnishers. 1 44 Whitehall St.

AL MILL SUPPLIES, ETC.

Telegraph & Electrical Apparatus & Supplies,

ELECTRO-PLATERS.

Chandeliers and Brass Goods of every description, polished and lacquered equal to new.

Medical Batteries and other Electrical Apparatus
description promptly attended to, in the city or out. Send for road s rect.

Sp to 1 & & Freed.

LE SONS.

CEMENTS LASTER PARIS, COTTA STOVE FLUE, RE BRICK AND CLAY, AND SEWER PIPE, MARBLE DUST. COAL.

At'anta, Ga.

19 Whitehall Street,

# QUARTERS

CLOTHING!

# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XIX.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 28, 1888.

RIVERS AND HARBORS. The Bill as Agreed Upon Made Public.

THE SOUTHERN PENITENTIARY PLAN The Rumor That President Cleveland May Not Run Again—Judge Stewart's Naturalization Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 27 .- [Special.]-The river and harbor bill has been completed and was given to the press today, although it will not be introduced in the house until Thursday. not be introduced in the nouse until Thursday. It aggregates \$19,432,783, and is the largest bill of the kind ever introduced. Georgia is fairly well provided for in the bill, and the amount given her is divided as follows:

Harbors-Brunswick, \$35,000; Savannah \$00,000; Cumberland Sound, \$112,500. \$15,000; Coosa, to complete, \$60,000; Flint, \$20,000; Comulgee, \$10,000; Oconee, to complete, \$10,500; Savannah, below Augusta, \$21,000.

In connection with the Savannah, the bill In connection with the Savannah, the bill says \$21,000 is appropriated for completing the present project and commencing the extended project recommended in the engineer's report for the year ending June 30, 1887, which is estimated to cost \$80,000, thus committing the government to the new project, and practically giving the Savannah \$105,000. It was a good piece of work on Major Barnes's part toget the government committed in this man-ner, and he deserves credit from his con-

situents.
Charleston harbor gets \$350,000 by the bill:
Mobile gets \$250,000,1 Vicksburg \$150,000, and
Galveston, and the channel to Galveston bay,

The Alabama rivers are provided for as follows: Alabama, \$20,000; Black Warrior, \$100,000; Tallapoosa. \$75,000; Warrior, below Tuscaloosa, \$18,000; Tombigbee \$12,000. In Florida none of the rivers get over \$10,000,

except the St. Johns, which gets \$150,000. Pensacola harbor \$35,000. THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN. It is said tonight that those who believe President Cleveland will not be a candidate

for renomination at St. Louis are feeling the public pulse as to a boom for Secretary Whitney. They claim that Whitney is Cleveland's choice as his successor, and that New York would respond with a united front and large majority for the secretary. This I think is hardly probable, although it all goes to show that the few anti-administrationists in the democratic party are doing all in their power to force President Gleveland to deckine the renomination on the grounds set forth in his letter of acceptance of August, 1884. How-ever, as President Cleveland sees the great mass of his party in this country are in favor of his renomination, it is barely possible, his friends think, for these few discon-tents to prevent him from becoming a candidate for a second term. A senator who is on quite intimate terms with the president, said tonight, that although Mr. Cleveland had not so stated to him, he had not the slightest doubt but that he would be a candidate for re-nomination. Upon being asked on what grounds he based his conclusions, he replied that he did not believe the president cared to serve another term in the white house, but upon Mrs. Cleveland's account, and that alone, he would

accept the nomination. MR. STEWART'S BILL. The judiciary committee today reported favorably Judge Stewart's bill to construct two United Stetes penitentiaries at a cost of \$500,000. The bill provides that one shall be constructed north of latitude 39 degrees, and the other south of it. The bill will probably pass, and now is the time for the people of Atlanta to strike for the one to be constructed in the south. The government has 230 acres of land near Atlanta, a nortion of which is occupied by the barracks, and it is certain that no better site in the entire south could be selected. Attorney-General Garland and Secretary Vilas will be appointed to select the site. The people of Atlanta should watch the bill, and strike

for the building at the proper time. Atlanta has already been spoken favorably of by the members of the judiciary committee, and if the bill passes she can get it by a slight effort. Judge Stewart said today, in speaking of his bill introduced yesterday, to amoud the naturalization laws, that he thinks it time this government was undertaking to protect Itself against those who are opposed to law and the established rules and regulations of morality known to this country. The judge has been congratulated by many of his colleagues for

introducing this bill.

Mr. Clements introduced a bill today to pay to the heirs at law of James A. Stewart, of Fulton county, \$9,000 for the use and destruction of his property by General Sherman's

BILLS BY OTHER MEMBERS. Mr. Norwood introduced a similar bill to pay to the heirs of Joseph V. Connerat, of Savannal, the proceeds of the sale of 200 heles anali, the proceeds of the sale of 200 bales of Kentucky jeans and 285 bales of cotton osnaburgs, captured from him by the United States

military forces in 1864.

Senator Brown introduced a petition of the Farmers' alliance of the United States, asking the establishment of a department of agriculture, presided over by a cabinet officer.

The funeral of the late Chief Justice Waite

will take place in the hall of the house of repwill take place in the half of the house of representatives at noon tomorrow. Only those of the public who have obtained cards from the senators and representatives will be admitted to the capitol building. These cards are very limited, and tonight many offers of five-dollars each have been made for them.

Mr. James C. Fuller has been appointed

storekeeper and gauger at Troup factory, Ga. E. W. B.

Flying for the United States.

Negales, Ariz., March 27.—[Special.]—The prefect of Magdalena. District Sonora, Mexico, has notified Governor Carrol that the Altar and Santa Ana stage was taken in a few nights ago by two masked men, near the town of Ocura. The robbers carried off a number of sacks of coin, and what other valuables they could get, but did not attempt to shoot any one, although they made threats in case there should be any resistance. Next day Diego Marino and a posse pursued the highwaymen as far as Tubtama, where the trail was lost. It is thought the robbers are attempting to get across the line into the United States.

A New Seal for Bank Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Treasurer Hyatt has adopted a new seal for the use of United States notes and certificates. It is similar in design to the large one used on the old \$20 note, with the addition of a reall desc. large one used on the old \$20 note, with the addition of a small lace border with many points in geometric lattice work. It is light pink in color, circular in form and nearly two inches in diameter. Heretofore a reparate send was used on notes and gold and silver certificates, varying in size and design according to the character and denomination of the note. Hereafter the new seal will be used exclusively on all paper issues. The change in size and design is said to be in the nature of an additional safeguard against counterfeiting.

IMPEACHING BARTLE. Congressman Caruth Before the Lard Inves

tigating Committee,
Washington, March 27.—In the house committee on agriculture this morning, Representative Carath, of Kentucky, presented a protest of the pork packers of Louisville against the testimony of W. G. Bartle. It was placed on file. In reply to a question by the chairman, Mr. Caruth stated that he had a general broughed and the reservation of formers. knowledge of the reputation of farmers throughout Kentucky.

The Chairman—Do you believe in the sweep-ing charge made before this committee that farmers are in the habit of sending diseased Mr. Caruth—If I believed that of Kentucky farmers, I would cease to be a resident of that

farmers, I would cease to be a resident of that state.

Mr. Funston, of Kansas, member of the commission, in the name of the farmers of Kansas, protested against the charges of Bartle. He then asked Mr. Caruth, what he characterized as a hypothetical question, as follows:

"If a witness before this committee should state that for eighteen years he had followed the business of purchasing or slaughtering piggy sows, stags, boars and cholera hogs, running them into bacon and selling them to the people; that at the age of 61 his conscience hurt him and he quit the business; that afterwards he endeavored to purchase property to put his son into the same business; if you were a member of this committee would you consider him too big a villain and scoundrel to be believed, even under oath?"

Mr. Caruth—Well, that is rather a sweeping question. I would hate to believe that such things as that exist.

Mr. Caruth—Well, that is rather a sweeping question. I would hate to believe that such things as that exist.

Mr. Dreer, of Chicago, resumed the testimony, and stated that the food adulterated laws of England had in no way interfered with the sale of American refined lard in that country. There had been no fault found with refined lard in England.

Mr. Funston inquired whether witness charged that the packers mixed unwashed guts with lard.

Witness replied that when the manufacture of lard was done in a slipshod fashion these objectionable parts would slip in.

Mr. Funston inquired how witness knew this fact. Witness replied that he had seen insufficiently washed guts mixed with lard.

Mr. Funston called upon witness to give the names of packers whom he had seen doing this. Witness declined to answer, and persisted in his declination in spite of Mr. Funston's determined effort to extort a reply. Witness was sustained by the committee in his right to refuse, inasmuch as he was not testifying under oath but merely by invitation.

St. Louis, March 27.—W. G. Bartle, whose testimony in regard to pork packing has croated such a commotion, has arrived home and been interviewed by a reporter. He declined to make any additional statement as to pork packing, but said that there is still further evidence forthcoming that will create more of a

to make any additional statement as to pork packing, but said that there is still further evidence forthcoming that will create more of a sensation than what has been published in his evidence. He claims to have been misrepresented in the telegraphic reports of the committee's proceedings, and has accordingly written out a statement. This statement refers principally to his evidence as regards J. Dold & Sons, of Kansas City, and is to the following effect:

Dold & Sons, of Kansas City, and is to the following effect:

In the felegraphic dispatches from Washington, under date of March 24, relating in part to what I stated before the house committee on agriculture, in reference to the packing of pork in this country, there is an error as to what I stated concerning Jacob Dold & Sons, of Kansas City. I never suggested or intimated that the foreman of the firm had recently bought 2.200 smothered hogs, which were put into tanks at dwent into prime steam lard, rendered by that firm. The substance of what I did say was that the foreman of Dold & Sons, who gave his name to me as Martin, stid that while he was foreman of another concern he had tanked out in one season for that house 2,200 smothered logs and put the product amengst prime lard. In justice to Dold & Sons, I must say that their packing house is far above the average for cleanliness. Their foreman took me through the rendering room, and I take pleasure in saying that I found the same in flust-class order and section. saying that I found the same in first-class order and condition. I have been misrepresented through the condition. I have been misrepresented in organ the public press as to the testimony before the congressional committee, but whatever I there stated I am ready to verify in whatever form the investigation may come. The people are deeply concerned in this matter, irrespective of the wishes or interest of the contending factions.

Macon, Ga., March 27.—At a meeting of the board of trade in Macon todaythe following action was unanimously taken:

the board of trade in Macon todaythe following action was unanimously taken:

Resolved, That having read the testimony of William G. Bartle before the agricultural count i cein reference to Messrs, Jacob Pold & Sons, Jork packers of Kansas City, Mo., we desire to say that we have handled the products of their packing houses for several years past, and from our own experience and the general excellence with which they are estimated by the trade at large, we believe the statement by Bertle to be without foundation and false.

DISEASED SWINE.

A Fatal Hog Disease in France--Trichinosis in Germany.

in Germany.

Washington, March 27.—The president today transmitted to the two houses of congress a report from Minister Pendleton, at Berlin, dated January 30th, 1888, from which it appears that trichinosis prevails in certain parts of Germany, and that a number of persons have already died from the effect of eating the meat of diseased hogs grown in that country. He also transmits a report from the consul at Marseilles, dated February 4th, representing that for a number of months a highly contagious and fatal disease has prevailed among the swine of a large section of France, which disease is thought by the commissioner of agriculture to be very similar to hog cholera. The president says it is extremely doubtful if the law passed April 29, 1878, entitled an act to prevent the introduction of contagious diseases into the United States, meets cases of this description. In view of the dangers to the health and lives of our people, and of the contagion that may spread to live stock of the country, by the importation of swine or hog products from either of the countries named, he recommends the passage of a law prohibiting such importations, with proper regulations he recommends the passage of a law probibiting such importations, with proper regulations as to the continuance of such prohibition, and permitting such further prohibitions in other future cases of like character as safety and prudence may require dence may require.

THE FUNERAL TODAY.

How the Late Chief Justice Will be Laid to Rest.

Washington, March 27.—Funeral services over the remains of the late Chief Justice Waite will begin at noon tomorrow in the hall of the house of representatives. Scats on the floor of the house will be assigned to the family and mourners; to the president and his

family and mourners; to the president and his wife; to the United States supreme court justices and their families; to members of the several committees; to members of the cabinet and their families; to the diplomate corps; general of the army, his staff and other leading officials.

Reserved galleries will be held for the families of senators and representatives. The remains will not lie in state, as the family desires that the funeral ceramonies be as simple as possible. The body will be accompanied to the house of representatives by the supreme court justices, who will be honorary pallbearers, and about twenty-five intimate friends of the family. Supremo court messengers will act as family. Supreme court messengers will act as body bearers.

family. Supremo court messengers will act as body bearers.

At the close of the funeral ceremonies, which will be conducted by Bishop Paret, the remains will be conveyed to the Baltimore and Potomac railroad station, and will leave at 2 p. m. by a special train on the Pennsylvania railroad for Toledo. All justices of the supreme court, except Justices Bradley and Mathews, and committees of the senate and house will accompany the remains to Toledo, where they are expected to arrive Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. The remains will be conveyed to Trinity church, and will remain there for several hours to allow the people of his old home, and those who may come from the surrounding country, to see his face before the body is interred.

The funeral services, which will be simple, will be held at the church at 3 p, m. The executive departments, district offices, Smithsonian institution and National museum will be closed during the entire day.

ALL HANDS SKIPPED.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE CASHIER

Cleaning Out of a Rallegh National Bank.

Make Canada's Shores Safe, Carrying Negro Porter With Them to Carry the Gold-Other Criminal News.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 27 .- [Special.]-Late last night a rumor became current that President Charles E. Cross and Cashier Samuel C. White, of the State National bank, had abscended with a large amount of the bank's funds. The rumors deeped into certainty. The directors met and were in session until midnight hour. The metallic product of the following t midnight hour. The meeting made the following announcement of the defalcation:

The directors of the State Notional bank, having reason to believe that the president and cashier of the bank have absconded with a large amount of assets, have determined to close its doors and turn over all its affairs to the proper officers of the United States government. We are glad to be able to assure the public that other banks of the city are not affected by this defaleation.

By order of directors. By order of dire

(Signed) E. R. STAMPS, Chairman Pro Tem. This was given to the local paper just before aidnight. Very few people knew of the affair last night, and every attempt was made to insure secrecy. This morning, when the publication appeared, it was like a thunder clap. Peo ple here had never known anything of the kind in all Raleigh's history. Crowds gathered on the streets, and the excitement was intense.

The bank was widely known. It was founded by the late John G. Williams, and for years had the confidence and esteem of the business public. Two years ago C. E. Cross was elected president. He had previously been chief clerk in the office of the state auditor. A few days ago the stockholders of the bank met and elected five new directors, making the number of the latter ten. The old directors were Mrs. M. C. Williams E. R. Stamps, W. S. Primrose, S. C. White and C. E. Cross. The new ones elected in ad-dition were Rev. C. T. Balley, Ed. H. Lee, D. B. Ayers, M. T. Morris and G. E. Leach. The new directors were assured that the bank's dition was admirable. They were badly deceived and today they are gloomy. They had given notice that they would Tuesday make investigation of the bank's affairs, and this tended to precipitate the crisis. The capi-

tal of the bank was \$200,000. It now appears that the bank's condition had for some time been shaky. Some weeks ago President Cross went to Canada, ostensibly to look after some property for the bank.

A fortnight ago Cashier White went to Canada. The latter returned to New York, and it now appears while there rehypothecated a large amount of the bank's securities. They returned some days ago, and last Thursday telegraphed to the banks in Richmond and Baltimore to send to the State National bank ten thousand dollars each, and that they would send a check on the Park bank of New York for twenty thousand dollars. Friday night the money came by express. White went to the express office, took the package and signed the receipt for it. Saturday morning he went back and paid the charges on it. He never deposited it in the bank at all, but kept it. When their draft for \$20,000 on the Park bank was presented it was not bonored, as the account was overdrawn.

Saturday afternoon White remarked in the bank that he was going to Chapel Hill to see a sick relative. Cross remarked that he had never been to Chapel Hill, and thought he would go there and spend Sunday with White. So both left on the 60'clock train. They were accompanied by the negro janitor of the bank. They did not buy tickets, but paid their fare on the train. Sunday morning early they were seen at Greensboro. This is the last trace of

It was found today that they had unques tionably gone to Canada, as the wives of both said that last Friday their husbands remarked that they would be in Canada Monday. They took the janitor with them. They carried off in cash \$42,000. They left only \$15,000 in

One of the directors says that last night the following showing of the bank's status was Due depositors, \$202,000; due Park bank, of New York, \$63,000; due to Citizens National bank of Raleigh, and National bank of Raleigh, \$15,000. Total, \$298,000. It was shown at a meeting that the assets ought to be as fol lows: \$324,000 in notes and \$75,000 in mortgages on real estate. There was just \$15,000 in cash. Of the \$324,000 in notes, there is no telling how much has been rehypothecated. The state of North Carolina was one of the depositors, but had luckily checked out much of the deposit, and only had \$14,000 of general fund and \$35,000 of the fund for the deaf, dumb and blind institution on deposit. Besides this there was deposited to the credit of the State Agricultural and Mechanical college \$8,000, received from the Hatch fund. There is no telling what is the amount of defalcation. One of the directors said this afternoon he thought it would be \$200,0000. The current

estimate is \$250,000. This morning a telegram was sent to Washington by the bank officials giving notice of the affair. District Attorney Busbee also gave official notice of the matter, and Bank Examier P. McD. Tate was ordered here. He will arrive tomorrow morning. There were some arge depositors, and these were wrought up, of course. There were many interesting stories of people who had just saved themselves by checking out. One Wake county farmer had \$50,000 on deposit. The last quarterly state-ment of the bank was made February 14th, at ment of the bank was made reordary tart, at which time there was \$300,000 on deposit subject to check. Although, as has been said, some people thought it perhaps a trifle shaky, a majority regarded it as perfectly sound, and had confidence in the president and cashier. The former is a young man, a native of Gates county, this state, and is a member of the First Bantist church. He married a daughter of Baptist church. He married a daughter of Mrs. Williams, who was for years after her husband's death, president of the bank. The family was rich and influential. The property was left by the late president, John G. Williams, to be divided among his family, when the youngest child became twenty years of age
That event will transpire the third of June
next. White was a teacher in the Sunday-school
of the First Methodist church, and was very popular. He had been cashier since the bank was established. He was a brother of Mrs. Williams. It is believed that Cross and White had taken all the money of the Williams family upon which they could lay their hands, and seeing that they must make a final accounting for June, as above stated, they determined to take the remainder of the funds they could lay hands on, and fly to Canada, where they had previously been and made due arrangements.

The personal property of both men was levied upon today. Cross owned a valuable sawmill near nere. It is currently believed that both men had for some time been dealing in stocks, and there are now rumors that both were dissipated on the sly. On the bank's

door today was displayed at an early hour "Bank closed until further notice; by order of the board of directors."

People did not gather in any great numbers at the bank. The curtains were drawn close and the interior of the bank was invisible The people of Raleigh are evidently very con-servative. There were no attempts at a run on the other banks. At these, business flowed on in the usual channels. More deposits than usual were received at each, and less money was paid out. A few people went to the Savings bank to withdraw, but when they found cheeks would be promptly cashed they said they did not want their money in that

President E. G. Reed, of the National bank of Raleigh, said: "This bank is not in jeopardy by reason of the failure of the State National. The bank

is in excellent condition. The stock is worth W.E. Anderson, president of the Citizens' "This bank is in a perfectly safe condition.

We have out from \$10,000 to \$11,000 of the State bank's checks on New York, which may or may not be paid. If they are not paid they can be paid off without detriment to this Cashier J. G. Brown, of the Citizens' Na-

tional bank, said:

"This morning quite a number of our depositers, who do not usually appear so early, came in and made deposits. Some made offers of mate made deposits. Some made offers of aid, one saying he would, if necessary, go to New York and bring back \$50,000 for the bank. His kind offer was declined with thanks, and he was told that the bank needed no assistance whatever. The feeling on the part of all depositors is perfectly good."

BATTIMORE, March 27.—The failure of the National bank of Raleigh did not create surprise in bank circles in this city as the bank.

National bank of Raleigh did not create surprise in bank circles in this city, as the bank was looked upon as weak. Ten days ago Samuel C. White, eashier, stopped at the National Union bank of this city, and asked for a discount of \$20,000 of planter's paper. It was not looked upon as safe and was refused. The National Union bank has been its correspondent in this city, but had discounted nothing for it since last November, and, therefore, lost nothing. White told the president of the National Union bank that he had had no difficulty in getting the accommodation in New York. getting the accommodation in New York, which had been refused in Baltimore. It is supposed White then was on his way to Canada.

The State National bank, of Raleigh, was started by a wealthy man named Williams, with a capital of \$100,000. Williams assigned with a capital of \$100,600. Williams assigned the shares to his son-in-law, and they, with him, became directors. After the death of Williams, his widow became president of the bank and acted as such until two or three years ago, when she retired, and her son-in-law, Cross, was elected president. The National Union bank, of this city, always accommodated the Baleigh bank by re-discounting its paper, except on one previous occasion, and lost nothing by the transactions. The circulation of the closed bank is said to be not over \$25,000, which is secured, but deposits are said to be about \$240,000, for which the stockholders are responsible.

A STRANGE TRIBE OF INDIANS Who Have Crossed Into Mexico on a Marauding Expedition.

Nogales, Ari., March 27.-[Special.]-Reports have reached the officials of Senora, Mexico, to the effect that the Indians, a tribe which inhabits the Tiburen island, in the gulf of California, have recently crossed the In-fernalill strait to the main land, in the state of Sonora. The intelligence states that they are raiding ranches and committing other depredations with a boldness that has struck terror to the peaceable Mexican settlers along the coast. The scene of their depredations is almost due west of Hermosilla, and while the country thereabout is sparsely settled, there are a sufficient number of ranches in that section to afford them abundant opportunities for indulging in the destruction of life and property to their heart's content. The tribe number about 300 in all, and are one of the tallest races on the

heart's content. The tribe number about 300 in all, and are one of the tallest races on the continent, nearly all measuring six feet four inches. It is claimed by some that they are cannibals. However, they are the only Indians in North America using poisoned arrows, and they prefer raw decomposed meat to meat that has been cooked, and in fact live entirely upon raw food. In stature, looks, language and manners, they are different from any of the Indians in America.

A few years ago a Turk visited their island, and he claimed that they spoke his tongue. In appearance they resemble the Malayans, but few civilized people have ever had the courage to visit the island they inhabit, and those who have and got away alive are regarded as being decidedly fortunate.

Many fishermen have attempted to stop there but they did not remain long, and considered themselves lucky when they got away. They have never before been known to leave the island upon depredating excursions, and their present raid is a complete surprise to everyone, and especially to the officials. They have often been known to cross over into Sonora on trapping expeditions, but they came in small parties and manifested no desire to commit depredations. Acting Governor Carroll is taking steps to send a force of troops to the frontier to check their advance, and will place them under the dominion of the state. minion of the state.

SHOT BY A SON OF HIS VICTIM. Daniel Wineland Falls a Victim to a Boy's

Vengeance.
GIRARD, Ills., March 27.—[Special.]—David Wineland, a carpenter, while under the influence of liquor the first of November quarreled with and shot W. H. Deitz, proprietor of a bil-liardhall, the wound causing the death of Deitz some months later. Wineland is now under a heavy bond to the circuit court, and at home this afternoon, as Wineland was walking along with his little girl, James Deitz, ten years old the adopted son of W. H. Deitz, stepped up behind him and shot him the back, using a thirty-two calibre bull dog. The ball entertered just below the left kidney, and has not been located. The wound is pronounced very seri-ous if not fatal. The boy was immediately arrested. He says no one put him up to the act; that Wineland had killed his father, and that it made him angry to see him walking around, so he thought he would shoot him. The boy was taken to Carlinville to be confined in the county jail this evening to await his

Seizing Tate's Property.

Seizing Tate's Property.

LOUISVILLE, March 27.—Judge T. G. Sharp, chairman of the democratic state executive committee, was today nominated and confirmed as treasurer pro tem of the state of Kentucky, by the senate at Frankfort. Two hundred barrels of whisky have been attached as the property of the absconding treasurer and it is thought more will be found. The investigating committee are proceeding slowly. Tate's private papers have not yet been examined. Objections of the bondsmen retard the work of the committee.

Dobections of the bondsmen retard the work of the committee.

Nothing Left But a Hole in the Ground.
Dobes' Frrry, N. Y., March 27.—A severe explosion was felt throughout Westchester county this morning between 8:10 and 8:20 o'clock. Doors and windows and houses were rattled, and people thought they had experienced an earthquake. Stickney's powder factory, near Ashford, had blown up, and two men, the only persons near the works, were blown to atoms. The spot where the mill stood is now a hole in the ground large enough to contain the building which recently occupied it.

His Head Blown Off.

CAIRO, Ill., March 27.—(Special.)—Yesterday afternoon Thomas H. Harveston, residing near Cahever, accompanied by his father and two younger brothers, lost his life while gunning on the Kentucky shore opposite Mound City. He was walking stealthily through the woods, holding the barrel of his gun in his right hand, the stock dragging behind. Leaping a log in his path, the hammers of the gun exploded both barrels. The heavy charges entered the head immediately below the right ear, actually blowing the head entirely away. Death resulted instantly. He was twenty-six years of age.

THE NEW DEAL

Which is Contemplated in Richmond Terminal Stock.

GENERAL ALEXANDER AS PRESIDENT the Terminal Company, the Richmond and Danville, and the Central Railroad Company.

NEW YORK, March 27 .- [Special.]-The programme of the Rice-Libby party, now antago-nizing the present management of the Rich-mond Terminal company, has about crystal-ized. The much Wall street stock talk on the subject lately has been rather scattering and consequently an authoritative statement of the matter will be of exceptional interest. The following was furnished your correspondent tonight by one prominently identified with the Rice-Libby party, which clearly defines their intentions and objects. He says:

"My associates and I have no personal griev-mee against any member of the present Terminal board of directors, nor have we any disposition to attack them personally. We are making ent directors are in charge of a great property, in which my friends and I have large interests. We do not approve the present management of that property, and on purely business prin-ciples we are determined to change that man-

gement if we can."
On being asked what were the prospects for

the success of his programme, he replied:
"I regard our success absolutely assured, and verily believe will vote a large majority of the capital stock at the contemplated called meeting. Our policy is open and above hoard. We sincerely insist on putting men in charge of the property who will make its best interest their first consideration, and who will not sub ordinate its welfare to the promotion of individual schemes or the benefit of side issues."

"Do you think the directors whom you may elect will by their personal character and general reputation give the assurance you suggest?"

"Unquestionably, and with that in view we

eral reputation give the assurance you suggest?"

"Unquestionably, and with that in view we are selecting them very carefully."

"Is your ticket yet completed?"

"No, we have determined on only twelve men, whereas the Terminal board consists of seventeen. The gentlemen selected thus far are General E. P. Alexander, now president of the Georgia Central railroad, and Messrs. John H. Hall, H. B. Holling, Emanuel Lehman, E. W. Clark, William Libby, Robert Colgate, Thomas Janney, of Baltimore; John H. Inman, James Swann, August Belmont, Jr., and Isaac L. Ryce. Of these only-Messrs. Inman, Swann, Lehman and Hall are members of the present board. Mr. Ryce himself says in determining the five yet to be selected no other member of the present board will be chosen. He further says that if his party gets control General E. P. Alexander will be at once elected president of the Terminal company. In answer to the suggestion that this move was probably with the idea of consolidating the Georgia Central railroad and the Terminal company, Mr. Ryce says most positively that no such move is contemplated. On the contrary he avows that he and all his associates, with whom he has discussed the suggestion, are positively opposed to any such action. On being asked if General Alexander would probably accept the presidency, he simply replied:

"We would hardly offer it to a man who was likely to decline."

With reference to the Richmond and Danville, of which the Terminal owns a controlling interest, Mr. Ryce says the management of that will also be materially changed, and that the presidency of that road will also be tendered General Alexander, thus making him the head of both the Terminal and the Richmond and Danville, as Mr. Sully was prior to the last election. Mr. Ryce added:

"If we acquire control our sole object will be the material development of all the railroad properties embraced in the Terminal system. Our first act will be to make a thorough examination into the financial and physical condition of the property, and publish

the public may form a fair and intelligent judgment as to the intrinsic value of Terminal stock and other securities of the company.

GUARDED BY THE PINKERTONS.

A Number of Switchmen Go to Work on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy.
Chicago, March 27.—There was but little change apparent in the "Q." strike today beyond the arrival of a number of switchmen from the east to take the place of the strikers. A gang of these new arrivals was put to work this afternoon in the yards at Western avenue. They said they were from the Reading, and were a portion of those that arrived last night, and were distributed between Chicago and Aurora today. The company had six switch engines at work today and the yardmaster said there were forty switchmen at work in the yards. The company is endeavoring to haul such freight as requires immediate attention, and is still receiving freight for all points in Illinois not reached by other roads. The lumber district is in a bad condition. Lumbermen will lose a large amount of trade, as this is the busy season. No trouble was experienced from the strikers today. Railroad officials are taking every precantion to protect the new men, by having the yards, tracks and crossings constantly patrolled by Pinkerton men and policemen. One train load of stock came into the stockyards this morning over the "Q," under guard of twelve Pinkerton men.

The Savannah, Dublin and Western,

NEW YORK, March 27.—Richard Langdon, J. C McNaughton and L. A. Cornwall, of Philadelphia, commenced suit in the United States circuit court today, to restrain James A. Simmons. Douglas Green and Thomas P. Branch, of the United States Construction company, from disposing of the stock and bonds of te Savannah, Dublin and Western short Line Radway company. In March, 1887, it is alleged the company entered into a contract with John McKechney to build the road and he received all the stock except \$4,000 and also received \$5,000,000 of bonds of the road. McKechney assigned his interests to the United States Construction company. The construction company paid \$19,228 of the liabilities, and bought the Macon and Dublin railroad for \$25,940. Simons, as an officer of the construction company, borrowed \$5,000 of Langdon, \$5,000 of Langdon and McNaughton each one-quarter of the profits of building the road, and Cornwall one-sixth. Plaintiffs aver that they have not received the profits, and that defendants in order to cheat them are trying to sell the Savannah, Dublin and Western Short Line to the Georgia Central. NEW YORK, March 27 .- Richard Langdon

A BAD BLIZZARD IN MINNESOTA.

Railroad Trains and Street Cars Delayed—Outdoor Work Suspended.

DULUTH, Minn., March 27 — Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota are experiencing another severe storm. Over a foot and a half of snow has fallen and is drifting badly. The St. Paul is the only road that has managed to get trains through on time, all others being from five to thirty hours late. Sunday's western express on the Northern Pacific left here last night thirty hours behind time. The storm commenced at three o'clock Sunday afternoon and has been raging ever since. Street cars run with extreme difficulty and outside work generally is suspended.

His Head Blown Off.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE WOMEN'S CONVENTION.

Several Important Papers Read and Speeches Made—The W. C. T. U.

WASHIKOTON, March 27.—Mrs. Harriet B. Shaitmek, president of the National Woman's Suffrage association for Massachusetts, presided over the international council of women this morning. A large and interested audience was present. The first paper of the day waread by Isabel & Barrows, on "The Work of Unitarian Women." Mrs. Laura McNeis, president of the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic, read a paper on "The Limits of Woman's influence." She was followed by Isabel B. Bogetot, director of prison reform work of St. Lazare, Paris. Her paper was upon the work of St. Lazare, Paris. Her paper was upon the work of the Society over which she presides. "Ednah D. Cheney, of Boston, president of the New England hospital for women and children, read a paper on the subject of "Hospitals managed by, and for women." She gave an account of the operations of hospitals in Boston in March, 1886, upon the principle of treatment of diseases without atcohol. The prhysicians of the hospital embrace both the aliopathic and homopathic schools and patients can choose between them, but the physicians of both are pledged to use no alcohol in their hospital practice. It is contemplated to establish a medical college in connection with this hospital. The number of in and out patients treated at the hospital up to September 1st, 1887, was 517—no deaths. Interesting papers were also read by Harriet E. Morris, of Brookiyn, on missionary work: Amelia S. Quinton, the work and objects of the Woman's Indian association, and Clara Barton on the "Red Cross Society." Mrs. Emily S. Richards represented the Women's association of Utah.

Frances E. Willard, president of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, followed with an address upon "The Latest Evolution of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, followed with an address upon "The Latest Evolution of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, followed with an address upon "The Latest Evolution of the Woman's Christian Temperance u

RALFOUR'S BILL

To Expedite Business in Irish Land Courts—Adjournment for Easter Holidays.

London, March 27.—Debate on Baifour's bill to expedite business in Irish land courts by appointing assessors to assist judges, was resumed in the house of commons tonight.

Lord Churchill urged the government tosubstitute for Baifour's bill a larger measure, bring the machinery of land litigation in Ireland under one body, to be actuated by one policy and managed by one staff, which should deal both with the purchase and valuation of lands and the subject of rents. The present machinery was complicated and expensive and was characterized by insanity and unreason. [Cries of "Hear!"] "Hear!"]

There were three separate tribunals in There were three separate tribunals in Ireland for the administration of land laws, and in some respects they were antagonistic to each other. There was the cid landed estates court, the land commission and the purchase commission of 1885. The joint result of the commissions had been a reduction of rents in Ireland by two millions pounds yearly, while the total cost of the commissions had been not lass than 500,000 pounds. The commissions had unwittingly neutralized each other, for more work, the purchase commission did the less the land commission had to do. Why net review the whole system without delay. If the government did not deal quickly with the settlement of the claims of tenants, the land troubles would increase greatly.

T. W. Russell said Churchill's - speech would produce an effect in Ireland. The block in the land courts was immense, and tannits kept importuning members to bring the question before the house. M. Balfour's new bill would compel tenants to go before a sort of committee of selection. The tenants would consider the proposals as a desperate effort of the government to hinder the work of the commissioners who had been fixing rents at a fair figure, and unless the measures were withdrawn parliament would hear about it loudly and strongly. (Parnellite cheers.)

Mr. Balfour contended that the bill would enable the land courts to deal more rapidly with pending arrears and would give greater elasticity to the work of the courts. Proposals were designed to meet the views of the opposition. If they did not meet with approval he would withdraw them. But he thought the best course would be to allow the bill to be read the first time, There were three separate tribunals in Ireland for the administration of land laws,

the best course would be to allow the bill to be read the first time,

Mr. Gladstone approved the introduction of the bill, without pledging his ultimate approval of the measure.

The bill was then read the first time, and

the house adjourned until April 5th The Emperor Sleeps Well.

Berlin, March 27.—The emperer's sleep last night was almost unbroken. The doctors have night was almost unbroken. The doctors have decided upon applying massage treatment to the emperor's legs, as a substitute for walking, which the weather forbids. The best massage dectors in Berlin will commence to treat the emperor tomorrow. The coronation of Emperor Frederick and Empress Victoria, as king and queen of Prussia, is expected to occur at Koenigsburg, in June.

King John's Advance,
London, March 27.—A dispatch from Massowah says the Abyssinian forces arrived upon Saati. The Italian troops formed in order of battle, but the expected attack was not made. A column of Abyssinian cavalry passed northward of Sacti this mounting. The Abyssinian A column of Aoyssman cavary powers ward of Saati this morning. The Abyssinians are steadily surrounding the Italian forces. It is expected that they will concentrate at Dongali. They are destroying roads and telegraph

Boulanger on the Retired List.

PARIS, March 27.—On the proposal of the minister of war, President Carnot, acting on the unanimous advice of the officers who conducted the court martial, has signed a decree placing General Boulanger on the retired list of the army. The proposal had previously been considered by a council of ministers.

The Game in Birmingham. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 27 .- [Special.]-BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 27.—[Special.]—
The Cincinnatti and Birmingham baseball cidas played a very pretty game today on muddy grounds. The locals played a great game in the field and at the bat, making only one error and defeating the Reds by a score of cight to three. Hart was in the box for the visitors, and the locals got ten hits including a total of seventeen bases. Gibson went in the box for the locals, but in the second inning his arm failed and he gave way to John Patsey Cahill, who held the Reds down to seven hits with a total of ten bases.

Mississippi Immigration Convention.

JACKSON, Miss., March 27.—At the request of many citizens, Governor Lowry has issued a call for a convention of the people of Mississippi interested it the subject of immigration to and the development of the resources of the state, to meet in Jackson on Thursday, May 21th, for the purpose of organiz ng a state immigration association, with the view to securing for Mississippi a share of the immigration now moving southward.

Laid Across the Track. CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., March 27.—[Special.]
A man named McGraham, an engineer on the
Nashville, Eincinnati and St. Louis road, was
sand bagged and robbed in the city of \$25, in
the Cincinnati Southern freight yards in this
city last night, after which he was laid across
the railroad to be run over by a train. He rathe railroad to be run over by a train. He re-covered consciousness in time to save his life.

The Body Found.
CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., March 27.—[Special.]
The body of Ras Smith, who was murdered at Dayton, Tenn., last evening, was recovered to-day from the stream of water into which it had been thrown by Deressett, the murderer. The remains were taken to Rockwood for burial.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

The sultan of Zanzibar is dead.

The Sultan of Zahridar is dead in Mew Orleans on Wednesday, April 4.

The races at New Orleans were postponed restarday on account of rain. Entries were declared off,

Folix O. C. Darley, the celebrated designer and illustrator, died suddenly at his home in Claymont, Def., yesterday; aged 66.

## FAME INCREASING

## CURES! 20 Physicians

**ACKNOWLEDGE** 

## POWER

## **FAMED ELECTRIC ROCK**

Results that Tell! STILL FURTHER

## TESTIMONIALS Wonderful Cures

Rheumatism, Kidney Diseases,

Insomnia, Dyspepsia, Diseases Peculiar to Women Loss of Appetite,

Nervous Prostration, General Debility -EFFECTED BY-

## Natural Electricity! Electrified Water!

## Electric - Health - Resort

Hillman, Taliaferro County, Ga. ON THE WASHINGTON BRANCH OF THE

GEORGIA RAILROAD

BORO, Ga., March 3, 1888.—This is to certify that during the year 1886, and part of 1887, I suffered so with rheumatism that I could hardly get about with any comfort. I could not raise my arms above my shoulders and could not reach to my shoes. I spent three days last summer at the Electric Health Research and since that time I have felt no sweet. sort and since that time I have felt no symptoms of rheumatism. I attribute my cure to the Electric Rooms, although I had no faith in them before going there.

M. J. ROSSMAN.

PLUM BRANCH, S. C., March 10, 1888.—Mr. James A. Benson, President: Dear Sir—I take James A. Benson, President: Dear Sir—I take
the liberty of adding my experience to that of
others who have been benefited by the famous
Electric Health Resort. For over twenty
years I had been a constant sufferer from a
kidney complaint and began to think I would
never obtain relief. I visited Hillman's and
my testimonial is, (and I desire to make it
most emphatic) that nearly a complete cure
was effected. I stayed only a few days and
am satisfied that a short while longer would
have performed a perfect cure. I intend making another visit soon. T. K. Collier.

BAIRD STOWN, Ga., February 21st, 1888.—Mr. B. F. Brown, Manager: Dear Sir—I certify that my daughter was a great sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism for one year up to the time she first visited the Electric Health Research in Express. 1887. She great these hears. sort in February, 1887. She spent three hours in the shaft for six days. She returned home in the shaft for six days. She returned home very much improved. She made another visit to the Resort in June following, remaining three days, using the water freely. She returned home and since then has not complained of rheumatism. I would encourage all sufferers from such afflictions to avail themselves of the benefits of the Electric Health Resort.

REV. JOHN R. YOUNG,

Minister of the Baptist Church.

MR. B. F. Brown: Dear Sir—This certifies that duridg last May I was stricken with severe mervous prostration, was confined to my room for three months, and to my bed for the greater part of the time. About the 20th of August I went to the "Hillman Shaft" (Electric Resort,) and after spending four days there found that I was completely cured, and have been entirely well ever since then. The cure in my case was a great wonder to me and my friends, and I am a strong believer in the virtues of the place. (Signed) Mrs. J. K. Durst, January 23, 1888. Greenwood, S. C.

The Electric Rooms. The Electric Rooms (or Shaft) are three compartments in an excavation fifty feet long, twelve feet wide, and from eight to fourteen feet deep, made in the side of the hill known as the "Electric Mound." The Southern wall of the excavation is composed of an Alum Rock, extending the full length of the compartments. In this Rock the Electric Property resides.

The whole is enclosed by a neat frame building, provided with a pleasant sitting room, thus affording the patient comfortable protection against inclement weather.

The treating of patients consists of sitting in the Electric Rooms two or three hours daily, getting the benefit of the Electric Currents and drinking freely of the Electrified Water. No artificial means used whatever.

The recently erected Electric Mound Hotel The recently erected Electric Mound Hotel is a 44 room house, modern in its construction and conveniences, of new and approved equipment, an excellent table and superior service. Bath rooms, provided with hot and cold water, are conveniently ranged on each floor, and a supply of purefree stone water is forced by steam power a distance of twenty-three hundred feet to the summit of the hill upon which the hotel stands.

It is within a few hundred yards of the elec-ric rooms, and about a third of a mile from

## SUPREME COURT.

Decisions Rendered March 23rd and 26th, 1888.

on. L. E. Bleckley, Chief Justice, and Hons. M. H. Blandford and T. J. Simmons, Associate Justines.

Friday, March 23, 1888.

Friday, March 23, 1888.

Rawlins et al. vs. Bush & Bro. Foreclosure of landlord's lieu. from Pulaski. Distress warrant. Crops. Landlord and tenant. Before Judgs Kibbee.

Blandford, J.—1. Where, on the trial of the issue formed by a counter-affidavit interposed to a distress warrant, one question was whether the rent was due or not, and the rent contract provided that the rent to be paid should be one-half of the crops raised on the rented farm, but specified no time when the payment should be made, it was material to determine whether or not a reasonable time had elapsed after the maturity of the crops for the tenants to have gathered them before the distress warrant was sued out, which was on October 31st, while some of the crops were in the field; and on this point it was competent for the tenants to show that, by reason of the unusually unhealthy condition of the rented place, and the sickness of the tenant who was in control of the farm, and members of his family and of laborers on the farm, so much time was lost by them as to interfere materially with making and gathering the crops. It was, therefore, error to stop counsel in opening the case to the jury, and rule that such evidence was irrelevant, and afterwards to reject it when offered.

2. The amount of the crops raised being in question, such evidence was also admissible as

2. The amount of the crops raised being in 2. The amount of the crops raised being in question, such evidence was also admissible as throwing light thereon. If any less in the amount made and gathered on the place occurred by reason of the fact that the crops were not gathered in time, the tenants might show that such loss did not occur by reason of any fault or neglect on their part, but by reason of providential interference.

3. There was no material error in the rulings. 3. There was no material error in the rulings complained of in the other grounds of the mo-

Judgment reversed. W. L. Grice; T. C. Taylor, for plaintiffs in A. C. Pate, by J. H. Lumpkin, for defend-

Monday, March 26, 1888.

Monday, March 26, 1888.

Ponder et al. vs. Shumons. Ejectment, from Pierce. Administrators and executors. Ordinary. Courts. Officers. Records. Evidence. Presumptions. Before Judge Atkinson.

Blandford, J.—1. In 1851, there was no general law requiring the court of ordinary to have and use a seal of office, and letters of administration then issued were not inadmissible because week as cell was not attached thereto. because such a seal was not attached thereto

22 Ga. 112.

2. The signature of the clerk, without more, is sufficient as to the exemplification of the records of his office. This court is bound to take notice of who are the public officers of this state, where the law requires such officers to be commissioned by the governor; and when any suggestion is made that the signature of such officer is not genuine, it is incumbent upon him who makes the suggestion to prove it, the presumption being that the signature is genuine.

genuine.

3. The presumption that public officers do their duty applied to the court of ordinary in issuing letters testamentary; and where the letters themselves declared that they were isletters themselves declared that they were issued by the court of ordinary of the county of their issuance, and contained various recitals showing that they were properly issued, the presumption is that such recitals were true until the contrary appears, and the letters were admissible in evidence.

4. Without the introduction in evidence of the letters testamentary, a nonsuit wou'd have been proper, but their rejection was error.

Judgment reversed.

S. W. Hitch; Harrison & Peeples, for plaintiffs in error.

Nicholls & Brantley, by brief, for defendant.

Asbell vs. Mayor etc. of Brunswick. Certio-rari, from Glynn. Municipal corporations. Brunswick. Officers. Policemen. (Before Judge Atkinson.) Blandford, J.—1. A finding that the defendant in this case was guilty of the offence with which he was charged before the mayor and council of Brunswick, was not contrary to the

evidence.

2. Upon the trial of a policeman of the city of Brunswick, upon charges of inefficiency, failure and neglect of duty, a member of the council, who was mayor pro tem., and acted as presiding officer of the court, was entitled, as well as other members of the body, to vote upon the question of dismissing the officer, and was not limited in voting to cases of a tie only. the question of dismissing the omeer, and was not limited in voting to cases of a tie only. Therefore where, upon the question of dismissal, the vote stood three in favor of the proposition, and three against it, one of the latter being the presiding officer, it was error to hold that he could not vote, and upon the withdrawal of his ballot to declare the motion to dismiss adopted; and upon a petition for certiorari alleging such error, the writ should have been granted.

3. Under the act of the legislature incorpora-

certorari alleging such error, the writ should have been granted.

3. Under the act of the legislature incorporating the city of Brunswick (Acts 1872, p. 151), the mayor and aldermen could remove a police officer executively, if they thought proper to do so, without trying him at all, provided they had good and sufficient cause therefor. If they had not, he would probably have a right of action against the city for his salary.

Judgment reversed.

Symmes & Johnson, for plaintiff in error.

Symmes & Johnson, for plaintiff in error. Crovatt & Whitfield, for defendants.

Bush & Bro. vs. Rawlins. Certiorari, from Pulaski, Possessory warrant. Bonds. Certiorari, Practice in superior court. Before Judge Kibbee. Judge Kibbee. Simmons, J.-1. Where, upon the trial of a

Simmons, J.—1. Where, upon the trial of a possessory warrant case, the magistrate determines that the property has been violently or fraudulently taken or enticed away or was lost in the peaceable and lawful possession of the plaintiff, and renders a judgment in favor of the plaintiff, he shall then require such plaintiff to enter in a bond with good and sufficient security for the forthcoming of said property to answer any judgment, execution or decree that may be recovered against him by the defendant in an action at law or in equity; and upon his failure to give the bond required the defendant in an action at law or in equity: and upon his failure to give the bond required by the statute, the magistrate may deliver the property to the defendant upon his entering unto like bond; but where, upon the trial of the case, the magistrate renders a judgment in favor of the defendant, and the possession of the property is therefore not changed, no bond is required to be given by the defendant.

(a) The statement to the contrary of this ruling in the head-note to the case of Rosenberry vs. Rosenberry, 31 Ga. 122, was an obitur dictum.

2. Generally, where the evidence in a mag-

2. Generally, where the evidence in a magistrate's court is conflicting, and a certiorari is sued out to the judgment rendered, if it be sustained, the case should be remanded for a rehearing, and a final judgment should not be rendered by the judge of the superior court; but in cases of possessory warrant, the statute confers upon the judge the power, upon the hearing of the certiorari, to remand the case or give final judgment and direction therein as he may see fit; and where, in his discretion, he renders a final judgment, this court will not interfere therewith, unless the evidence be strongly and decidedly against such judgment, or unless he violates the law therein. Code, §\$4067, 4040.

(a) The ruling in the case of Claton vs. Ganey, 63 Ga. 341, seems to have been made under the general law governing certioraris, and without considering \$4040 of the code.

Judgment affirmed.

A. C. Pate, by J. H. Lumpkin; L. C. Ryan, for plaintiffs in error.

W. L. Grice, for defendant.

for plaintiffs in error. W. L. Grice, for defendant. JAY GOULD'S TRIP.

He Tells a Reporter Something of His For-

eign Tour.
From the New York Tribune.
"Well," said Mr. Gould, meditatively, to a Expenses.

Admission—Electric Rooms—\$1.00, which gives privilege for the whole day.

Rates at Hotel

\$2.00 per day. \$10.00 per week.

Hack Fares

between station and hotel, each way, 25 cents a passenger, 25 cents a trunk. Between hotel and electric rooms, each way 10 cents a passenger. For any other information address

B. F. BROWN, Manager,

fri sun wed nrm

"Well," said Mr. Gould, meditatively, to a Tribune reporter, who broke in upon him, "I am tome again and, as you see, in pretty good beauth. I have gained ten pounds since I went away in search of rest and recreation. One thing I have conquered," and here Mr. Gould's face indicated sincere pleasure, "and that is the neuralgia. Yes, sir, that enemy which has tormented me so long has left me, somewhere in the deep Atlantic I hope. Where have I been since I left here? Well, I sailed, as you know, to liverjool on the Umbria. Then I went to Loudon for a week. I desired to make a personal examination of the London underground

much higher. In London it cost me a sh sixpence—thirty-one cents—to ride the distance equal here to that from One-hundred-and-fifty-fifth-street, to the Eattery, which costs only five cents. The charge there is by the mile. There this boasted underground system is actually slower than our elevated roads. I took the time of transit and the stops from my watch and found the average speed to be less than on our elevated roads. And then the tunnels were simply stiffing. I felt on some occasions as if my breath would be choked out of me. The consequence of all this is that Londoners are rapidly going back to the omnibuses, and for short travel they use these almost entirely. They wish to ride in the open air, where they can

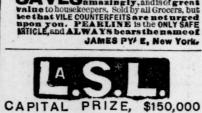
breathe and take their chances on reading. The cars in the underground roads are lighted by gas. "I passed a week in London," continued M Gould, "and then I went to Paris, where I remained a week. From there I went to Marseilles, where I was met by my yacht, the Atalanta. Thence we coasted along the Riviera, touching at Nice, San Remo-where the crown prince, now Emperor Frederick, has been staying thence to Leghorn, Florence, Naples and Rome. I noticed one peculiar and interesting thing in France and that was the toll system. Every place was surrounded by a girdon, and every hen, egg, plece of beef, potato, all supplies, everything in fact, had to pay toll. The railroad system is far inferior to ours. The service is comparatively poor, and the cost of travel ing-why, it cost as much for my trunk as it did for myself. And when it came to telegraph messages in Italy especially—the expense was a third greater than it is here and-well, they seem to think there that any time will do for the sending of a message I enjoyed the Riviera with its rich scenery and its intages very much.

TOO COLD ON THE MEDITERRANEAN. "From Rome we went through Sicily, thence to Greece, from there to Egypt, then back to Malta, to Tunis and Algiers, to Gibraltar, to the Canary and Cape Verd islands, across to St. Thomas and the Medican Canary and the Medican Canary and Cape Canary and Cape Verd islands, across to St. Thomas and then to St. Augustine. I found the Mediterranean far from being as pleasant waters as 1 had anticipated. The cold winds from the snow topped Alps and the Pyrenees made the air far from pleasant, and roughened the waters so that the Mditerrannean afforded us as rough voyaging as did the Atlantic,"
Mr. Gould paused for a moment, as if running Mr. Gould paused for a moment, as if running over his foreign trip with pleasure, when he was rudely called back ta New York by this audacious speech: "Mr. Gould, you have been away for five months, and yet there are people here, bulls or bears or some such kind of animals, who say that all this while you have been among us, just as much as if you were sitting right here and manipulating stocks, as of old."

Mr. Gould smiled a little, and then as if enjoying all by himself the idea of such an unreasonable conception, replie I without moving in his chair: "Well as to that, all I can say is this: I went away for rest, I took care to leave all my affairs in snug shape, so as not to be bothered with the thought of business as not to be bothered with the thought of business cares. To save myself from annoyance I went ever so far as to instruct my son George that he should not under any circumstances telegraph to me a single stock quotation; and he did not, with one exception, and that was while I was at Alexandria."

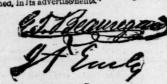
ANGOSTURA BITTERS are the best remedy for removing indigestion and all dis-eases originating from the digestive organs. Beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or drbggist for the genuine article, manufactured hyDr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.





SAVESTIME, LABOR and SOAP value to housekeepers. Sold by all Grocers, but

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and connecty Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted all honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward this parties and we authorize the Company to use 5 atcertificate, with fac-similes of our signature With tached, in its advertisements."



We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Letteries which may be presented at our counters. K. M. W. & LUSLEY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l Ba PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State Nat'l Bank. A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bank. CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank.

I INPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION! OVER HALF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.

Louisiana State Lottery Company Incorporared in 1868 for 25 years by the Legisla-ture for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserved fund or over \$50,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted sequember 2d, A. D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and indorsed by the people of any State.

Inverse scales or postpones.

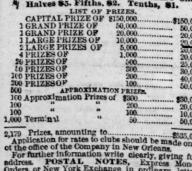
the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

It of Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly, and the Grand Quarterly Drawings regularly every three months (March, June, S. ptember and December.)

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. SECOND GRAND DRAWING, CLASS P. IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLANS, TUESDAY, April 19, 1888—21 th Monthly Drawing. CAPITAL PRIZE \$150 000

Notice. Tickets are Ten Bollars only. Halves 85. Fifths, 82. Tenths, 81.



M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C.

Address Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER That the presence of and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all coual, and that no one can possibly divine what number will draw the Prize.

REMEMBER that the payment of all Prizes is GUARANTEED BY FOUR NATIONAL BANKS of New Orleans, and the Tickets are signed by the President of an Institution, which chartered rights are recognized in the State Courts; therefore, beware of any imitation or abonymous schemes.

## Makes the Weak Strong

If you feel tired, weak, worn out, or run down om hard work, by impoverished condition of the blood or low state of the system, you should take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The peculiar toning, purifying, and yitalizing qualities of this successful medicine are soon felt throughout the entire system, expelling disease, and giving quick, healthy action to every organ. It tones the stomach creates an appetite, and rouses the liver and kidneys. Thousands testify that Hood's Sarsaparilla "makes the weak strong."

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

G. W. HULL, Attorney-at-Law, Millersburg, O.

### After Dengue Fever

"I have taken not quite a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and must say it is one of the best medicines for giving an appetite, purifying the blood, and regulating the digestive organs, that I ever heard of. It did me a great deal of good." Mrs. N. A. STANLEY, Canastota, N. Y.
"I took Hood's Sarsaparilla for loss of appetite, dyspepsia, and general languor. It did me a vast amount of good, and I have no hesitancy in recommending it." J. W. WILLEFORD, Quincy, I.I.
N. R.—Be sure to get

"My daughter Pearl was taken down with dengue fever two years ago, since which time she had never seen a well day, and all my friends thought I would lose her. I had almost given up hope until she began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla about four months ago. She has taken four bottles, and has gained fifteen pounds in weight in that time. I have to thank Hood's Sarsaparilla as being the means of giving her back to me restored to health and strength." JULIA A. KING, Sherman, Texas.

Now is the time to take

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

100 Doses One Dollar

Sold by all druggists. \$1: six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

GRANITE.

John Goetz, Jr., Vice-Pres't.

## THE SOUTHERN GRANITE COMPANY, General Contractors in Granite

We take pleasure in announcing that we are now prepared to furnish estimates upon the finest quality of Lithonia

For any and all purposes, especially in the line of

FINE ARCHITECTURAL, MONUMENTAL AND

STREET PAVING WORK

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND ESTIMATES WILL BE PROMPTLY FURNISHED. BRANCH OFFICE:
19-20 Wiggins Block,
CINCINNATI.

ATLANTA.

### W.A. HEMPHILL, President. JACOB HAAS, Cashier CAPITAL CITY BANK

OPEN EVERY DAY UNTIL 2, AND Open on Saturdays and Mondays Until 7 p. m Drafts issued on England, Germany, France and all parts of Europe at lowest market rates.

## LUMBER!

SASH,

MANTELS, MOULDINGS, SCROLL WORK, NEWEL BALUSTERS, RAILS, WINDOW GLASS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE, ETC.

REMEMBER, I MANUFACTURE MY OWN GOODS, AND AM HEADQUARTERS FOR ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIAL. WRITE FOR ESTIMATES.

W. L. TRAYNHAM, 74 Decatur St., ATLANTA, GA

## HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH, Sanitary Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters, Galvanized Iron and Tin Workers, Fine Gas Fixtures, Hard Wood and Marbleized Iron Mantels,

Grates, Tile Hearths and Facings a specialty. BABYCARRIAGES Cheaper than anywhere in the City. Water Coolers, Tin Water Sets,

Granite Iron Ware, Stoves, Ranges and all kinds Housefurnishing Goods. Call or send for prices.

### ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA. SKYLIGHTS METAL



And VENTILATORS, for Mills, Stores and Dwellings. Galvanized Iron and Copper Cornices and utters. Metal Shingles. Sheet Metal Work or Buildings. Send for Illustrated Circular. E. VAN NOORDEN & CO., 383 Harrison Ave., - Boston, Mass.

HEALTH IS WEALTH!



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex. Involuniary Losses and Spermaterrhæa caused by overexertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. \$1.00 a box, cr six boxes for \$5.00, sent by mail, prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with \$5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by
ALCOBS'S PHARMACY, Sole Agents,
Marietta and Peachtree Sts., Atlanta, Ga.
mar25 dew ly

PLANTS NEW ILLUSTRATED CATAding Plants, Roses, etc., is now ready. Our stock of
plants, etc., is the largest and most extensive in
the south. Catalogue mailed free on application.
Address P. J. BERCKMANS,
Fruitland Nurseries,
Augusta, Ga.
N. B.—We employ no agents. N. B. -We employ no agents.

JUDICIOUS AND PERSISTENT Advertising has always proven successful. Before placing any Newspaper Advertising consult ( LORD & THOMAS,

DRESSMAKING.

MISS A. VAN DUSEN IMPORTER OF Wraps and Costumes.

DRESSMAKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES 62 West 46th St., NEW YORK. SCHOOLS.

Coleman National Business
College, Newark, N. J. Open all
the year. Best course of Business
Training. Best facilities. Pleasantest
location. Lowest rates. Shortest
time. Most highly recommended
write for Catalogue and be convinoH. COLEMAN, Pres't.

Miss Peebles and Miss Thompson's

SCHOOL WILL REOPEN MONDAY, OCTOBER 31 S2 and 34 East 57th Street, New York.

EMORY COLLEGE, OXFORD, GA. THE INSTITUTION ENTERS UPON ITS FIFTY first session October 12, 1887, with enlarged aculty and increased facilities. For catalogues and

## formation write to ISAAC S. HOPKINS, President. LIBBY PRISON.

The United States War Relie Associations been organized for the purpose of establish a museum of war in the old Libby Prison build after its removal to Chicago. Parties owning relof the civil or other wars of the United States: Invited to communicate with the agents of inspectation.

MORSE, JAMIESON & CO., Bankers and Brokers,

BUSINESS CHANCES. PARTMER WANTED, WITH FROM \$100 to \$200, and give his time and attention in office. Nice established business. A young man preferred, Will pay to investigate. 22 South frond st.

WANTED-AN ACTIVE PARTNER WITH the trabilished and good 1 awing beariness. Address Commercial, care Constitution office.

FOR SALE-DRUG STORE, ONLY ONE IN place. For particulars address M. M. McGeo hee, Stone Mountain, Ga. AUCTION SALES. UCTION—DON'T FORGET PRAIT & KEM-ble's horse and mule sale this day at 10:00 Fine rel horse, 4-seat carriage and harness.

A UCTION SALE — THE SALE (POSTPONED yesterday on account of the rain) of that splendid Capitol avenue and central Mitchell street property will take place tomorrow at 3 o'clock, on the prem s. Plats at our office. Take ti e 2-45 Capitol avenue street car. Free ride to and from sale. Leak & Lyle, 37 Marietta street. & Lyle, 37 Marietta street.

WOLFE'S BARGAIN HOUSE, 98 WHITEHALL street.—The only place in this city where you can buy anything you want at your own price; bed steads \$1.50 to \$2; bureaus \$3.50 to \$12; dressers \$6 to \$15;good cassimere pants \$1.50 to \$2.50;good cassimere coats \$1.25 to \$3.50; boys knee pants \$1.00 to 75c. Constantly on hand carpets, spring mattresses, longes, oil paintings, writing desks, show cases, sewing machines, lambraquins at slaughtering prices; money advanced in any amount on consignment; auction sales promptly attended to on liberal terms; highest cash price paid for office and household furniture, H. Wolfe, agent.

WANTED-AGENTS. WANTED-LADY AGENTS—"A" SKIRT AND Bustle Combined and B. Hose Supporters. Both new. Big profits. Secure towns for spring trade. Ladies' Supply Co., 287 W. Washington St., Chicago. 3m wed fri sun

1000 LADY AGENTS WANTED IMMEDiately. Grand new rubber undergrament for females; \$10 a day. Proof free. Mrs. H. F. Little, Chicago. Ill. TO 5000 A MONTH CAN BE MADE working for us. Agents preferred who can furnish their own horses and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. Johnson & Co., 1009 Maine street, Richmond, Va.

PERSONAL.

WANTED TO KNOW THE WHEREEOUTS OF my boy Ralph Osborn, 12 years old. Last heard of was at Alapaha, Ga. Any information as to his whereabouts will be thankfully received. Address J. Osborn, 147 E. Main st., Columbus, O. we su.

We SIND BY MAIL POSTPAID TO ANY ADdress to simplest and best forms of piain warranty land deeds, quit claim deeds, blank mortgages and blank bonds for title at the following prices: 1 blank 5 centrs; 3 blanks 10 cents; 1 dozen blanks 30 cents; 100 blanks 51.50. Address The Constitution. Atlanta Ga.

USINESS MEN DERIVE GREAT SAILSFACT to from the use of our "Inonclad" notes which waive homestead rights and all the exemptions. We now send, postpaid, the above described note, 100 in a book, for 40c, or a book of 50 for 25c. We have also the above form with seven lines blank for taking a mortgage, which we call an "Ironclad note with mortgage clause." We send these, postpaid, 100 in a book, for 40c; to in a book for 35c. Address The Constitution.

WANTED-25 LABORERS ON BRIDGE WORKS at Bolton, Ga., at Chattanoochee river. Apply ATTED—MAN TO TAKE THE AGENCY FOR VANTED—MAN TO TAKE THE AGENCY FOR OUT safes, size 28x18x18 inches, weight, 500 lbs.; retail price \$35; other sizes in proportion. A rare chance to create a permanent business at home these safes me et a demand never before supplied by other safe companies, as we are not governed by the Safe Pool. Alpine Safe Co., Cincinnati, O. wed 'sat

WANTED-A MAN FOR OFFICE WORK WHO is a good penman and has some knowledge of

HELP WAN OND-FEMALE. NTED-AN ACCOMMODATING AND COM-ne'ent nurse. None need apply unless ti ey rood references. Call at 481 Peachtree. tf WANTED-LADIES TO USE "CHICHESTER" Safe. Alwaysreliable. The ori ginal. The only genuine. Ask druggists or send 4c stamps for particulars, return mail. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa. su we

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE. Wanted—A SITUATION IN AN OFFICE OR store, or any respectable place by a young man willing to work. Salary small to begin. Address "G. At.," care Constitution. wed sat FIRST-CLASS MACHINIST WANTS A IERMA-nent job in Atlanta; best of reference. Address. "Madison," 363 West Peachtree street. 2t WANTED-POSITION BY YOUNG MAN, WITH six years' experience with one of the leading wholesale drug houses of the north. Can furnish satisfact ry references. Correspondence solicited, J. D., care Constitution office.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED-EVERYBODY TO KNOW THAT the sale (postponed on second controlled) WANTED—EVERTHOUT TO KNOW THAT the sale (postponed on account of rain yesterday) of that sine, central Mitchell street and elegant Capitol avenue properly will take place tomorrow, Thursday, at 3 p. m., on the premises. Plats at our office. Don't fail to be on hand. Leak & Lyle, Autotroners, 37 Weighter at tioneers, 37 Marietta s

BOARDERS WANTED. 100 WALTON STREET, WITHIN THREE lodging at reasonable terms. Level of the control obtain delightful rooms, polite attention a excellent board at Nos. 26 and 28 N. Forsyth stre

FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE TOR SALE—AT ENGLAND, GA. 20 ACRES well improved land, fronting on Georgia railroad. Convenient to schools and regular storying places of trains. Apply at No. 1 Peachtree street. TF YOU WANT THE BEST VACANT LOT ON Capitol avenue, one block from new captol, or a vacant lot or house and lot on less expensive street, apply 17½ Peachtree street, room 8, from 3 to 5 p. m.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. FOR SALE-ONE SODAWATER APPARATUS and generator, complete, in first-class order. For particulars, etc., address E. E. Kimbrough & Co., Gainesville, Ga.

TOR SALE CHEAP—SEVERAL IMPOSING
stones, with tables, almost new. Call on or address Weekly Department of Constitution. decid-ti LADIES' COLUMN. FEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED also kid gloves, at Phillip's, 14 Marietta street

LOST.

LOST OR MISLAID—A SERIES OF DRAWINGS illustrating music and color. The present holder will confer a favor by reporting to E. G. Lind, architect, 63½ Whitehall. MISCELANEOUS.

CPECIAL NOTICE-ON ACCOUNT OF THE PECIAL NOTICE—ON ACCOUNT OF THE ACTION PROPERTY OF THE STATE OF THE ST

## THOS. H. WILLINGHAM & SON REAL ESTATE.

10-room house, on S. Pryor street,
10-room house, on Walker street,
9-room house, on Jackson street,
8-room house, on E. Peters street,
8-room house, on W. Peachtree street,
8-room house, on IV street,
6-room house, on IV street,
6-room house, on Formwalt street,
6-room house, on Formwalt street,
6-room house, on Capitol avenue,
5-room house, on Boulevard,
5-room house, on Howard street,
5-room house, on Fort street,
5-room house, on Richardson street,
5-room house, on Richardson street,
4-room house, on Boulevard,
4-room house, on Plum street,
4-room house, on Capitol avenue,
4-room house, on Capitol avenue,

4-room house, on Plum street.
4-room house, on Capitol avenue.
3-room house, on Boulevard.
3-room house, on Bas street.
Besides the above, we have vacant lots for sale in the street.
THOS. H. WILLINGHAM & SON,
Office in James bank.

HINDERCORNS. ARE CONSUMPTIVE

Have you Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, Indigestion to PARKER'S CINCER TONIC without delay. I sinvaluable for all affections of the Threat and Breath the Court of the Threat and Breath the Court of the Threat of the

### DORSHEIMER DEAD.

The Ex-Governor's Trip For His Health Ended.

The Death Kept a Secret By the Hotel Peo-ple-The Desire of the Widow For Quiet-The Body Sent Home.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 27 .- [Special.]-William Dorsheimer died here last night at 9:20. The immediate cause of his death was 9:20. The immediate cause of his death was pneumonia, but he was suffering from a form of Bright's disease. The governor was traveling south for his health, accompanied by his wife. He arrived here on the 17th, the day of the railroad disaster, and was detained in Savannah. He grew ill shortly after, and had been confined to his bed at the Pulaski some days before his death. Two professional nurses arrived here on Saturday last. Though Mr. Dorsheimer died early last night, no mention was made of the fact in the morning paper, and few learned of it until late this ever The hotel authorities kept the death very quiet, probably because Mrs. Dersheimer ex-pressed the wish that the body be left undisturbed for eighteen hours.

On the eve of his arrival, the governor,

as he was commonly styled, called on some acquaintances here. He was invited to attend the Hiberian society banquet the same night, but did not feel well enough to accept the in-During the following three or four days he drove out once or twice, and was occasionally seen about the hotel cor-ridors, but the greater time he kept in his room. While Richelien Robinson was here he and the governor, who were old friends.

had several interviews.

The governor begged the representatives of the press, on the plea of ill health, to excuse him from an interview. About the middle of last week he drove out without his over and contracted a slight cold. Dr. J. B. Reed

The physician had little hopes of his recov ery, for the governor was a very sick man when he got here. The body was embalmed and shipped tonight on the same train with young Wilbur's. Captain Dixon will accompany the bodies north. The doctor's certificate states that the cause of death was croupons pneumonia and glycosuris. Death of Ex-Postmaster Jones.

Death of Ex-Postmaster Jones.

Dawson, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Captain T. M. Jones, who, in consequence of ill health, resigned the position of postmaster at this place a few days ago, died at 10 a. m. yesterday. In his death Dawson loses one of its best and most highly esteemed citizens; a man whose integrity was unimpeachable, and whose death is lamented by a host, of friends wherever he was known. He died of phthisis effer a lingering illness. after a lingering illness. Death of Ordinary Taylor.

DAMSONVILLE, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]— James S. Taylor, ordinary of Dawson county, breathed his last at his home in this place, at five o'clock Saturday, and was buried with Masonic honor, yesterday, at Liberty Baptist church. Judge Taylor had been confined to his room but about ten days, and died of pneumonia. Jasper Superior Court,

Monticello, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—
Court convened here yesterday morning, Judge
W. F. Jenkins presiding. Although we had
an early rain, bordering on a storm, the judge
was alcad of it, having left Eatonton at 3 a.
m. In his charge he paid a compliment to
Jasper county, saying it was the only county
in his circuit that has not for a year presented
a rape case. It is needless to say that all in
the court room heard his charge. The visiting a rape case. It's needless to say that an in the centroon heard his charge. The visiting lawyers in attendance are Messrs. Bartlett, of Macon; Middlebrooks, of Covington; Ander-son, of Jackson; Sparks, of Eatonton; Spear man, of Social Circle; J. I. Hall, of Griffin.

The River Rising by Reason of the Rain.

Macon. Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—The Ocaulgee river is up out of its banks, and is rising rapidly. The heavy rains of the last few days have greatly affected everything at this place. The policemen are sufferers as well as the newspaper reporters. The business houses also feel in the dumps. The only answer that he had from numerous questions, is: "Yes;" a very disagreeable day."

The river seems to have everything to itself. Driftwood, dead animals, hen coops, spring chickens and other spring products, are rapidly coming down. The market seems to be failing. The River Rising by Reason of the Rain.

To Buy and Sell Real Estate. To Buy and Sell Real Estate.

AUGTSTA, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—
The Irish-American Investment company was organized here vesterday. Patrick Walsh, J. F. Armstrong, E. J. O'Conner, William Mulharin, and other leading Irish citizens are the incorporators. They will buy and sell real estate, and borrow and lend money. One of the primary objects of the association will be to build a Hibernian hall. It will also subsequently establish a savines bank. The migquently establish a savings bank. The min-imum capital stock will be twenty-five thous-and, with a privilege of increasing to two hun-dred thousand.

A Cotton Factory for Jefferson. JEFFERSON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Our town is blessed with good water power, and our energetic townsman, Mr. Elbert Askew, is pushing a way talking up a cotton factory. He is the very man to push it, and prospects are good for him to get it up. Our guano plant has been run day and night, this season, to supply the orders and we do not see why the supply the orders, and we do not see why the factory should not be a success. The Farmers'

Alliance is growing rapidly here, and they hope to number all of the farmers in the county as members.

The Doctor's Coffin Ready. ATHENS, Ga., March 27 .- Dr. Prigeons, the minister who proposes to preach his own funeral sermon the first Sunday after Easter. has just had his coffin completed, and it was viewed by a good many citizens here today. The coffin is shaped very much like a metalic case, but is made of pine and not allowed to be painted. Arrangements are being made by painted. Arrangements are being made by which a large crowd from this place will attend. The church is eighteen miles from here. Vehicles are being engaged for the eventful occasion at this early period.

Sunk in the Altamaha.

AREFVILLE, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—
News reached here yesterday morning that the
steamer Tar Heel, owned and built here by A.
Y. Beaton, sunk in the Altamaha last Thursday night, a few miles above Dectertown,
with a heavy freight for this place and other
points on the Oemulgeeriver. She is a new
beat on her fourth trip from Brunswick. The
loss is hard on the merchants, for she cut loss is hard on the merchants, for she cut freights. We hope she can be soon repaired

Harmony Grove's Proposed Bank.

Harmony Grove's Proposed Bank.

Harmony Grove, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Several of our leading business men have put their heads together and decided to establish a bank here soon. Already \$12,000 has been subscribed and there is very little doubt but that the necessary amount, \$25,000, will soon be raised and the bank put in operation in time for the fall cusiness. One or two capitalists will also build a cotton compress here in all probability before the next cotton season opens. ison opens. The Survey Being Pushed.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—The contract for the eastern section of the Eden and Fort Valley Air Line railroad will be let in a few days. Mr. Relkinap, general manager of the Central, stated last night that the first contract will be let this week, and that work will be pushed. The surveying corps is at work on the western end of the line. Macon Personal Paragraphs.

Macon, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Mr. L. Arnold, of Atlanta, is in the city, stopping at the set Lanier.

Mel Lanier.

Met Lanier.

Met Macon, Grand Mrs. Hackey, of New York, are in the city is few days.

or a few days.

Mr. C. A. Post, representing the Home Insurance company, of Atlanta, is in the city today on busi-Mr. J. C. Bivins and lady are stopping at the Hotel Mr. D. L. Clancy has returned from a trip up in

A. J. King, of Thomaston, is to be seen on the fairs in the fitters today. He is registered at the Hotel Lanter

S73,000 raise road that co

LAGRANG

reat interest ailding of a

of a well m

VOLU Is the Off case of the with murde years, and that in his

near the Vi negro lad no over-anxiou had in his think that t

SAVANNAB

had a warra

ALBANY Warren, co

MACON.

EATONT

Lawson's are making these gen

Our ole

BUSINESS CHANCES.

AUCTION SALES.

CTION-DON'T FORGET PRATT & KEM-le's horse and mule sale this day at 10:20. Fine horse, 4-seat carriage and harness,

1000 LADY AGENTS WANTED IMMEDiately. Grand new rabber under garment for females: \$10 a day. Proof free. Mrs. H. F. Little, Chicago, Ill.

E 1 O TO Sa00 A MONTH CAN BE MADE who can furnish their own horses and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profilably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. H. F. Johnson & Co., 1009 Maine street, Richmond, Va.

PERSONAL.

WANTED TO KNOW THE WHEREBOUTS OF my boy Ralph Oslorn, 12 years old. Last to his whereabouts will be thankfully received. Address J. Oslorn, 147 E. Main st., Columbus, O. we su

We su

WE SEND BY MAIL POSTPAID TO ANY ADwe su:

WE SEND BY MAIL POSTPAID TO ANY ADdress the simplest and best forms of plain
warranty land deeds, guit claim deeds, blank mortgages and blank bonds for title at the following
prices: I blank 5 cents; 3 blanks 10 cents; 1 dozen
blanks 30 cents; 100 blanks 81.50. Address The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

PUSINESS MEN DERIVE GREAT SATISFAU
tion from the use of our "fronclad" notes
which waive homestead rights and all the exemp
tions, We now send, postpaid, the above described
note, 100 in a book, for 40c, or a book of 50 for 25c.
We have also the above form with seven lines blank
for taking a mortgage, which we call an "fronclad
note with mortgage, which we call an "tronclad
note with mortgage clause." We send these, postpaid, 100 in a book, for 60c; 50 in a book for 35c.
Address The Constitution.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—25 LABORERS ON BRIDGE WORKS
at Bolton, Ga., at Chattahoochee river. Apply

WANTED-MAN TO TAKE THE AGENCY FOR

our safes, size 28x18x18 inches, weight, 500 at retail price \$35; other sizes in proportion. A re chance to create a permanent business at home case safes meet a demand never before supplied by the rafe companies, as we are not governed by the fe Pool. Alpine Safe Co., Cincinnatt, O.

WANTED-A MAN FOR OFFICE WORK WHO

WANTED—AN ACCOMMODATING AND COMpo'ent purse. None need apply unless it oy
lave good reseance. Callat 48! Peachtree. It

WANTED—LADIES TO USE "CHICHESTER"
English," Diamond Brand, Pennyroyal Pills,
Safe, Always reliable. The ori ginal. The only
genuine. Ask druggists or send 4c stamps for paruculars, return mail. Chichester Chemical Co,
Philadelphia, Pa.

delphia, Pa. su s SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE.

dress "G. A. T.," care Constitution. wed sat FIRST-CLASS MACHINIST WANTS A IERMAnent job in Atlanta; best of reference. Address "Madison," 363 West Peachtree street. 2t WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG MAN, WITH six years' experience with one of the leading wholesale drug houses of the north. Can furnish satisfact ry references. Correspondence solicited. J. D., care Constitution office. 8t

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED- EVERYBODY TO KNOW THAT

W the sale (postponed on account of rain yes-terday) of that fine, central Mitchell street and ele-gant Capitol avenue properly will take place tomor-row, Thursday, at 3 p.m. on the premises. Plats at our office. Don't fail to be on hand. Leak & Lyle, Auctioneers, 37 Marjetta st.

BOARDERS WANTED.

100 WALTON STREET, WITHIN THREE lodging at reasonable terms.

Iodging at reasonable terms.

I EYDEN HOUSE, CLEAN, HEALTHY LOCAtion. Board and rooms as reasonable as any
first-class house can afford. No. 124 Peachtree st.

OCAL, TRANSIENT AND DAY BOARDERS CAN
obtain delightful rooms, polite attention and

obtain delightful rooms, polite attention and lent board at Nos. 26 and 28 N. Forsyth street.

FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—AT EDGEWOOD, GA., 20 ACRES
Well improved land, fronting on Georgia railroad. Convenient to schools and regular storting
places of trains. Apply at No. 1 Peachtree street.

IF YOU WANT THE BEST VACANT LOT ON
Capitol avenue, one block from new capttol,
or a vacant lot or house and lot on less
expensive street, apply 17½ Peachtree street,
room 8, from 3 to 5 p. m.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE-ONE SODAWATER APPARATUS and generator, complete, in first-class order. For particulars, etc., address E. E. Kimbrough & Co., Gainesville, Ga.

FOR SALE CHEAP — SEVERAL IMPOSING stones, with tables, almost new. Call on or address Weekly Department of Constitution. decident

FEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED also kid gloves, at Phillip's, 14 Marietta street

LOST.

OST OR MISLAID—A SERIES OF DRAWINGS illustrating music and color. The present holder will confer a favor by reporting to E. G. Lind, architect, 63% Whitehall.

MISCELANEOUS.

SPECIAL NOTICE-ON ACCOUNT OF THE

rain yesterday we postponed the sale of that cilt edge Capitol avenue and central Mitchell street property tilt tomorrow, Thursday, at 3 o'clock p. m./
This is the chance of the season to get some of the very best property in the city at your own price. Call at our office and get plats. Leak & Lyle, Auctioneers, 37 Marietta st.

THOS. H. WILLINGHAM & SON

REAL ESTATE.

LADIES' COLUMN.

ANTED—A SITUATION IN AN OFFICE OR store, or any respectable place by a young willing to work. Salary small to begin. Addition, and the constitution.

is a good penman and has some knowledge of e of farm lands. Address, stating salary ex-ed. P. O. box 156.

PARTNER WANTED, WITH FROM \$100 to \$200, and give his time and attention in office. Nico established business. A young man preferred, Will pay to investigate. 22 South Broad st.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE PARTNER WITH from \$2,000 to \$4,000 to take part in a well established and good jaying business. Address Commercial, care Constitution office. FOR SALE-DRUG STORE, ONLY ONE IN place. For particulars address M. M. McGeo lee, Stone Mountain, Ga. urg, O.

ever A UCTION SALE - THE SALE (POSTPONED yesterday on account of the rain) of that silended capitol avenue and central Mitchell street profilerly will take place tomorrow at 3 o'clock, on the prem's s. Plats at our office. Take tie 2:45 Capitol. avenue street car. Free ride to and from sale. Leak & Lyle, 37 Marietta street,

A Lyle, 37 Marietta street.

WOLFE'S, BARGAIN HOUSE, 98 WHITEHALL street—The only place in this city where your can buy anything you want at your own price; bod steads \$1.50 to \$2; burcaus \$3.50 to \$12; dressers \$6 to \$10; good cassimere pants \$1.50 to \$2.50; good cassimere coats \$1.25 to \$3.50; boys knee pants 10c to 75c. Constantly on hand carpets, spring mattresses, lounges, oil paintings, writing desks, show cases, sewing machines, lambraquins at slaughtering prices; money advanced in any amount on consignment; auction sales promptly attended to on liberal terms; highest cash price paid for office and household furniture, H. Wolfe, agent. Prepared on W ANTED-LADY AGENTS-"A" SKIRT AND new. Big profits. Secure towns for spring trade. Ladies' Supply Co., 287 W. Washington St., Chiengo. 3m wed fri sun

Dollar as. & Gen. M'g

epared to onia

WORK.

Cashier

CINNATI.

AND 17p.m and all

IDS!

DOUARTERS LANTA, GA ATH,

and Tin

Mantels. ES! Vater Sets. ning Goods.

RGIA. nd Dwellings. ornices and detal Work ad Circular.

CO. on, Mass. DUSEN

tumes BRANCHES

and be convinced AN, Pres't. Thompson's Y, OCTOBER 31

LEGE, ON ITS FIFTY

r cataloguesand INS, President

SON. & CO.,

Chicago.

10-room house, on S. Pryor street.
10-room house, on Walker street.
9-room house, on Jackson street.
8-room house, on E. Peters street.
8-room house, on W. Peachtree street.
8-room house, on M. Highland avenue. we have vacant lots for sale in

> HINDERCORNS. 5 CONSUMPTIVE we you Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, Indigestion! UNIVERSE CINQUE TONIO without delay, nyaluable for all affections of the Throat and Breat

DORSHEIMER DEAD.

The Ex-Governor's Trip For His Health Ended.

The Death Kept a Secret By the Hotel People -The Desire of the Widow For Quiet-The Body Sent Home.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 27.--[Special.]— William Dorsheimer died here\_last night at 9-20. The immediate cause of his death was meumonia, but he was suffering from a form pneumonia, but he was suffering from a form of Bright's disease. The governor was traveling south for his health, accompanied by his wife. He arrived here on the 17th, the day of the railroad disaster, and was detained in Savannah. He grew ill shortly after, and had been confined to his bed at the Pulaski some days before his death. Two professional nurses arrived here on Saturday last. Though Mr. Dorsheimer died carly last night, no mention was made of the fact in the morning paper,

was made of the fact in the morning paper, and few learned of it until late this evening. The hotel authorities kept the death very quiet, probably because Mrs. Dorsheimer expressed the wish that the body be left undisturbed for eighteen hours.

On the eve of his arrival, the governor,

as he was commonly styled, called on some acquaintances here. He was invited to attend the Hiberian society banquet the same night. the Hiberian society banquet the same night, but did not feel well enough to accept the invitation. During the following three or four days he drove out once or twice, and was occasionally seen about the hotel corridors, but the greater time he kept in his room. While Richelieu Robinson was here he and the governor, who were old friends, the record interviews. had several interviews.

The governor begged the representatives of the press, on the plea of ill health, to excuse him from an interview. About the middle of last week he drove out without his overcoat and centracted a slight cold. Dr. J. B. Reed

attended him.

The physician had little hopes of his recov ery, for the governor was a very sick man when he got here. The body was embalmed and shipped tonight on the same train with young Wilbur's. Captain Dixon will accompany the bodies north. The doctor's certificate states that the cause of death was croupous pneumonia and glycosuris.

Death of Ex-Postmaster Jones. Death of Ex-Postmaster Jones.

Dawson, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Captain T. M. Jones, who, in consequence of till health, resigned the position of postmaster at this place a few days ago, died at 10 a. m. yesterday. In his death Dawson loses one of its best and most highly esteemed citizens; a man whose integrity was unimpeachable, and whose death is lamented by a host of friends wherever he was known. He died of phthisis after a lingering illness.

Denth of Ordinary Taylor.

Dawsonville, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—
James S. Taylor, ordinary of Dawson county, breathed his last at his home in this place, at five o'clock Saturday, and was buried with Masonic honor, yesterday, at Liberty Baptist church. Judge Taylor had been confined to his room but about ten days, and died of meumonia.

MONTICELLO, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—
Court convened here yesterday morning, Judge
W. F. Jenkins presiding. Although we had
an early rain, bordering on a storm, the judge
was alcad of it, having left Eatonton at 3 a. was alicad of it, having left Eatonton at 3 a. m. In his clarge he paid a compliment to Jasper county, saying it was the only county in his circuit that has not for a year presented a rape case. It is needless to say that all in the court room heard his charge. The visiting lawyers in attendance are Messrs. Bartlett, of Macon; Middlebrooks, of Covington; Anderson, of Jackson; Sparks, of Eatonton; Spear man, of Social Circle; J. I. Hall, of Griffin.

The River Rising by Reason of the Rain.

Macon, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—The Occulage river is up out of its banks, and is rising rapidly. The heavy rains of the last few days have greatly affected everything at this place. The policemen are sufferers as well as the newspaper reporters. The business houses also feel in the dumps. The only answer that he had from numerous questions, is:

"Yes;" a very disagreeable day."

The river seems to have everything to itself. Driftwood, dead animals, hen coops, spring chickens and other spring products, are rapidly coming down. The market seems to be failing. The River Rising by Reason of the Rain.

To Buy and Sell Real Estate. To Buy and Sell Real Estate.

Augusta, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—
The Irish-American Investment company was organized here yesterday. Patrick Walsh, J. F. Armstrong, E. J. O'Conner, William Mulharin, and other leading Irish citizens are the incorporators. They will buy and sell real estate, and borrow and lend money. One of the primary objects of the association will be to build a Hibernian hall. It will also subsequently establish a savings bank. The miunium capital stock will be twenty-five thousand, with a privilege of increasing to two hundred thousand.

A Cotton Factory for Jefferson. A Cotton Factory for Jefferson.

JEFFERSON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Our town is blessed with good water power, and our energetic townsman, Mr. Elbert Askew, is pushing a way talking up a cotton factory. He is the very man to push it, and prospects are good for him to get it up. Our guano plant has been run day and night, this season, to supply the orders, and we do not see why the factory should not be a success. The Farmers' Alliance is growing rapidly here, and they hope to number all of the farmers in the county as members.

The Doctor's Coffin Ready. ATHENS, Ga., March 27.—Dr. Prigeons, the minister who proposes to preach his own funeral sermon the first Sunday after Easter, has just had his coffin completed, and it was viewed by a good many citizens here today. The coffin is shaped very much like a metalic case, but is made of pine and not allowed to be painted. Arrangements are being made, by painted. Arrangements are being made by which a large crowd from this place will attend. The church is eighteen miles from here. Vehicles are being engaged for the eventful occasion at this early period.

Sunk in the Altamaha. Sunk in the Altamaha.

ABBEVILLE, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—
News reached here yesterday morning that the steamer Tar Heel, owned and built here by A. Y. Beaton, sunk in the Altamaha last Thursday night, a few miles above Doctortown, with a heavy freight for this place and other—points on the Ocmulgee river. She is, a new beat on her fourth trip from Brunswick. The loss is hard on the merchants, for she cut freights. We hope she can be soon repaired and affoat again.

Harmony Grove's Proposed Bank. Harmony Grove's Proposed Bank.
HARMONY GROVE, Ga., March 27.—[Spevial.]—Soveral of our leading business men
have put their heads together and decided to
establish a bank here soon. Already \$12,000
has been subscribed and there is very little
doubt but that the necessary amount. \$25,000,
will soon be raised and the bank put in operation in time for the fall business. One or two
capitalists will also build a cotton compress
here in all probability before the next cotton
season opens.

The Survey Being Pushed. The Survey Being Pushed.

Savannah, Ga., March 27.— [Special.]—The contract for the eastern section of the Eden and Fort Vailey Air Line railroad will be let in a few days. Mr. Belknap, general manager of the Central, stated last night that the first contract will be let this week, and that work will be pushed. The surveying corps is at work on the western end of the line.

Macon Personal Paragraphs. CON, Ga., March 27.-[Special.]-Mr. L. and Mrs. Hackey, of New York, are in the city for a few days.

Mr. C. A. Post, representing the Home Insurance company, of Atlanta, is in the cuty today on business.

Mr. J. C. Biving and indy are stopping at the Hotel Lanier.

Mr. D. L. Clancy has returned from a trip up in north Georgia.

A. J. King, of Thomaston, is to be seen on the streets today. He is registered at the Hotel Lamer

LaGRANGE REVIVING. The Cotton Instory Which is Soon to be

Erected. Days.

The Cotton I actory Which is Soon to be Erected.

LaGrange, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—
Great interest is being manifested here in the building of a cotton factory. The movement proper began last week and now there has been \$75,000 raised within the incorporation for this enterprise. Only \$110,000 is wanted to erect a factory of five thousand spindles, in addition to the forty thousand that will be added by the oil mill company. The capitalist, the clerk, the workingman, the man of leisure, the professional man and humble toiler, together with some most worthy ladies, are united in their support of this enterprise and are investing in proportion to their means. LaGrange feels great interest in the success of this movement, and that it will be worth more in building up this community than any railroad that could be brought here.

The plow factory here, under the management of W. S. Cox, is paying a handsome percent on his investment, and he is unable to fill all orders received, so great is the demand for his goods. Trony factory, a few miles from LaGrange, under the management of John L. Robinson, is self evident truth of the success of a well managed manufactory. It, after paying twelve percent on borrowed capital, carned last'year eighteen per cent. So great is the demand for the goods, that if its capacity was doubled the supply would be exhausted. The goods of this factory are not only used in this country, but many hundred bales of them are shipped across the waters to China and European states.

The coming commencements of the two colleges here promise to be of unusual interest. Commencement sermon of the Southern Fe-

The coming commencements of the two colleges here promise to be of unusual interest. Commencement sermon of the Southern Female college will be preached by Rev. Henry McDonald, D. D., of Atlanta, and that of La-Grange Female college will be preached by Rev. W.P. Harrison, D. D., of Nashville, Tenn. Both are distinguished preachers and the people are pleased to know they will honor our commencements with their presence. ments with their pre

VOLUNTARY MANSLAUGHTER

Is the Offense of Which Noah Parker Has Been Found Guilty.

Covingtion, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—About 9 o'clock this morning the jury in the case of the State vs. Noah Parker, charged with murder, returned a verdict of voluntary manslaughter. They were out fifty-six hours, but had the case under consideration only thirty-two hours, on account of the suspension of their deliberations during the Sabbath. The verdict of the jury was a surprise to many persons, as it was generally thought that they would find the defendant guilty of murder and recommend that he be imprisoned for life. Judge Boynton sentenced the defendant to imprisonment in the penitentiary for twelve years, and in so doing stated to the defendant that in his opinion the jury had given him (the defendant) the benefit of the lowest offense of which, under the evidence, he could have been Is the Offense of Which Noah Parker Has which, under the evidence, he could have been

Chicken Thief at Work.

MACON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Early this morning, before many people were stirring about, Mr. J. M. Brown, who keeps a store near the Vineville branch, was accosted by a negro lad named Thomas Smith, who seemed over-anxious to sell four chickens which he had in his possession. Mr. Brown did not think that the negro came into honest possession of the chickens, so he detained him until Officer McCafferty arrived. The officer carried chickens and thief to the barracks. Smith was asked to give an account of himself, in which he stated that he lived with his parents in Vineville, near the labora-Chicken Thief at Work.

of himself, in which he stated that he lived with his parents in Vineville, near the laboratory. This morning his mother told him to carry the chickens to town, sell them, and with the money buy some medicine for one of the family who was sick.

About 8 o'clock Mr. Charles Boifeiulett appeared at the barracks to report to Officer Henry that some one had last night drawn the stable from the down of his chicken, house and Henry that some one had last night drawn the staple from the door of his chicken house and had abstracted four Wyandott chickens. But he was made happy when the officer revealed to him four fowls, taken from Smith, for they were the Wyandotts. Mr. Boifeiulett had a warrant taken out for Smith.

Found in the Infirmary. Savannah, Ga., March 27.—]Special.]—The murderer of Joseph Gill is still at large. Yesterday the police received a report from the Georgia infirmary that a patient had been admitted there during the day with a part of a load of buckshot that entered him through the back of his cont and trowsers. The negrowas confined. He was reticent at first, which increased the suspicions of the police. Finally he said that he was shot on Friday night by Mr. Walsh, the drayman. Mr. Walsh was seen, and he corroborated the negro's story, which saved him from going to jail for murder.

A Burglar Foiled in Cochran COCHEAN, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—A bold burglary in the store of Stokes & Nichols came near being successfully perpetrated last right. Mr. Robert Stokes, on his return from church, in passing the store happened to go in to get a cigar. He discovered that the back window was open, and on investigation found that the burglar had just effected an enterance by drawing the shutter. An old chisel was found with which he did his work. No doubt he had just affected an enterance as Mr. Stokes went in, but had not had time to carry off anything. off anything.

Whipped His Wife. ALBANY, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Ben Warren, colored, whipped his wife so severely that he was arrested today upon a charge of assault with intent to murder and jailed.

William Reid. whose wife deserted him recently, died suddenly of pneumonia.

Making Away With Time.

Macon, 'Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—This morning at 7 o'clock Officer McDermond arrested a negro named Charlie Martin and carried him to the barracks for safe keeping. He is charged with stealing a watch from Joe Anttman, an engineer on the Georgia, Southern and Florida railroad. Martin claims to work at the railroad shops and strongly denies it at he stole the watch. Mr. Auttman left his engine on yesterday for about three minutes. While he was gone some one boarded the engine and, going into Mr. Auttman's vest pocket, abstracted the watch. On his return he discovered his loss: glancing around he saw Martin leaving, but was unable to give chase. This morning while in Shilholser's grocery store, on Fourth street, he saw Martin, and forthwith proceeded to capture him. Officer McDermond was called in and carried the culprit to the barracks to await his trial.

A Popular Summer Resort. Making Away With Time.

A Popular Summer Resort. A Popular Summer Resort.

ATHENS, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Madison springs, which are situated about eighteen miles from here, in Madison county, promises to figure prominently very soon as a watering place. The water has recently been analyzed by Dr. H. C. White, state chemist, and is found to contain many excellent proportions, which makes it second to none anywhere in the cauth. These springs are owned by Aththe south. These springs are owned by Athenians, who have beautiful summer houses there, and they will be opened again to sum-

Politics in Petnam.

EATONTON, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—
The political fever has just now. broken out in Putnam county. A petition is now in the hands of John J. Deunis, asking the use of Dr. J. T. De Jarnette's name as a candidate for the legislature. One is also in the hands of Dr. J. A. Etheridge, asking the use of Hon. Thomas G. Lawson's name as a candidate. Both petitions are making fine progress, and it is supposed these gentlemen will agree to their names being used. Politics in Putnam.

The Savannah Exchange. The Savannah Exchange.

Savannah, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the cotton exchange today, it was decided to close the exchange on Good Friday, March 30. It was also resolved that in the opening and closing of the exchange, posting of quotations, and in every instance where the time of delay is mentioned in the by-laws and rules, that the same be changed as to read one half hour earlier than it at present reads. The resolution goes into effect at once.

A Practical Man. A Practical Man.

From the Augusta News.

Our old West Indies friend, Mr. C. M. Cady, is weekly farnishing The Atlanta Constitution most excellent and practical articles and suggestions for the benefit of the south. Mr. Cady is a northern man, but is thoroughly imbued with the idea that the south and her possibilities are the bright rarticular star of the times. His last article from New Orleans is a pleasing revelation to any one who has not kept posted on the situation of affairs in the crescent city.

Postmaster Captain T. M. Jones, of Dawson, has resigned the position. There are a number of applicants for the place thus made vacant.

Colonel J. D. Alexander, of Thomaston, who was sick for several days last week is improving, and is now able to be up town.

A building committee of enterprising citizens of Thomaston, have been appointed for the purpose of having a new Methodist church erected in the place of the old building.

LEE AT DUNGENESS.

A Romantic Story of the Early

The Visit of Governor Lee to the Grave of "Light Horse Harry" Recalls an Interesting Story.

Brunswick, Ga,, March 27.—The trip of Governor Fitzhugh Lee to Florida, and from that point to Dungeness, in order to view the last resting place of his grandfather, revives interest in the story of that historic spot.

As one approaches Dungeness from the landing, a grand avenue bordered and arched over with heavy moss-draped live oaks leads eastward across the estate. About one-third the distance to the beach another avenue leads off to the right to the ruins of the old mansion.

This old-fashioned three story building, with its walls of tabby or coquina (composed of cyster shells and lime) was erected nearly a hundred dred years ago, when the estate was first set-tled by the widow of General Nathanial tled by the widow of General Nathanial Greene, of revolutionary fame. It was for nearly three generations the home of wealth and refinement. The house was accidentally burned in 1865 or 1866 by some negroes who had taken up their habitation in it, the owners having abandoned it on the breaking out of the war. The south end of Cumberland island was granted to General Nathaniel Greene by the state of Georgia as a reward for his sacrifices and distinguished military services during the revolution. He was wealthy when the war began but impoverished wealthy when the war began but impoverished himself in his efforts to feed and clothe the army when congress failed to provide for it. A year after the end of the war he removed from his home in Rhode Island to Mulberry Grove, a rice plantation owned by him on the river a few miles above Savannah. While he was living there in feeble health the Cumbler.

Grove, a rice plantation owned by him on the river a few miles above Savannah. While he was living there in feeble health the Cumberland grant was made. A few months after this he died (in 1786) and it is probable that he never saw his new estate. He was buried in the old cemetery at Savannah. The identity of his grave has long since been lost, though tradition says he was buried in one of the old vaults near the western gate. Several years ago an unsuccessful effort was made to find his remains. It is said that many of the vaults in that portion of the cemetery had been entered years ago by a notorious negro thief, and the silver name-plates stolen from the 'riskets, General Greene's being among the vaults descerated. Mrs. Greene was a Miss Catherine Littlefield, of Block Island, and was a woman of remarkable refinement, business tact, and intelligence. Several years after General Greene's death she married a Mr. Miller, with whom she lived happily for many years at Dungeness, and whose nortal remains rest besidelher own in the little tabby walled burial ground some three hundred yards east of the old mansion. In this little plat is also the grave of General Henry (Light-horse Harry) Lee, one of the most brilliant of revolutionary officers, and the father of the great confederate leader, General Robert E. Lee. In 1814 General Lee was brutally maimed by a mob in Baltimore, where he was visiting a friend, the editor of the Republican Journal, a newspaper which had incurred the violent enmity of the roughs of the city. The residence of the editor was attacked by the mob and General Lee assisted in an atpublican Journal, a newspaper which had incurred the violent enmity of the roughs of the city. The residence of the editor was attacked by the mob and General Lee assisted in an attempt to defend it. The editor and his friends, including Lee, were rescued by troops, and placed in jail for safety. The mob battered down the door of the jail, killed some of the inmates, and General Lee was so injured that he never recovered. Three years later, by advice of his physicians, he went to the West Indies, but his health not improving he returned to the United States and stopped at Dungeness for rest. Here, on March 25, 1818, he died, and was buried the next day. The United States flag-ship John Adams, which had borne the old hero back from Nassau to his own loved country, and the brig Saranac lay in Dungeness harbor. Commodore Henly performed the last rites. Captains Elton, Finch and Madison and Lieutenants Fitzhugh and Ritchie, of the navy, and Lieutenant Lyman, of the army, were the pall-bearers. The procession moved out of the mansion, the swords of the first two pall-bearers crossed over the dead soldier's breast. The weapons were sheathed, "for his heart beat no more," and they said, "Rest in

pall-bearers crossed over the dead soldier's breast. The weapons were sheathed, "for his heart beat no more," and they said, "Rest in Peace." Captain Payne, of the army, and other officers of the navy followed. The marines formed the guard of honor, and an army band played a funeral march. The body was committed to its last resting place beneath a moss-covered live oak. A volley of musketry burst out on the silent air, and the solemn booming of the minute guns from the John Adams was borne afar over land and sea. One of the last and one of the most gallant of the leaders in the war for independence was at rest. The grave is marked by a plain stone with a simple inscription, while near by an ancient cedar tree struggles with the suraggy oaks to maingrave is mixted by a plain stone with a sample inscription, while near by an ancient cedar tree struggles with the scraggy oaks to maintain its evergreen watch over the hero's head. The funeral procession marched across the site of the orange grove, which three years before had been destroyed by British troops, the minions of the same power that "Lighthorse Harry" Lee had fought so bravely in the prime of his life. On the 11th of January, 1815, a British fleet, under Admiral Cockburne, bore down on Cumberland island. A division was sent up the sound in barges and landed at Dungeness, while another landed at the plum orchard. No attempt was made by the Americans to defend the island. Amelia island was then Spanish territory, as was all of Florida. The Americans had a small battery at Point Petere on the mainfand, at the mouth of the St. Mary's river. Fifteen hundred invaders camped in the magnificent grounds at Dunger of the standard of the stan

St. Mary's river. Fifteen hundred invaders camped in the magnificent grounds at Dungeness, and within three days they almost entirely destroyed the splendid groves of date palms, clives, oranges, etc.

The site of the old residence at Dungeness is now occupied by the elegant mansion of Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, a present from her husband. The walls of the building are of New Hampshire granite ashlers, lined with brick. The style of architecture is denominated a modified Eastlake. The main tower, in which is a belvidere overlooking the forest and surrounding land and waterscapes, rises to a height of over one hundred feet. The house is finished and furnished throughout in magnificent style, and one hundred feet. The house is finished and furnished throughout in magnificent style, and provided with hot and cold water both fresh and salt, gas, and the most approved electric appliances for call bells and lighting the gas. The outbuildings have been reconstructed or demolished and their places supplied with the best class of modern structures, while the grounds have been laid out and put under the care of a landscape gardener. The building alone cost \$200,000, and Dungeness is now said to be the most elegant countryseat in the south.

A HORRIBLE DEATH. A Colored Girl Burns at Camp's Sta-

From the Walton, Ga., News,

From the Walton, Ga. News.

Last Friday afternoon, near Camp's station, Frances Simmons, a young negro girl met a horrible death. Her clothing caught while she was firing some brush heaps, and in two hours she was a corpse.

The scene of this terrible accident was the river bank, about a quarter from the house os Joe Simmons, the girl's father. Frances way there alone, at work, and Joe heard her distressful cries for help, the first he knew of any harm having befallen her. When her clothing became ignited, the girl made a wild dash for the house, and when nearly there, crazed from fright and pain, she turned again toward the river bank, and before she reached it, fell, and when found was wretchedly burned, and almost in the agony of death. She lived only a short time afterward; and died in terrible pain.

Married in Monroe. MONROE, Ga., March 27.—Married last night by the Rev. M. H. Edwards, Dr. Frank McCalla, to Mrs. Mattie P. Phillips, all of Monroe. The groom is a promising young dentist, while his bride is one of our most charming young ladies.

GEORGIA NEWS BRIEFED. Postmaster Captain T. M. Jones, of Dawson, has resigned the position. There are a num-ber of applicants for the place thus made va-

THE FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

rganization of the Spalding County Chap ter by Organizer J. R. Frost.

ter by Organizer J. R. Frost.

From the Griffin, Ga., Sun.

J. R. Frost, of Troup county, organizer of the Farmers' alliance for the fifth congressional district, was in the city yesterday, and met with the farmers of Spalding county at the courthouse and perfected the organization of the Spalding county alliance. Previous to this time Spalding county had seven sub-alliances, with a membership of about 175, which were consolidated yesterday into one large organization, as above stated. The following are the proceedings of the meeting:

The alliance met at 10:30 o'clock. The meeting was called to order by Organizer J. R. Frost, who stated that owing to unavoidable detention, State Organizer Jackson was not present as had been anticipated. A temporary organization was perfected by electing J. D. Williams vice-president and S. M. Wayman secretary.

The meeting then went into an election for The meeting then went into an election for permanent officers, with the following result: President, H. F. Patterson; vice-president, J. D. Williams; secretary, S. M. Wayman; treasurer, B. Miller; chaplain, Rev. Robert Freeman. The officers being duly installed, President Patterson announced that the meeting was ready for business. It was decided to hold the next meeting at Mt. Zion,

KNOCKED DEAD.

A Negro Is Gashed With an Axe and Hit With a Stone.
From the LaGrange, Ga., Reporter.
On last Wednesday night Dr. Enoch Calla-On last Wednesday night Dr. Enoch Callaway received a hasty summons to go out to Mr. E. J. Greene's place, four miles west of La-Grange, and sew up the head of a badly battered negro. The name of the wounded man was Ned McCurdy, and he came by his mishap in this way: His neighbor, Nick Boddie, owned a dog, as most darkys do. Whether Nick was able to provide sufficiently for this canine dependent is not known; but said dog was meddlesome, to say the least, and went over and scratched up Ned's potatoes. Thereupon the latter called at Nick's house and demanded that the dog be killed. Instead of doing this, Nick let fly his ax at Ned, cutting a gash in his face. Then Ned retaliated with a hammer, and Nick came back with a stone, which struck his antagonist in the le od and knocked him "dead." The doctor found his patient badly "used up" and very bloody, but stitched his wounds and administered remedies. Ned will recover.

PAGE'S DIALECT STORIES.

His Masterpiece Written Fifteen Years Be-

From the Boston Record. From the Boston Record.

A very touching little story has 'just been told of Thomas Nelson Page, the writer of charming southern stories, whose first, "Meh Lady," brought him fame from the very day of its publication in the Century. Fifteen years ago, a poor boy in a Virginia town struggling with the law which he detested, Page wrote "Meh Lady" and sent it to Scribners. He heard no word from it, his letters were unanswered, and in despair he let the matter drop; he felt the story was as good as any he could write, and he turned again to the detested law, and wrote no more.

Twelve years after, when "Meh Lady" was well

Twelve years after, when "Meh Lady" was well nigh forgotten, he was amazed to receive a check for it, and shortly afterward to see it printed in the Century. The story of its instant success is known to all; after twelve years of dusty existence in an editor's pigeon hole, "Meh Lady" came forth to charm a quarter of a million readers.

This enforces again the oft repeated and as oft denied statement of the editorial methods of great magazines. While "Meh Lady" was thrust aside for years the magazine went on printing and paying for much that was senseless, profitless drivel—for even a great monthly does that sometimes. "Meh Lady" came unheralded; she suffered a rude welcome. Over and over again, spite of protestations and denials, has the same thing occurred.

Those twelve years have been called a "wasted youth" for Mr. Page. That may not be wholly true. Even while struggling along with the law he may

Even while struggling along with the law he may have acquired a deeper knowledge of those life ex-periences that are needed by a story writer of his class; a fuller sympathy, a truer tenderness, for human nature. It is one of those questions that, being irrevocable, can never be prov

SOCIAL AMERICA IN 1850. An Old Gentleman's Recollection of the Days When He Married.

From the Boston Herald. The furniture, in city houses especially, often costly enough, was almost without exception dreadful. The carpets of enormous patterns and dis-cordant colors and the furniture of excessively varnished rosewood, or some like material, and always in "sets," were things to shudder at. The costumes of the women were in keeping with the houses. Not only did the ladies wear long trousers of some white material that came so low that it was impossible for the wearers to walk without getting them in the dust or mire, but the small girl child was rigged out in the same preposterous garments, it being thought highly immoral for a tot of six to ex-pose her ankles.

The ladies' boots, made usually of cloth, were

heelless, laced at the side and came not quite to the ankle bone, while the one-button gloves left the wrist entirely bare. The nearer the female forehead reached to the back of the head the lovlier, many even shaving the central portion to enhance their "beauty." Any hair that was golden or yellow was thought almost a deformity and a girl with sunny tresses was looked upon as hideous, was taunted as a "red head" and generally used a lead comb or some wash to make her golden tresses con-form as nearly as possible to the prevailing stand-ard. All women plastered their hair in a hard, flat mass tight to the skull with bandoline or some other mucilagious substance as low down as the carlow was thought almost a deformity and a girl with mucilaginous substance, as low down as the ears, and then had it twisted in stiff, wire-like spirals or onfied out like blinders.

A Blizzard Heroine.

From the New York World.
Carlyle's thought that "there is no huma life, faithfully recorded, but is an heroic poem of its sort rhymed or unrhymed." is forcibly called to mind by the following incident of one of the recent Dakota blizzards: Mrs. Mary Chapman, the young wife of a settler in the central part of the territory, remained alone at home while her husband was away looking after his cattle. The storm came on away looking after his cattle. The softmeane of suddenly, and it was nearly three days before he was able to get back through the drifts, and when he entered the cabin he found his wife lying insen-sible on the bed. There was just food enough left for a meal for the husband, and she had gone withfor a meal for the husband, and she had gone without eating for two days rather than touch a crust
of it. When brought back to consciousness the
noble little woman threw her arms about her husband's neck and cried: "O Jim! I thought you
might come home nearly dead with hunger." This
typical wife had a true-soul sister in the heroine of
a story that was not long ago published in the London papers: A little girl lay dying in a hovel at
Shoreditch. "Now there will be enough for the
rest to eat," she said."

A Shakespeare Club of Policemen From the Jersey City Journal.

At a policeman's ball in Kansas City a bust of Shakespeare was terribly clubbed because

A Motto for Great Newspapers. Henry Clay Lukens in University.

Bald headed facts need no hair grease.

HOURE

BILIOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, HEARTBURN, LIVER INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, BLOOD

Puring BY USING THE GENUINE

Dr. C. McLANE'S ---CELEBRATED-BLIVER PILLS!

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Beware of Countempetrs made in St. Edia.

THE GREAT FLOODS.

Heaviest Rainfall Ever Known in the State.

The Rivers Rising Rapidly—Railroads Sub-merged and Travel Very Much Im-

MONTGOMERY, Ala., March 27 .- [Special.]-Alabama is now suffering from the effects of a flood that bids fair to equal the famous freshet of 1886. The rainfall here, up to noon today, since Sunday, has been oyer seven inches—the heaviest ever known. In 1886, the fall was something over four inches. Reports from north Alabama, Tennessee and Georgia, indicate that the rains have been heavy in these sections and unusually high waters.

inches. Reports from north Alabama, Tennessee and Georgia, indicate that the rains have been heavy in these sections, and unusually high waters are expected here in the next twenty-four hours. Reports from different points on the Coosa and Talpoosa rivers are to the effect that these streams are high and still rising. The Alabama river, at this point, has risen at the rate of eight inches an hour today, and is now only sixteen feet below the high water mark of 1886.

The people living in the northwestern portion of the city, subject to overflow, are growing uneasy, and are ready to move out to the hills at a moment's notice. The railroads in this section have aiready been greatly damaged from the high waters, and washouts, and travel and traffic is practically supended on several lines entering Montgomery. No trains have come in from the north beyond tirmingham since Sunday night, being shut off by a big washout. No trains are running on the Western railroad between here and Seima, cr on the Montgomery and Eufaula road between here and Stafaule. No trains have come on from the south tought. The tracks are overflowed or washedout in many places. So far no loss of life is reported accept the drowning of a negro fisherman in the Alabama river today. The damage to crops will not be very serious except on the lowlands, and there is yet time for replanting. Five trains on the Mobile and Girard re liroad between trains on the heavy tains of 1886 began on the 26th of March, and the rainfail that brings the present freshet beyan on the same day of the same mouth this year. The Alabama river is already on the 26th of March, and the rainfail that brings the present freshet beyan on the same day of the same mouth this year. The Alabama river is already on the 26th of March, and the rainfail that brings the present freshet beyan on the same day of the same mouth this year. The Alabama river is already on the 26th of March, and the rainfail that brings the present freshet beyan on the same day of the same mouth this year. Th

will case. At West Point, and at Columbus, the river is booming. There is no damage, as yet, but the danger lies in the further rise of the rivers. The Storm Around Hogansville.

The Storm Around Hogansville.

Hogansville, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—
We had quite a storm here this morning about 9 o'clock. The rain fell in torrents washing the farms terribly. Many hundred pounds of fertilizers were carried off by the washing, which makes the damage greater. Our farms here are well and scientifically ditched and terraced, but such rains are beyond human control. The cold weather has badly damaged, if not entirely destroyed the fruit crop. Some farmers think that there will be a partial crop yet, but the majority affirm the total destruction of peaches, pears and plums.

amen the total destruction of peaches, pears and plums.

As was previously mentioned, the Hogansville Alliance has effected a co-operative association and will in a few months have mercantile business within their own ranks, and will also establish their own warehouse for cotton and all other marketable products; have their own charter ready and will apply for power to transact business in the near future. No Serious Apprehensions.

ROME, Ga., March 27.—[Special.]—Heavy rains has swollen the rivers considerably, but there is no immediate danger of a freshet. Unless there are heavy rains within the next twenty-four hours, no serious apprehensions are felt.

THE GENUINE



The Best Nutritive Tonic

Impaired Digestion, Malnutrition, in Con valescence, Pulmonary and Throat Diseases. A SOVEREIGN REMEDY for the Weak and Debilitated

INDORSED BY ALL PHYSICIANS THROUGHOUT THE CIVILIZED WORLD, This Malt Extract has remarkable nutritive action of the tonic and invigorating. As an aid to digestion is wonderful in bullding up lost power.

Prof. PROSP. de PIETRA SANTA, Paris.

IOHANN HOFF BERLIN, PARIS, VIENNA.
New York, No. 6 Barclay Street.
Beware of Fraudulent Imitations.—I have a Boward of Frauduce and the Supr. Court of the U. S., against Tarrant & Co. of New York, who are selling another preparation under the same name. The GENUINE has the signature of "Johann Hoff" on the neck, and comes in flat squatty bottles with a German Label thereon. TAKE NO OTHER. Er7 wed3t top col n r m 1



## LEA&PERRINS

SAUCE (THE WORGESTERSHIRE) Imparts the most delicious taste and rest to



HOT & COLD BAREBITS,

GRAVIES.

Leaderins

CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Baby's Skin and Scalp Cleansed, Purified and Beauti-

fied by Cuticura Remedies.

LAST NOVEMBER my little boy, aged three year fell against the stove while he was running and cut his head, and, right after that, he broke out all over his head, face and left ear. I had a good doctor, Dr. —, to attend him, but he got worse, and the doctor outil not cure him. H s whole head, face and left ear were in a fearful state, and he suffired terribly. I caught the discase from him, and it spread all over my face and jneck and even got into my eyes. Nobody thought we would ever get better. I felt sure we were disfigured for life. I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and procured a bottle of CUTICURA SOAF, and used them constantly day and night. After using two bottles of RESOLVENT, four boxes of CUTICURA and a cake of CUTICURA SOAF, and used them constantly day and night. After using two bottles of SOAF, we are perfectly cured without a scar. My boy's skin is now like satin. LILIE EPTING. of Soan, we are perfectly cured without a scar. My boy's skin is now like satin. LILIE EPTING. JERSEY CITY, N. J. Sworm to before me this 27th day of March, 1856. GILBERT P. ROJIN: ON, J. P. GILBERT P. ROJIN: ON, J. P.

THE WORST SORE HEAD.

THE WORST SORE HEAD.

Have been in the drug and medicine but iness twenty-five years. Have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES since they came west. They lead all others in their line. We could not write mor could you print all we have heard said in favor of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. One year ago the CUTICURA and SOAP cured a little girl in our haue of the worst sore head we ever saw, and the RESOLVENT and CUTICURA are now curing a young gentleman of a sore leg, while the physicians are trying to have it amputated. It will save his leg, and prinaps life. Too much cannot be said in favor of CUTICURA REMEDIES.

S. B. SMITH & BRO.

COVINGTON, KY.

CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA

STRAINS, PAINS



mari1-nly sun wed fri n r m

YARDS. Humphries St., & E. T., V. & G. Railway.

MILLS. on Line C. R. R. & E. T., V. &G. Ry.

Long Leaf Pine. KILN-DRY DRESSED FLOORING CEILING,

WEATHERBOARDING. SHINGLES AND LATHS, BRIDGE AND TRESTLE TIMBERS.

Best in quality, lowest in price. Write for esti-mates on house bills. jan 21 2p n r m

McKIMMIN'S 150 HEAD

SOLD AT

Nashville, Tenn., April 10th, '88. For catalogues, address,

A. J. McKIMMIN, Pulaski, Tenn. Reciever's Sale.

JARVIS & ROBERTSON, 44 LINE ST.—UNLESS
sooner disposed of, the business of the above firm will, under the order of the superior court of Fulton county and subject to confirmation by the same, be sold to the highest bidder on Monday, April 9th, 10 o'clock, consisting of unfinished wagons and buggies, delivery wagons, machinery, paints, varnishes, wagon and buggy wheels, blacksmith shop, springs, and everything usually kept in a first-class wagon and carriage factory. For full particulars address Chas. 8. Northen, Receiver. Reciever's Sale.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,

OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER,

AUGUSTA, GA., Sept 17th 1887.

Commencing stunday, 1sta instant, the loutowing assenger schedule will be operated:

#3-Trains run by 90th meridian time.

No. 27 WEST—DAILY. No. 27 WEST-DAILY.

Leave Augusta
Leave Washington
Leave Athens
Leave Gaines-ille
Arrive Atlanta No. 28 EAST-DAILY. Lv. Atlanta ....... 8 00 a m Lv. Augusta ...... 10 45 a m Ar. Gainesville .... 8 25 p m Lv. Macon ........ 7 10 a m Ar. Athens ........ 5 05 p m Lv. Milledgeville .. 9 19 a m

COVINGTON ACCOM'N—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta 6 15 p m Lv. Covington 540 a m
Lv. Decatur 6 31 p m Lv. Decatur 72 s a m
Ar. Covington 805 p m Ar. Atlanta 755 a m

MACON NIGHT EXPRESS—DAIL

No. 31 WESTWARD. No. 32 EASTWARD.

No. 3: WESTWARD.

I.v. Camack. 120 a m Lv. Macon. 620 p m Ar. Macon. 720 a m Ar. Camack. 1100 p m Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 8 will, If signail d stop at any regular schedule flag station.

No connection for Gainesville on Sundayy.

Train No. 27 will stop and receive parsongers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Foint, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. This train makes close connection for all points east, southeast, west, southwest, north and northwest.

Train No. 28 will stop and receive passengers at and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Foint, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyere Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur.

No. 28 stops at Harlem for supper.

I. W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager, 102 W, WHITE, T. P. A. Augusta, G.

IOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y., AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES.

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION (Circulation over 110,000) is mailed, post-paid, for \$1.25 a year, or for \$1.00 in clubs of five of more. Address all letters to THE CONSTITUTION,

A.J. J. Flynn, General Eastern Agent, Park Row, New York City,

ATLANTA, GA., MARCH 28, 1888.

A Revolution in Farming In the current number of Harper's Maga-Mr. Charles Dudley Warner has a

remarkably interesting article entitled "Studies of the Great West." Speaking of the state university of Wisconsin, Mr. Warner praises its agricultural department in high terms, but what im resses him most is the connection of the liversity with the farmers' institutes. Under a recent act of the legislature, farmers' institutes have been organized, and placed under the control of the regents of the university, who have the power to select a state superintendent to control them. The farmers, therefore, while not actually students of the university, are directly instructed by it. The state appropriates \$12,000 a year to this work, and the money has been found sufficient to pay the salaries of the superintendent and assistants and the expenses of specialists who are called in from time to time. In forty-five counties last year there were held eighty-two farmers' institutes. At the meetings 279 practical topics were discussed,

and 107 lecturers were employed. The

meetings are managed by local committees,

and every effort is made to interest the farmers and bring them to the front. Before the organization of these institutes, the farmers of Wisconsin depended mostly upon one crop, spring wheat, and in bad years they suffered greatly, as they had nothing else to fall back upon. But the institutes changed all this. The farmers at their meetings discussed clover as a fertilizer; recuperative agriculture; bee-keeping; household economy; the education of farmers' daughters; the economy of sheep husbandry; egg production; poultry; the value of thought and application in farming; horses to breed for the farm and marbreeding and management of swine; mixed farming; corn culture; breeding and care of cattle; small fruits; butter-making;

the country roads, etc., etc. Mr. Warner says in conclusion:

The farmers have been enabled to protect themselves against the effects of drought and other evils. Taking the advice of the institute in 1896, the farmers planted \$0,000 acres of enslage corn, which took the place of the short hay crop caused by the drought. This provision saved thousands of dollars' worth of sock in several counties. From all over the state comes the testimony of farmers as to the good results of the institute work, like this: "Several thousand dollars' worth of im-proved stock have been brought in. Creameries and cheese factories have been established and well supported. Farmers are no longer raising grain ex-clusive y, as heretofore. Our hillsides are covered with clover. Our farmers are encouraged to labor anew. A new era of prosperity in our state dates With such results it must be admitted that

the sensible system of agricultural education adopted in Wisconsin is working admirably. Perhaps precisely the same plan would not suit the farmers in every state, but some thing of the kind, modified to suit the wants and wishes of each locality, would no doubt be found of great benefit to our agriculturists everywhere. If these institutes are to be credited with the revolution in farming in Wisconsin, they should be given a fair trial in the south, where an agricultural revolution is most assuredly needed.

If the democratic party wants to reduce the surplus at once and effectually, let it repeal the odious and undemocratic internal revenue system.

An Archbishop's Views. Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, has authorized the publication of an interesting interview by a reporter of the World, in which the position of the Catholic church toward McGlynn, George and the Knights of Labor is clearly defined. The interview was had through Vicar-General Preston, but

Against McGlynn and his Anti-Poverty society the archbishop is particularly severe, announcing that the "church is done with him." Further than this, the archbishop says that any Catholic who attends Mc Glynn's lectures is giving encouragement to an enemy of the church and is guilty of a grave fault; not that the enemy is dangerous in himself, "but because he may exert a baneful influence over weak minds through the very encouragement given him."

was read and indorsed by the archbishop.

It appears that Henry George possesses the sympathy rather than the indorsement of the archbishop, who believes him to be sincere in his aims, "though, of course," he says, "his land theory is false." The archbishop thinks George was very wise in throwing McGlynn off, for being no longer encumbered with "the Old Man of the Sea" he will fare much better without the incubus of McGlynn's partnership. "Still," he continues, "George's doctrine on the land question as well as his views as to government ownership of railways and telegraphs, which are to be for the use of all without individual cost, is nothing but rank socialism. Called by any other name, socialism is the same, and the church has condemned it. It is a fine idea for the shiftless and lazy, that of living on the commonwealth-but it is not only visionary and preposterous, but also emphatically immoral.

The archbishop speaks in no uncertain terms in denouncing the teachings of socialism, and what he says will be approved by

In speaking of the Knights of Labor the

archbishop says: one wrong principle. No Catholic, indeed, no self-respecting man, ought to bind himself to follow the future rulings of a majority vote, or, what is more respecting man, ought to bind himself to follow the fluture rulings of a majority vote, or, what is more often the case, of or irresponsible junta. Here we see one man or a small committee clothed with the power of ordering thousands to quit work, to suin their families and to clog the wheels of commerce so that other thousands are thrown out of employment and the general public inconvenienced. It is a system which not only deprives a man who desires it of work—robs him, in short, of his freedom—but in the sufferings and hardships it causes is a peophete. erings and hardships it causes is absolutel

This interview will be read with much Interest, and what is said of the Knights of Labor may be regarded as expressing the views of the Catholic church. It will be rered that some time ago the church withdrew its objection to its members be-

longing to the order, on the faith of certain promises made by Mr. Powderly to Cardinal Gibbons. "These promises;" the archbishop says, "Mr. Powderly has not been able to fulfill, for he is not the real ruler, which power is vested in a council which decrees what shall and what shall not be

THE south is no place for the Morn elders if the Tennessee programme is to be put in operation.

Mrs. W. H. Felton on Luxurious Living. The article of Mrs. W. H. Felton in the Criterion on the danger to the republic from the increase of luxury in living, was strong and significant. We reprinted it in these columns, thereby giving it our most deli-cate compliment and indorsement.

But is there not another side to the pic ture she drew? We all agree that simple habits and simple living are best. That noderate fortunes are best and well-diffused prosperity. But do not the poor profit after all by the follies of the rich?

Which is best in the community: The illionaire who lives on cheese parings and in a hut, squeezing the tail of the eagle every time he spends a dollar, or the milionaire who scatters his money in rich living and showers gold for pictures or feasts? When Vanderbilt spent \$100,000 on a night's ball, the florists, artists, confectioners, musicians, dressmakers and thousand of people into whose pockets that princely sum went, felt kindlier to Vanderbilt than to another millionaire who that night ate a ten-cent supper in a chill and deserted house. When a man pays \$10,000 for a single picture that noney spins through the fingers of the artist and goes into a hundred avenue of trade. If a man has a new carriage for every season of the year, the carriagemaker approves as he takes his check four times a year. The man who spends \$1,000 to paint the walls of a single room is rather better as far as the public is concerned than the equally rich man who has his walls made leprous with ten dollars worth of paper.

In these days of imperfectly administered harities it is doubtful if a man cannot do uite as much good by running the bulk of his income out through easy and luxurious living, as by putting it into gifts or endow ments. No matter how foolishly he may spend, his money finds its wise uses, and lavishly as he threw it away it strikes very soon the brawny hand of toil and lights the eye of poverty with the sweetness of bread and meat carned in honest labor.

The ideal man of wealth, let us say, is the man who gives one-fourth of his income to charity or public works, who puts one into reserve and spends the remaining half in improving, beautifying his property and in liberal or even lavish living. Such a man is certainly more to the public than the man who keeps soul and body together on five per cent of his income and lets his fortune fatten while his body starves. The man who sits down to a \$100 supper in Delmonico's makes a market and brings a price to the hunter who shot his duck in the Chesapeake, the fisherman who took his salmon in the Kennebec, the farmer who raised his celery in Long Island, and the peasant who pressed his wine in France. As long as he lives within his income, give us the man who spends, even if he pays fifty dollars apiece for his plates (which make glad the artist and potter), or \$500 for flowers (which the florists get), for a single night.

Some of the papers used a cut of Allen G. Thurman to commemorate the death of Chief Justice Waite.

Judge Speer as an Author. The lawyers of the state have much expectation about a law book soon to be put up the market, of which Judge Emory Speer is the author.

The work is on "The Removal of Causes." and treats of the numerous and important changes in the jurisdiction of the federal courts by the far reaching act of March 3d, 1887. A principal feature of the book is an analysis of the act. It has been pronounced by the courts the most obscure piece of legislation on the subject of jurisdiction yet enacted by congress. The book takes up. analyzes and construes each section and clause of the act, bringing to bear upon its construction all the important decisions of the supreme court of the United States, and the important and recent decisions of the

circuit courts; the citations of cases are brought down to date The revolutionary character of this act has placed the bench and bar absolutely at sea on the question of the jurisdiction of the federal courts by removal from state courts, so much so, that the act has had almost as many constructions as there have been judges to construe it. This created a necessity for a clear, comprehensive and analytical treatise which would simplify and make plain the law as now of force.

This Judge Speer has most admirably done The entire subject of removal of causes both civil and criminal, is fully treated, and in the appendix there is an ample collection of new and carefully prepared forms for the removal of causes adapted to the law as now modified, for use of the practitioner, and a tabular compendium in which the elements of the various removal acts are thrown in juxtaposition for comparison and the essential elements requisite for the removal of a cause under each provision is made so apparent that the practitioner can tell at a glance whether his cause is removable, with ready reference to the decisive

The book is written in the clear and attractive style for which all of its author's writings are remarkable, and will doubtless have a large sale throughout the country. Several prominent law publishing firms com peted for the work. Messrs. Little, Brown & Co. assume all the cost of publication and are to pay the author a handsome royalty It will be issued about April 10th from the University Press, Cambridge, Mass. and, like in all work done there, the typog raphy and paper is certainly beautiful.

THE situation in banking circles is rendered interesting by the imperative desire on the part of a few presidents and cashiers to visit Canada.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE complains that the "confederates are organizing in the south." We trust the editor of the Tribune will not again take to the woods.

THERE WAS SOMETHING peculiarly sad in sudden death of ex-Lieutenant Governor the sudden death of ex-Lieutenant Governor Dorsheimer, of New York. He was on his way to Florida with his wife, when a fatal at-tack of pneumonia ended what had promised to be an enjoyable pleasure trip. Mr. Dors-

heimer was one of the foremost leaders of the New York democracy for many years, and in the national conventions of his party his pen and tongue have rendered valuable aid. During recent years, and until his death, he was at the head of the New York Star. Mr. Dorsheimer as a politician and journalist made a host of friends, and some enemies, but all will

nite in deploring his untimely end. WE TRUST THAT We will not be considere premature in saying that the national demo-eratic convention of 1892 must be held in At-

GOVERNOR LEE, OF VIRGINIA, has the vice presidential bee in his ear. In a recent interview he said that Cleveland would certainly nated and that the result of the elec tion would be settled by the vote of New York Of the south and the vice-presidency the gov-ernor said: "If that great portion of American people represented by about 153 electoral votes of the 201 necessary to select a national ticket will demand some representation thereon they will get it, I suppose. But whether it is best to do it, should be left to the convention. Everything should be subordinated to victory. The south has never asked for any place on the ticket, but has voted solidly for northern nen, and will do it again if necessary, but it is time for us to receive some recognition.

THERE IS A CONSIDERABLE lack of surplus n the Kentucky state treasury. A free (and easy) trader eloped with it.

A WHITE HAIRED father stood in a Boston allroom, the other night, watching his pretty daughter as she gyrated before him in the maddening whirl of a giddy waltz. Suddenly the young lady fell face downward. The waltzers rushed to her assistance, but she was

MR. GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS SAYS Mr. Cleveland is better than his party. Well, his party is a mighty good one.

OF THE SEVENTY-SIX United States senators, hirty have collegiate educations and of the 333 representatives, 107 are college men. Yet some of the brightest members of both houses are self-educated men and a majority of them received only academic or public school educations. The unbic schools are becoming more potent every year as great public educators.

THE DEMOCRATIC ADMINISTRATION continues to be unsatisfactory to the republicans. It will probably be a long time before they are

HON. JOHN T. OLIVE, of Oglethorpe county, is an applicant for the position of supreme court reporter, made vacant by the resignation of Mr. J. H. Lumpkin. Mr. Olive was one of the strongest members of the last legislature, and his record as a lawyer guarantees that he would make an efficient reporter if appointed.

MRS. MARGARET FOSSE, of New Orleans, elebrated her one hundredth birthday this week by cooking her breakfast and walking to She is the widow of Louis Fosse, who church was with Napoleon at Moscow.

IT IS VERY easy to learn a language well enough to read it without difficulty. A cor-respondent of Science says that he has learned o read readily two languages without the use of either dictionary or grammar, and believes his method not only possible, but the better way, when a knowledge of the language, not its grammar, is the one desire. His plan has been to begin with some easy author, and follow its text closely while some one reads aloud an English or some other familiar translation By following such a plan through a dozen or ore books, one may then venture on some simple author, dispensing with both dictionary and translation so far as possible, and learning the meanings of the new words, as they appear, from the context. After having read twenty or thirty novels or similar works in this way, he should begin the study of the grammar, and will then be surprised to find that conjugations and declensions are no longer a MAYOR HEWITT, OF New York, is always in

stew. He has so many quarrels on hand that he has probably forgotten how long it takes a duck egg to hatch.

THERE SEEMS TO BE a row in Indiana between 'the partisans of "Old Saddlebags" McDonald and those of Governor Gray. It is believed that Editor Watterson will be requested to

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW is said to be the can lidate of the Union League club, of New York, for the presidency, and Senator Evarts, the president of that influential republican or ganization, is quoted as having said: "A better man than Depew for president of the United States does not live." Then Depew's little boomlet is not a joke, after all.

THE SULTAN OF Zanzibar is dead. Poor felow, that he should have so soon followed the Arkoond of Swat. Thus do misfortunes never

THE LATE CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE'S physician was a woman, Dr. Caroline Winslow Dr. Caroline claims that she would have cured her patient but for the blunder of a stupid male doctor who used turpentine and stimulants. The lady physician states that she has not lost a case of pneumonia in forty years.

HENRY CLEWS SAYS that he made his fortune "by patience, hope and faith." Of course. The public knows Mr. Clews to be a very nice

BILL NYE'S HUMOR flags a little since the blizzard. Sooner or later, most of the newspaper humorists play out. Doesticks, the "Fat contributor," Mark Twain, "Peck's Bad Boy." all had their hey day of mirth and their decline. It is all right. The public will always find somebody to laugh at.

FUNNY THAT A bank examiner named Tate, should be sent to Raleigh to look into the affairs of the absconding bank officials. But he is not the Kentucky Tate.

MRS. FRANK LESLIE denies the report that he is married to a party of the name of Gillig. Gillig's name is certainly a mouthful. Complimentary Comments.

from vesterday's Evening Journal. In last Saturday's Journal we mentioned the fact that Mr. Howell had declined to enter the race for the senate, preferring to remain a member of the house of representatives, in which branch of the general assembly he successfully filled the term ending with the present legislature. We take pleasure in attesting Mr. Howell's efficiency as a member of the house. He was watchful of the interests of Atlanta and of Fulton county, and was popular with all the members. His influence was great, and his pleasant manners, combined with his knowledge of affairs, made hin quite as useful as any member in the body. He is young, but has "caught on" to public affairs with the same readiness and as complete a knowledge of the wants of the people as many men much older, and who have filled successive terms. Of course we cannot speak In last Saturday's Journal we mentioned the filled successive terms. Of course we cannot speak for the people of Fulton county; they will decide the question for themselves as to who will represent them in the next general assembly. But it affords the Journal pleasure to speak words of deserved praise for perhaps the youngest member that Fulton county ever sent to the legislature.

Mr. Howell will be more useful in the next legisle.

which the present to the legislature,
Mr. Howell will be more useful in the next legislature than the present one, should be be chosen; his experience will, of course, be of great-value to him to be only the course of great-value to him to be only the course of great-value to him to be only the course of great-value to him to be only the course of great-value to him to be only the course of great-value to him to the course of great-value to the great-value to the course of gr He is bright, active and energetic, and mentally well equipped for the work, and his ambition to grow more and more useful will prompt him to study with great care the wants of his constituents.

om the Athens, Ga., Banner-Watchman I am glad to see my young friend Clark Howell occupying such a prominent and enviable position. He ranked among the leaders in the late legislature, and his constituents were so well slature, and his constituents were so well used with him that he will be re-elected without pleased with him that he will be re-elected without opposition. A strong effort is being made to induce Mr. Howell to become a candidate for the senate in his district, but he believes he can serve his people botter in the lower house. But his promotion is only a quest'on of time. No young man in Georgia has more or warmer friends or more richly deserver recognition at the hands of his state.

### A NEW CHAMPION

For the Disabled Ex-Confederate Soldier.

ator Riddleberger's Speech on the Bil Presented by Mr. Blair to Give Maimed Ex-Confederates Preference.

WASHINGTON, March 27 .- In the senate the presiding officer laid before the senate a comunication from the marshal of the supreme court inviting the senate (by direction of justices) to attend the funeral ceremonies of the late chief justice in the hall of the house of entatives at noon tomorrow. On motion of Mr. Hoar the invitation wa

ccepted and it was ordered that the senate

meet tomorrow at a quarter before twelve. Mr. Blair called up the question of the second reading of the bill introduced by him some time since to give preference to disabled con-federate soldiers as between men who had been disloyal, in appointments to civil office.

Mr. Riddleberger said that he could not se the force of the objections made to the bill on the republican side of the chamber. Most of the objections to it had come from ex-confederates on the democratic side, and it was to them that he proposed to reply. He supposed that he was the only republican from th south who had been a confederate, and he represented, in some measure, the confederate oldier element. His colleague (Daniel) and two other ex-confederates had stated that no confederate soldier asked for the passage of such a bill. But ex-confederate soldiers had had very few men in congress to voice their wishes. They had no channel through which to express themselves. He had never ridden in an ambulance; never been sick a day; never was absent from a single fight in which his

brigade and regiment were engaged, and

nad suffered two terms of imprison-

The man, therefore, ment. challenged his loyalty to the confederacy in the past, did so with the same hazard of his veracity as if he were to challenge his loyalty to the union today. This was not a pleasant discussion for him. He was sorry that the crippled soldier of the south was not represented been some one more able than himself, and was antagonized by those who should have stood by him. He represented the ex-confederates who were misrepresented by others who would go home and claim to be their best friends and leaving patriotism at Washington and talking confederacy at home. In this connection he made an allusion (rot understood by the reporter) as to some confederate officer inducing his men to exchange confederate money, \$5 for \$3 of a like issue. And yet, the senator from Connecticut, (Hawley) he said, had congratulated his colleague from Virginia on his statesman-like speech. He (Riddleberger) was not here as a persistent confederate. He was not here to ask for any other terms than those which had been accorded to him years ago. But he was here to answer to every accusation of the kind whetch he found in the Congressional Record the past, did so with the same hazard of his here to answer to every accusation of the kine which he found in the Congressional Record

which he found in the Congressional Record, against men who had been confederates, and who had dared to express their own judgment and to have the courage of their own convictions. He could not understand how three confederate generals and one federal general hould oppose the bill.

Mr. Blair defended the principles of his bill,

which, he said, he had introduced after pro which, he said, he had introduced after pro-longed reflection, and on the same afternoon that he had had a conversation with a crippled confederate soldier. The bill was not (as some seemed to think) an entering wedge to the pen-sioning of confederate soldiers. It was simply a bill embodying an act of homanity—of hu-manity blended with inagnanimity—and ability—blended with magnanimity—and which, he thought, a great nation might well exhibit. So far as public policy was concerned he believed the proposition to be a wise one. He had received very many letters of thanks and commendation from ex-confederate soldiers since the bill had been introduced. He calculated that there were, at least, a quar-He calculated that there were, at least, a quarter of a million ex-confederate soldiers still living, of whom, perhaps, from 50,000 to 60,000 were without arms or legs. These men could not be pensioned. Nothing could be done for them by the federal government of the country o ment, except in some indirect manner. Ever since the close of the war, ex-confederates had since the close of the war, ex-confederates had been appointed to office, not only under demo-cratic administrations, but under republican administrations. He supposed that 99 out of every 100 appointments to the civil service, made in the south, were of men who had been slidered begins the way and it was too lets for disloyal during the war, and it was too late for his republican friends to say that it protruded any novel doctrine on the senate He wondered whether, if Mr. Lincoln occupied a seat in the senate, or if Generals Grant or Sherman, or Sheridan, occupied seats in it, they would be senated as the second seats of the bill.

object to a second reading of the bill.

Mr. Edmunds opposed the second reading of the bill, and remarked that in most parliamentary bodies in civilized countries the chief dis on on the broad merits of a bill take cussion on the proad merits of a bill takes place on the question: "Shall the bill be read second time?" There was, therefore, on a measure of such importance, no want of cour-tesy in taking the sense of the senate on the question of ordering the bill to a second read-ing. When a measure so strange, so unique, so important, as to attract attention on its so important, as to attract attention on its broad merits, was introduced, it was not only right but wise that its principles should be considered, and that (lit were thought victors) it should be put an end to then. This was a bill which either conferred benefit on a was a bill which either conferred benefit on a particular class of persons, because of particular quality and relation which they occupied, or else it was mere sham and humbug. Senator from New Hampshire had shown that the bill would be, undoubtedly, a great benefit to the particular class of persons described in it. It was not, therefore, a sham and a humbug. There was now on the statute book a law saying that a particular class of United States citizens, who have distinguished themselves in fighting for their country, should mselves in fighting for their country, should themselves in fighting for their country, should be preferred as government employes. This bill proposed that a certain class of citizens, who had distinguished themselves in fighting against their country, should be in a like man-ner preferred—and for the same reason. That was the proposition. He thought it safe to say that no such proposition had ever before been made in any legislative body, and prob-ably no such proposition would ever again be made. It destroyed all distinction between been made in any legislative body, and probably no such proposition would ever again be made. It destroyed all distinction between patriotism and the reverse. Nobody objected to confederate soldiers or confederate citizens sitting in either house of congress. They did not occupy such seats not because they had been confederates, but because the period of heatility having nessed away, they stood just

hostility having passed away they stood just like every other citizen—no better and no worse. As to the appointment of Mosby and other ex-confederates by General Grant, he said that General Grant had appointed them not because they had been confederates, but heccurs they were useful and natriotic citizens.

said that General Grant had appointed them not because they had been confederates, but because they were useful and patriotic citizens. He hoped the senate would take no further step with the bill.

Without disposing of the question, the senate, at 2 o'clock, took up the house bill to provide for the purchase of United States bonds, by the secretary of the treasury, the pending question being an amendment offered yesterday by Mr. Stewart, authorizing the deposit of gold or silver bullion and the issuance of coin certificates therefor.

Mr. Teller took the floor and spoke for two hours, advocating Mr. Stewarts's amendment, and making a general argument in favor of silver for all financial purposes. He said that until the United States government took the back track and planted itself squarely on the doctrine that silver coin must be treated the same as gold coin, the United States would have little or no effect on the financial conduct of other nations. When the government would have done that, there would be no further question about the price of silver.

Mr. Reagan presented an amendment, which he desired to have printed (to be offered hereafter) authorizing the secretary of the treasury to cancel interest-bearing bonds with a hundred millions of gold now reserved in the treasury for the redemytion of legal tender notes.

dred millions of gold now reserved in the treas-ury for the redemption of legal tender notes, and repealing that portion of the resumption act which requires the redemption of legal ten-

or notes in coin.

Mr. Beck gave notice that he would also offer an amendment the bill which he had introas an amen uced on the same subject. On motion of Mr. Sherman a committee of ive senators to attend the funeral of the la

hive senators to attend the funeral of the late chief justice at Toledo was ordered, and Messrs. Sherman, Allison, Evarts, George and Gray were appointed.

Mr. Sherman suggested that in the absence of these senators further action or discussion on the bond bill should be suspended, and Mr. Hoar asked and obtained unanimous coment.

to have the senate proceed during the re-mainder of the week (assuming that there would be no business attended to tomorrow and that there would be no session on Good Friday) to the consideration of bills on the cal-

Mr. Palmer moved that the bond bill be re-

committed to the committee on finance.

The motion was entered and will be pending when the bill is taken up again next week. After a brief executive session, the senate at 4:15 adjourned to meet at 11:30 a. m. to ANOTHER CONTEST SETTLED

Mr. Post, of Illinois, Retains His Seat in the

Mr. Post, of Illinois, Retains His Seat in the House.

Washington, March 27.—In the house the speaker laid before the house the following communication from the marshal of the United States supreme court:

I am directed by the justices of the supreme court of the United States to inform you that, in accordance with a resolution of the house of representatives, adopted March 26, 1888, the funeral ceremonies of the late Chief Justice Waite will be held in the hall of the house of representatives March 28 at 12, noon. Members of the house are respectfully invited to attend on that occasion.

The communication was laid upon the table.

The communication was laid upon the table.
Mr. O'Ferrall, of Virginia, called up and the louse adopted a resolution of the committee melections in the contested election case of Worthington vs. Post, from the tenth Illinois listrict. The resolution confirms the right of cost, the sitting member.

Post, the sitting member.

A bill was reported from the committee and placed on the calendar for a public building at

Mr. Plumb, of Illinois, from the committee or railways and canals, reported a bill to provide for ascertaining the propriety and feasa-bility of constructing a gulf and lakes water way. Committee of the whole.

way. Committee of the whole.
Other bills were reported and placed on the calendar as follows:
To define and punish the offense of setting fire to woods, crass and forests on government land; to authorize the appointment of clerks to senters and representatives not chairmen of comators and representatives not chairmen of com-mittees; for election of senators by legal voters of states; to amend the civil service act and fixing the salaries of judges of United States The house proceeded to the consideration of the Union Pacific railroad funding bill. Chair-

man Outhwaite opened the discussion with a detailed explanation of the bill. detailed explanation of the bill.

At the expiration of the morning hour the military academy appropriation bill was taken up and passed, after a brief explanation by Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina.

Mr. Holman, of Indiana, called up the general public land bill.

eral public land bill.

Mr. Smith, of Wisconsin, offered an amendment providing that all deposits of coal and iron on the lands of the United States shall be reserved to the United States, and no further grant or patents from the United States shall be held to induce such deposits.

Mr. Smith said that the object of his amendment was that till the coal and iron deposits.

ment was that title to coal and iron deposits

ment was that title to coal and iron deposits should never go out of the hands of the people. No disposition was made of the amendment, and it was left pending.

Mr. Payson, of Illinois, offered an amendment providing that no patent to mineral lands shall issue except to a citizen of the United States. He declared that no man should be allowed to acquire a title to mineral deposits unless he assumed the burdens as well as the privileges of American citizenship.

Pending action, the house adjourned until tomorrow at 11:30.

morrow at 11:30.

Senator Ingalls's Letters. Washington Cor. New York World. Senator Ingalls tells me he has received ,500 letters in regard to his recent flery speech in the serate, and that his newspaper mail comes in by the bushel. "The great majority of the letters," says he, "have been commendatory of my action, but a few have sought to advise me, and one unr known correspondent threatens me with personal violence. One marked newspaper paragraph de-nounces me as an inidel, and says that a man who has no respect for the Almighty could not be expected to respect the memories of such saints as Mo Clellan and Hancock. The generosity of the news papers in the way of advice as to an apology is re-markable, and I note that numerous editors say that I have signed my political death warrant. It is wonderful how sensitive some of these editors are and their prophecies today are the same as those they made when I delivered the anti-administration speech of last year. As to the letter published in the newspapers, I could not answer such a letter even had I been inclined to. No man has a right to call me to account for the language I use in the senate chamber, and I have no apology to make. If there is any man standing with his hand at his car listening for my apology he had better take it down. fo. his muscles will grow as stiff as those of the devotee on the Ganges before he hears what he desires. I would merely say that my letters come from G. A. R. men all over the country, and that they show me that I am in accord with the sympathy of the peo-

Atlanta's New Road. rom the Athens Banner-Watchman

Work on this line is progressing finely, in uth Carolina, between Monroe and Chester. The force at work at present, is not quite so large; but as peretofore, General Hoke is making arrangement let the en tire line, between Chester and Atlanta to contractors and by the middle of the summer thousands of hands will be at work all along the

line and it will be pushed rapidly.

Forty-five miles in South Carolina has been graded and track is being placed thereon. The distance from Chester to Atlanta is about 215 miles, so, at the best, it will require some time to complete the work, but the probability is that cars will be running from Monroe to Atlanta, within eighteen As soon as the main line is finished, the company will run branch roads to tap the most im-portant points. One of these is Washington, which can be reached, by a branch, just this side of Elber. ton, of only about twenty-two miles. This branch ould be a magnificent feeder to the road as it ould haul thousands of bales of cotton from Elbert and Wilkes and by a much more direct route than either the Georgia or Richmond and Danville. This ould insure to Athens almost the entire crop o Wilkes and Elbert counties, which at a low estimate will amount to 25,000 bales. Washington is anxious for this road and will raise a large subscription to assist General Hoke in building it.

Not a Fool. But a Lunatic.

From the Chicago Herald. THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION says: "Somebody should present Senator Ingalls with a striped pair of tights and a belled cap, in which he would attract, more attention as a fool than as the Senator from Kansas." But Ingalls is not a fool; he's a lunatic. The fools of the cap and bells were ofte ellows "of infinite jest and most excellent fancy." Rapid Gain in California Population

from the Boston Record. Mrs. Giveaway, the wife of a California railroad agent, recently presented her husband with five healthy boys, and the unhappy father thinks of collectively naming them Adam Universal Language Must Grow.

From the Binghampton Republican.

Minnie—Papa, what is volapuk? Papa-Why, it is the universal language. Minnie-Who speaks it? Papa-Nobody. Judge Tompkin's Fountain of Wisdom.

Judge Henry Tompkins says: "After all the centuries, it remains that 'Æsop's Fables the wisest book ever written.' A SPRING SHOWER,

Teacher—In what battle was General Blank tilled? Bright boy—His last one. Stephen Webb, of San Luis, Cal., has adver-ised for "a wife who can milk a cow." What the old soldier wants for his wounds is an Uncle Sam salve that will draw a pension. Buffalo Sill intends to write a book about the Indian as the Indian really is in the wild west. Possibly you never stopped to think of it, but the two-headed woman must be either happy or miserable every Easter Sunday.

Alabama has what her boom papers call "the great agricultural belt." It will not be fair for the blizzards to strike her below the belt. Bob Ingersoll is so irreverent that, if he hould see death coming on a pale horse, he would ook around right away for the red-headed girl. ston says Sullivan was overtrained. This John Randolph's description of some Virginia "Poor by nature, and ruined by cultiva-

A prehisioric dam has been discoveree in Oregon. It is supposed to have been uttered by Hannibal Hamlin the first time he went out with no

P. T. Barnum has a knack of "catching on" to things which doesn't fail him in any emergency. The swift New York street cars he disdains to stop, but swings on behind in a truly juvenile manner.

### THE CHAUTAUQUA,

Meeting Yesterday to Complete Organization in Georgia.

he Plan of Organization—The Value of the Property at Salt Springs, and the Pro posed Improvements

A number of gentlemen met at THE CON-STITUTION office yesterday for the purpose of organizing a company to build and run the

Piedmont Chautauqua at Salt Springs.

Captain E. P. Howell was called to the chair and requested Mr. Grady to state the object of the meeting.

Mr. Grady said: "The Chantauqua idea has grown immensely popular throughout the country. Ten or twelve years ago the first

Chautauqua was organized. There are now forty-two. There is none in Georgia, but the need of one has been felt. At the original chautauqua a city has been built, and two of three hundred thousand people gather the every summer. The best of amusement is provided—wholesome, hearty, cordial amusement. Back of this is the intellectual and educative feature. There are summer schools for every department of learning. Lectures certs, readings and entertainment of every sort. The Chautauqua has had the patronage of such men as President Grant, President Hayes, President Clevel; nl., Senator Evats, and the leading men of the country. Messrs. Marsh and company have proposed to give seventeen acres of land admirably adapted for a Chautauqua, within a hundred yards of their. Sweetwater Park hotel. They propose to give this outright, and then to give the Chautauana company a per contact of the country. of 550 acres they own. The Georgia Pacific of 550 acres they own. The Georgia Facine railroad has agreed to contribute \$7,500 in money and a per centage on every ticket sold to Salt Springs, or Chautauqua station. These two concessions will be very valuable. The idea new is to erect buildings at once, and prepare a programme of entertainment and pare a programme of entertainment and amusement for July and August that will attract people from every section of the country."

Mr. D. M. Bain: "How do you propose to raise the money?"

Mr. D. M. Bain: "How do you propose to raise the money?"
"It is proposed to put twenty thousand dollars of bonds on the seventeen acres of land given by Messrs. Marsh & Co., with the understanding that every dollar of the proceeds shall go to the improvement of the property. The bonds will thus be secured by land which is worth twenty thousand dollars, and by the improvements, and by the concessions. Each purchaser of a hundred dollar bond will get one hundred dollars in stock. This stock will own the property when the bond will get one hundred dollars in stock. This stock will own the property when the bonds are paid. The twenty thousand dollars thus raised will beautify the seventeen acres, and put up the necessary buildings. Purchasers of land will put up their own cottages, and the hotel company will put up an immense restaurant for feeding the crowd. The rallroad agrees to run special trains every day to accomagrees to run special trains every day to accom-modate the crowd, and we believe we can fre-

modate the crowd, and we believe we can frequently put ten thousand people in the gates. Three parties have already offered to take \$13,500 of the bonds."

"My idea was that we could get good officers by making Mr. M. C. Kiser president, and Dr. J. W. Leo secretary. I have spoken to Mr. Kiser about it, and while he did not agree to accept, I feel sure that he would not let his declination stand in the way of the enterprise. The Chautauqua will grow to great proportions, and it is important to have a good business man at its head, and I think Mr. Kiserthe man for the place." Mr. Howell thought it would be better to

popularize the subscription by putting the bonds at one hundred dollars each and getting as many men as possible interested. Two hun-dred men holding a bond of a hundred dollars each would be better than a few men holding Dr. J. W. Lee had found profound interest

in the matter wherever he had traveled. In Rome the people were very much interested, and one gentleman there wanted five hundred dollars interest in the enterprise. Mr. S. M. Inman suggested that the sub-scription list might be prepared and circulated at once.

Mr. Howell suggested that a dozen lists:

placed in good hands would secure the money within a day or two.

Mr. John R. Wilkinson thought the issue ought to be limited to twenty thousand dol-

lars.

Mr. G. B. Adair nominated Mr. Kiser for temporary president, and Dr. J. W. Lee as temporary secretary.

Mr. D. M. Bain moved that Hon. Henry Hillyer be instructed to prepare an application for charter for the Chautauqua company, and have it multished at once. have it published at once.

Mr. J. C. Kimball stated that he had written

and that it met with universal approbation

The subscription lists will be ready today. The architects and landscape engineers are already at work on the grounds and buildings, and a force of several hundred hands will be and a force of several numbered names with the at work within a week. Mr. W. A. Duncan, secretary of the New York Chautauqua, at his own suggestion kindly came to Atlanta and spent several days consulting with the projectors of the Piedmont Chautauqua as to the programme and attractions for a summer session.

Major Bacon and the House.

Larry Gantt in Fanner-Watchman. I met at the Kimball house Hon. A. O. Bacon, and asked him the truth of the report pub lished in THE Constitution that he would be a candidate for the house from Bibb county, Major Bacon said that under one condition he would con-sent to make the race—that is for every man, woman and child in the county to yote for him. Major Bacon has withdrawn from politics, and is devoting his entire time to his profession. He is one of the first lawyers in the south, and it would be a sacrifice for him to give up his lucrative practice to accept any office within the girt of his people. Georgia boasts few such men as Major Bacon. He is true to boasts few such men as Major back. He is what to bis state, his party, and his friends, and would fill with honor any position to which he might be called. Even those who were his bitterest opponents in the late gubernatorial contest, now acknowledge that he would have made one of the best except of Geography when when we have knowledge that he would have governors Georgia ever knew.

"Rhetoric" is Good.

From the Lancaster Exam Governor Martin, of Kansas, sent a strawerry blonde doll to the Grand Army fatr at Washngton, explaining, in language all his own, that she had caught in the meshes of her hair the light of the Kansas sun, and in her eyes the violet sh ows of that girt the Kansas sky at evening." ric of the west, and especially Kansas rhetoric,

Thank You, We Have Had Notice! A circular from a firm of cotton brokers informs us that tomorrow (the 28th) is "notice day" for April contracts Yes, we had heard of it. Indeed, notice had already been served on us. We believe Atlanta is posted. So move ahead!

Cain's Wife. From the Chicago News. Where did he get her?
Who was her brother?
Had she a sister?
Had she a mother?
Was she pre Adamie—
Born before history—

Born before history— With her identity Shrouded in mystery? Maid of Phencela, Egypt, Arabia, Africa, India, Or sun-kissed Sunbia? Who was her father? Was he a viking. Was he a viking,

Was he a viking,
Cruising about
Just to his liking;
Out of the Whenceness,
Over the water,
Into the Where,
Bringing his daughter?
Native of Norway,
Denmark or Sweden?
Lured by the charms
Of the garden of Elen?
Blonde or brunette?
Rounded or slender?
Fiery or frigid?
Haughty or tender?
Why are her graces
Unknown to fame?
Where did Cain meet her?
What was her name?
Whisper it softly—
Say, can it be
The lady we seek
Was R. Haggard's "She?"

Tell me, ye sages, Students of Life

Who was Cab

RED HOT TIMES.

Bplits and Tumult at the Republican County Convention.

The Police Called In-The Two Faction Hold Two Conventions and Choose Two Sets of Delegates.

There were red-hot times in Good Templars hall yesterday.

The republicans of Fulton county held a con

ention, or several conventions.

From 12 o'clock until six the hall was filled with excited negroes, all of whom were pos-sessed of strong lungs—and they knew it. With the exception of the times when the At-lanta police took a hand in the proceedings, everybody in that section of the city knew it

It was a fight between the friends of Wimbish and McHenry on the one hand, and Rucker and Thompson on the other, these four being aspirants for the honor of attending the hicago convention as delegates.

Long before the chairman rapped for order vident that there were two factions,

and that each faction was enthusiastic and de-The fact that at the various ward and district meetings last Tuesday night, several meetings had split and elected two sets of delegates, and that the rival delegates were present and hard

at work, served to arouse a great deal of feeling, and it was a free fight from the start. Captain Mose Bentley, as chairman of the county executive committee, called the meet-ing to order. Then came the fight for secreand it was only after a wild squabble that Tom Cox was chosen to fill that position. Cox's first duty was to read a list of delegates whom the chairman announced he would recognize as the lawfully chosen delegates to the conven-

The chair had decided which of the contesting delegations from the first, fourth and sixth wards were entitled to seats, and there was a howl of disapproval from a large proportion of the

FIRST BLOOD FOR WIMBUSH. The Wimbush men had drawn first blood as this action scated the Wimbush delegation from the split wards. Then there was confusion confusion with a great big C-and it was ten ninutes before the whole list could be read. minutes before the whole list could be read.

It was a clean knockout of the Rucker forces, as under this state of affairs the Rucker men had only one ward—the third. A dozen negroes held the floor at the same time, while others talked from chairs and tables. Bedlam was discounted. Points of order and points of information were fired at the chairman from all parts of the hall and stump speechs ware. all parts of the hall and stump speeches were

being made on all sides.

Taking advantage of a momentary lull, a motion was made to elect a temporary chairman, as the chairman of the county committee only had authority to organize the meeting, and then give place to a regularly elected chairman. chairman.

In the midst of the wildest confusion, Bent-

ley was elected chairman. Attention was then directed to the chairman's list.
"Dis yere's bin cut, an' dried!" shouted a Bucker darky. "We aint goin' to have no show." The Rucker men cheered the speaker, and Wimbush men tried to put him out.

continuous tapping of the chairman's gavel.

The secretary, Cox, was a Rucker man, and
as he occupied a seat on the stage, his kicking
was particularly noticed, and called attention
to the fact that a temporary secretary should
be elected, as was done in case of the chairman. For the first time the faction lines were trongly drawn. The Rucker men supported Cox, while the Wimbush crowd nominated and supported H. H. Williams. All the delegates, even in the contested districts, and the alternates voted. It was decisive. Williams received forty-five votes and Cox thirty-five. L. The Pollice On HAND.

THE POLICE ON HAND. This only served to arouse the other faction, however, and a general fight seemed imminent. J. W. Thompson was particularly wild in his language and gestures. A policeman was sent for. Patrolman Lackey made his way through the crowd and quieted Thompson

and those immediately surrounding him.

As the door closed behind the policeman the racket began, and before the policeman reached the sidewalk it was as bad as ever. The excitement became intense. At least a dozen negroes were on the floor when Sergeant Mike White, under instructions from Acting Chief of Police Couch, entered the room.

"Have you permission from the mayor to "Have you permission from the mayor to beld a meeting?" he asked of the chairman.

"Well, you'll have to adjourn until you get At 2:45 the meeting was adjourned until At 2:45 the meeting was adjourned unit 3:15, after a committee had been instructed to see the mayor. The Rucker men wanted the mayor to refuse the permit, while the Wimbush men didn't, and from the foot of the stairs there was a wild race for the mayor's office. McHenry himself got there first.

The mayor wrote back:
To Captain Couch, acting chief police: The color-

The mayor wrote back:

To Captain Couch, acting chief police: The color
ed men have a right to have their county convention at any place in the city and are not to be mo
lested-unless violating the ordinances of the city of
the laws of the state.

John T. Cooper, Mayor. The laws of the state. John T. Cooper, Mayor.

THE MEETING RESUMED.

At 3:15 the meeting was again called to order, but the order didn't last long.

"I move that a committee on credentials be appointed," said J. W. Thompson.

"Sam Steele made dat motion 'fore adjournment," said Howard Horton.

"Then I amend by flying the number of

"Then I amend by fixing the number at nine," said Thompson. "He said seven in de 'riginal motion," said Then the confusion began. Finally the sec

retary, a Wimbush man, was called upon to settle the question by reading the minutes. The secretary read: "A motion was made to appoint a committee on credentials," and then he hesitated.
"—Of sevon," he added.
"Taint on dere," shouted a score of Rucker men. "He made it up. The number wasn't fixed."

Everybody howled at once. Men shook their Liverybody howled at once. Men shock their fists in each other's faces, and it was fully fifteen minutes before the question was decided by a rising vote. The Wimbush men had the same majority, and the number was fixed at seven. It could really make no material difference whether the number was seven or nine, but about twenty minutes had been wasted to determine the question. een wasted to determine the question.

Then the split came.

The Rucker men saw they were beaten, and they began cheering. For another fifteen minutes nothing could be done. Then the Rucker men, numbering seventy or eighty, fourteen of whom were delegates or contestees, withdrew to one end of the hall, leaving about two-thirds of the reconstruction. two-thirds of the room to the Wimbush delegates and their supporters. The room is about sixty by thirty feet, and there were now two distinct organizations, and in each crowd two men were speaking. The see-sawing was ludicrious, and the noise absolutely deafening. THE BOLTERS ELECT DELEGATES.

The bolting faction, the Rucker men, elected as delegates to the district convention—J, F. Thompson, W. H. Smyth, Steve Jones, Frank J. Wimberly, A. J. Carey, and W. B. Tunsell. The following is their county organization.

At large—W. E. Day, B. E. Cox, N.
Holmes, J. C. Jenkins, W. A. Jones, Jr.,
F. H. Crumley, F. Wimberly.
First ward—J. H. Towns, A. A. Mattison,
B. Busson F. B. Burson.
Second ward—C. N. Jenkins, J. T. Thornton, W. L. Scruggs.
Third ward—J. F. Thompson, Martin Alander, L. L. Lee.
Fourth Ward—L. B. Nelson, Stewart Wyley, F. B. B.

8. S. Lester.
Fifth ward—J. M. Jones, P. H. Christian,
Robert Craddock.

th ward—A. E. Buck, Thomas Goosby, J. ackshear.
ckhead district—John L. Conley, William South Bend district-G. W. Lee, S. J. Har-

These compose the county executive committee as the Rucker men wants it. Their delegates to the district convention on the 18th of next month are: A. E. Buck, H. A. Rucker, H. B. Gunn, W. E. Day, J. F. Thompson, W. B. Tunsell. Then amidst the

MR MR.

TLED. s Seat in the

on the table

s the right of y and feasa-lakes water laced on the

mentland; ion with a

ing hour the fill was taken nation by Mr. up the gened an amend-of coal and tates shall be d no further States shall of his amend-

saints as Mo

ina has been 215 miles, se

ith a striped ich' he would s were often alifornia rail

Grow.

Wisdom : "After all sop's Fables' ER.

eneral Blank is wounds is a book about think of it

that, if he orse, he would eaded girl.

f some Virginia ed by cultivadiscoveree in een uttered by ent out with no catching on"

## THE CHAUTAUQUA.

Meeting Yesterday to Complete Organization in Georgia.

The Plan of Organization—The Value of the Property at Salt Springs, and the Pro-posed Improvements.

A number of gentlemen met at THE CON-stitution office yesterday for the purpose of organizing a company to build and run the Piedmont Chautauqua at Salt Springs. Captain E. P. Howell was called to the chair and requested Mr. Grady to state the object of the meeting. Mr. Grady said: "The Chantauqua idea has grown immensely popular throughout the

Mr. Grady said: "The Chantauqua idea has grown immensely popular throughout the country. Ten or twelve years ago the first Chautauqua was organized. There are now forty-two. There is none in Georgia, but the need of one has been felt. At the original chautauqua a city has been built, and two or three hundred thousand people gather tleef every summer. The best of amusement is provided—wholesome, hearty, cordial amusement. Back of this is the intellectual and educative feature. There are summer schools for every eature. There are summer schools for every

department of learning. Lectures, con-certs, readings and entertainment of levery sort. The Chautauqua has had the patronage of such men as President Grant, President Hayes, President Clevel; nd, Senator Evaris, and the leading men of the country. Messrs, Marsh and company have proposed to give sev-enteen acres of land admirably adapted for a Chautauqua, within a hundred yards of their Sweetwater Park hotel. They propose to give this outright, and then to give the Chautau-qua company a per centage on the land sales

Sweetwater Park hotel. They propose to give this outright, and then to give the Chautau-qua company a per centage on the land sales of 550 acres they own. The Georgia Paciflo railroad has agreed to contribute \$7,500 in money and a per centage on every ticket sold to Salt Springs, or Chautauqua station. These two concessions will be very valuable. The idea now is to erect buildings at once, and prepare a programme of entertainment and amusement for July and August that will attract people from every section of the country." Mr. D. M. Bain: "How do you propose to raise the money?" "It is proposed to put twenty thousand dollars of bonds on the seventeen acres of land given by Messrs. Marsh & Co., with the understanding that every dollar of the proceeds shall go to the improvement of the property. The bonds will thus be secured by land which is worth twenty thousand dollars, and by the improvements, and by the concessions. Each purchaser of a hundred dollar bond will get one hundred dollars in stock. This stock will own the property when the bonds are paid. The twenty thousand dollars hus a stock will own the property when the bonds are paid. The twenty thousand dollars for a proper than a stock will own the property when the bonds are paid. The twenty thousand dollars hus a stock will own the property when the bonds are paid. The twenty thousand dollars thus raised will beautify the seventeen acres, and put up the necessary buildings. Purchasers of land will put up their own cottages, and the hotel company will put up an immense restaurant for feeding the crowd. The railroad agrees to run special trains every day to accommodate the crowd, and we believe we can fre-

taurant for feeding the crowd. The railroad agrees to run special trains every day to accommodate the crowd, and we believe we can frequently put ten thousand people in the gates. Three parties have already offered to take \$13,500 of the bonds."

"My idea was that we could get good officers by making Mr. M. C. Kiser president, and Dr. J. W. Leo secretary. I have spoken to Mr. Kiser about it, and while he did not agree to accept, I feel sure that he would not let his declination stand in the way of the enterprise. The Chautauqua will grow to great proportions, and it is important to have a good business man at its head, and I think Mr. Kiser the man for the place."

or the place."
Mr. Howell thought it would be better to popularize the subscription by putting the bonds at one hundred dollars each and getting as many men as possible interested. Two hun-dred men holding a bond of a hundred dollars each would be better than a few men holding

each would be better than a few men holding the whole issue.

Dr. J. W. Lee had found profound interest in the matter wherever he had traveled. In Rome the people were very much interested, and one gentleman there wanted five he ndred dollars interest in the enterprise.

Mr. S. M. Inman suggested that the subscription list might be prepared and circulated at once.

scription list might be prepared and circulated at once.

Mr. Howell suggested that a dozen lists placed in good hands would secure the money within a day or two.

Mr. John R. Wilkinson thought the issue ought to be limited to twenty thousand dollars.

Mr. G. B. Adair nominated Mr. Kiser for temporary president, and Dr. J. W. Lee as temporary secretary.

Mr. D. M. Bain moved that Hon. Henry Hillyer be instructed to prepare an application for charter for the Chautauqua company, and have it published at once.

Mr. J. C. Kimball stated that he had written a good deal about the matter over the state

a good deal about the matter over the state and that it met with universal approbation. He therefore felt certain it would be a great

success.

The subscription lists will be ready today. The architects and laudscape engineers are algready at work on the grounds and buildings, and a force of several hundred hands will be at work within a week. Mr. W. A. Duncan, secretary of the New York Chautauqua, at his own suggestion kindly came to Atlanta and spent several days consulting with the projectors of the Piedmont Chautauqua as to the programme and attractions for a summer session.

Major Bacon and the House.

Larry Gantt in Panuer-Watchman.

I met at the Kimball house Hon. A. O. I met at the Kimball house Hon. A. O. Bacon, and asked him the truth of the report published in The Constitution that he would be a candidate for the house from Bibb county, Major Bacon said that under one condition he would consent to make the race—that is for every man, woman and child in the county to vote for him. Major Bacon has withdrawn from politics, and is devoting his entire time to his profession. He is one of the first lawyers in the south, and it would be a sacrifice for him to give up his lucrative practice to accept any office within the gitt of his people. Georgia boasts few such men as Major Bacon. He is true to his state, his party, and his friends, and would fill with honor any position to which he might be called. Even those who were his bitterest opponents in the late gubernatorial contest, now so knowledge that he would have made one of the best governors Georgia ever knew.

"Rhetoric" is Good.

"Rhetoric" is Good. From the Lancaster Examiner. Governor Martin, of Kansas, sent a straw-Governor Martin, of Kansas, sent a straw-berry blonde doll to the Grand Army fatr at Wash-ington, explaining, in language all his own, that "she had caught in the meshes of her hair the light-of the Kansas sun, and in her eyes the violet shad-ows of that girt the Kansas sky at evening." The rhetoric of the west, and especially Kansas rhetoric, is something stunning.

Thank You. We Have Had Notice! A circular from a firm of cotton brokers in-forms us that tomorrow (the 28th) is "notice

Yes, we had heard of it. Indeed, notice had already been served on us. We believe Atlanta is posted. So move ahead! Cain's Wife.

From the Chicago News.

Where did he get her?
Who was her brother?
Had she a sister?
Had she a sister?
Had she pro Adamic—
Born before history—
With her identity
Shrouded in mystery?
Maid of Phoeneeia,
Egypt, Arabia,
Africa, India,
Or sun-kissed Sunlia?
Who was her father?
Was he a viking,
Cruising about
Just to his liking:
Out of the Whenceness,
Over the water,
Into the Whenceness,
Over the water,
Into the Where,
Bringing his daughter?
Native of Norway,
Denmark or Sweden ?
Lured by the charms
Of the garden of R len?
Blonde or brunette?
Rounded or slender?
Why are her graces
Unknown to fame?
Where did Cain meet her?
Where did Cain meet her?
What was her name?
Whisper it softly—
Say, can it be
The lady we seek
Was R. Haggard's "Shep"

### RED HOT TIMES

Splits and Tumult at the Republican County Convention.

The Police Called In-The Two Faction Hold Two Conventions and Choose Two Sets of Delegates.

There were red-hot times in Good Templars hall yesterday.

The republicans of Fulton county held a con-

vention, or several conventions.

From 12 o clock until six the hall was filled with excited negroes. all of whom were possessed of strong lungs—and they knew it. With the exception of the times when the Atlanta police took a hand in the proceedings, everybody in that section of the city knew it

It was a fight between the friends of Wimbish and McHenry on the one hand, and Rucker and Thompson on the other, these four being aspirants for the honor of attending the

Chicago convention as delegates.

Long before the chairman rapped for order it was evident that there were two factions, and that each faction was enthusiastic and de-The fact that at the various ward and district

eetings last Tuesday night, several meetings

meetings last I lesday night, several meetings had split and elected two sets of delegates, and that the rival delegates were present and hard at work, served to arouse a great deal of feel-ing, and it was a free fight from the start. Captain Mose Bentley, as chairman of the county executive committee, called the meeting to order. Then came the fight for secre tary, and it was only after a wild squabble that Tom Cox was chosen to fill that position. Cox's first duty was to read a list of delegates whom

the chairman announced he would recognize as the lawfully chosen delegates to the conven-The chair had decided which of the contesting delegations from the first, fourth and sixth wards were entitled to seats, and there was a howl of disapproval from a large proportion of the crowd.

disapproval from a large proportion of the crowd.

FIRST BLOOD FOR WIMBUSH.

The Wimbush men had drawn first blood, as this action scated the Wimbush delegations from the split wards. Then there was confusion—confusion with a great big C—and it was ten minutes before the whole list could be read. It was a clean knockout of the Rucker forces, as under this state of affiries the Rucker men had only one ward—the third. A dozen negroes held the floor at the same time, while others talked from chairs and tables. Bedlam was discounted. Points of order and points of information were fired at the chairman from all parts of the hall and stump speeches were being made on all sides.

Taking advantage of a momentary lull, a motion was made to elect a temporary chairman, as the chairman of the county committee only had authority to organize the meeting.

only had authority to organize the meeting and then give place to a regularly elected

and then give place of chairman.

In the midst of the wildest confusion, Bentley was elected chairman. Attention was then directed to the chairman's list.

"Dis yere's bin out an' dried!" shouted a Rucker darky. "We aint goin' to have no they."

show."

The Rucker men cheered the speaker, and the Wimbush men tried to put him out. At rare intervals in the melec could be heard the continuous tapping of the chairman's gavel.

The account of the blacker of the chairman's gavel. The secretary, Cox, was a Rucker man as he occupied a seat on the stage, his kicking was particularly noticed, and called attention to the fact that a temporary secretary should be elected, as was done in case of the chair-

man.
For the first time the faction lines were

man.

For the first time the faction lines were strongly drawn. The Rucker men supported Cox, while the Wimbush crowd nominated and supported H. H. Williams. All the delegates, even in the contested districts, and the alternates voted. It was decisive. Williams received forty-five votes and Cox thirty-five. In the Wimbush men had a fair majority.

This only served to arouse the other faction, however, and a general fight seemed imminent. J. W. Thompson was particularly wild in his language and gestures. A policeman was sent for. Patrolman Lackey made his way through the crowd and quieted Thompson and those immediately surrounding him.

As the door closed behind the policeman reached the sidewalk it was as bad as ever. The excitement became intense. At least a dozen negroes were on the floor when Sergeant Mike White, under instructions from Acting Chief of Police Couch, entered the room. "Have you permission from the mayor to the da meeting?" he asked of the chairman. "Not that I know of."

"Well, you'll have to adjourn until you get permission."

At 2:45 the meeting was adjourned until

"Well, you'll have to adjourn until you get permission."

At 2:45 the meeting was adjourned until 3:15, after a committee had been instructed to see the mayor. The Rucker men wanted the mayor to refuse the permit, while the Wimbush men didn't, and from the foot of the stairs there was a wild race for the mayor's office. McHenry himself got there first.

The mayor wrote back:

To Captain Couch, acting chief police: The colored men have a right to have their county convention at any place in the city and are not to be molested unless violating the ordinances of the city or the laws of the state. Joint T. Coorea, Mayor.

THE MEETING RESUMED.

At 3:15 the meeting was again called to order, but the order didn't last long.

"I move that a committee on credentials be appointed," said J. W. Thompson.

"Sam Steele made dat motion 'fore adjournment," said Howard Horton.

"Then I amend by fixing the number at hine," said Thompson.

"He said seven in de 'riginal motion," said Horton.

Then the confusion began. Finally the see.

"He said seven in de 'riginal motion," said Horton.

Then the confusion began. Finally the secretary, a Wimbush man, was called upon to settle the question by reading the minutes. The secretary read:

"A motion was made to appoint a committee on credentials," and then he hesitated.

"—Of sevon," he added.

"Taint on dere," shouted a score of Rucker men. "He made it up. The number wasn't fixed."

Everybody howled at once. Men shook their fists in each other's faces, and it was fully fifteen minutes before the question was decided by a rising vote. The Winbush men had the same majority, and the number was fixed at seven. It could really make no material difference whether the number was seven or nine, but about twenty minutes had been wasted to determine the question.

Then the split came.

The Rucker men saw they were beaten, and they began cheering. For another fifteen

The Rucker men saw they were beaten, and they began cheering. For another fifteen minutes nothing could be done. Then the Rucker men, numbering seventy or eighty, fourteen of whom were delegates or contestees, withdrew to one end of the hall, leaving about two-thirds of the room to the Wimbush delegates and their supporters. The room is about sixty by thirty feet, and there were now two distinct organizations, and in each crowd two men were speaking. The see-sawing was ludicrious, and the noise absolutely desfening.

THE BOLTERS ELECT DELEGATES.

The bolting faction, the Rucker men, elected as delegates to the district convention—J, F. Thompson, W. H. Smyth, Steve Jones, Frank J. Wimberly, A. J. Carey, and W. B. Tunsell. The following is their county organization.

At large—W. E. Day, B. E. Cox, N. Holmes, J. C. Jenkins, W. A. Jones, Jr., F. H. Crumley, F. . . Wimberly. First ward—J. H. Towns, A. A. Mattison, F. B. Burson.

Second ward—C. N. Jenkins, J. T. Thornton, W. L. Scruggs.

Third ward—J. F. Thompson, Martin Al-Bander, L. L. Leo.

Ander, L. L. Lee.
Fourth Ward—J. B. Nelson, Stewart Wyley,
S. S. Lester.
Fifth ward—J. M. Jones, P. H. Christian,
Robert Craddock.
Sixth ward—A. E. Buck, Thomas Goosby, J.
M. Blackboas.

nckhead district-John L. Conley, William

These compose the county executive committee as the Rucker men wants it. Their defigates to the district convention on the 18th of next month are: A. E. Buck, H. A. Rucker, H. B. Gunn. W. E. Day, J. F. Thompson, W. B. Tunsell. Then amidst the

greate t enthusiasm the Rucker faction adjourned. They had held possession of one end of the hall for al o ut an hour.

THE WIMBUSH MEN.

In the meantime the Wimbush men had changed the number of the committee on credentials from seven to three, J. T. Shell, R. T. Davis, S. W. Easley, Jr., and as the Rucker men withdrew, the committee of the Wimbush faction reported as follows: Delegates to the state convention—A. E. Buck, J. C. Jenkins, Captain John L. Conley, George T. Thrasher, S. W. Easley, Jr., and M. H. Bentley. Delegates to the district convention—J. T. Shell, Jackson McHenry, C. C. Wimbush, F. M. Bampel, F. W. Wimby and Howard Horton. All were declared elected.

Then the work of election the state of the work of elections the state control of the

and Howard Horton. All were declared elected.

Then the work of electing the county executive committee was begun. The committee as chosen are, F. H. Crumley, J. S. Rivers, S. H. Jackson, Lucius Wimby, M. H. Bentley, Jake McKinley, H. W. White, C. O. Fisher and Jackson McHenry, from the city at large; from the first ward. Eli Martin, Hampton Hall, Venie Bush; second ward, Louis Varner, J. C. Jenkins, J. D. Render; third ward, J. S. Williams, H. A. Watts, Colonel Geo. S. Thomas; forth ward, F. M. Van Pelt, Sandy Wordlaw, A. D. White; fifth ward. Chas. McHenry, S. T. Steele, Madison Bell; sixth ward, A. E. Buck, Z. B. Cargyle, G. W. Patillo; Bryant's district, C. M. Johnson, John Oliver; East Point, John L. Conley, J. C. Conley; Black Hall district, Rev. H. C. Davis, Rev. Geo. W. Farmer; North Atlanta, Wm. Wilkins, B. M. Scott; Cook's district, A. W. Hoffman, M. W. Hill; Oak Grove, Alexander Howell, Oliver Williams; Buckhead district, R. Wishum, G. W. Cook; South Bend, H. M. White, Alexander L. Simon; Collins district, R. T. Bradley, J. S. Sanders; Adamsville district, James Kenner mon; Collins district, R. T. Bradley, J. S. Sanders; Adamsville district, James Kenner

and Green Young. Of this committee M. H. Bentley was chosen chairman; Lucius Wim-berly, vice-chairman; and F. M. Van Pelt and William Wilkins, secretaries. William Wilkins, secretaries,

SHERMAN ENDORSED.

The following resolution was read and adopted amidst great enthusiasm:
Resolve d. That this convention recognize in Hon.
John Sherman a statesman of eminent ability, and should he receive the nomination for president he will make a sa's and competent this fexeutive of this grand republic.

Short speeches were made by McHenry.
Wimbush, Bentley, Easley, and Horton. At six o'clock the Wimbush crowd quietly adjourned.

journed.
There will be fun in the district and state

The Dates Corrected. LAGRANGE, March 24. 1888.—Editors Constitution: There is a mistake in the official call for the two conventions of the democrats of Georgia as printed in your issue of today. As printed, the time recommended for the relection of delegates is "for the first convention on the first Wednesday in May, and for the second convention on the first

Wednesday in August."

By reference to your reporter's notes, as printed by you on March 22d, you will find the time for the selection of delegates correctly stated. The correct time is "for the first convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention of the second conve Tuesday in July next." As ever yours truly,
BENJAMIN H. BIGHAM,
Chairman of the State Executive Committee

BITTEN BY A SNAKE.

A Gentleman Finds a Reptile in a Crate of Cabbage and is Wounded.

M. B. Smith, an employe of the Southern Express company, was bitten by a snake yes-terday, but escaped serious consequences be-cause of his presence of mind.

The snake was concealed in a crate of cab-

The snake was concealed in a crate of cabbage.

About half-past nine o'clock in the morning Mr. Smith was handling some crates of cabbage in the office and while pushing one around had a severe pricking sensation in the third finger of his left hand. The gentleman quickly snatched his hand away from the crate at the same time looking down. He was horrified to see a snake clinging to his finger and protruding from the crate, but realizing instantly that it was the snake's fang which had struck him, Mr. Smith quickly grabbed up a piece of sea weed twine and wrapped it tightly about the finger near the hand. Then he drew the cord tighter and tighter until it almost cut the flesh in two, and hurried to Dr. McFadden Gaston's office on Peachtree. The gentleman lost no time in reaching the physician and loss less time in explaining what had occurred. Dr. Gaston quickly examined the finger and and ascertained that the circulation between the bite and the hand had been entirely stopped. He then called in Dr. Nat. O. Harris and Dr. Murray and a hyperdermic injection of permangenate of potosh was given. The injection gave almost instant relief, and after watching it a few seconds the physicians removed the cord

The injection gave almost instant relief, and after watching it a few seconds the physicians removed the cord and made another injection. Then an anti-dote was given internally and Mr. Smith was sent home. He began to improve at once, and at midnight was safe.

The snake was a large, yellow, poisonous one, and came in the crate from Florida.

A GREAT EVANGELIST. The Rev. Dr. H. M. Wharton, of Baltimore.

Reaches Atlanta. Reaches Atlanta.

Dr. McDonald, pastor of the Second Baptist church, has succeeded in inducing the Rev. Dr. H. M. Wharton, of Baltimore, to come to Atlanta to assist him in the religious meetings which begin in his church tonight.

Dr. Wharton will preach tonight. He is acknowledged one of the most eloquent pulpit orators in the United States. As an evangelist he has, perhaps, no superior. He is fresh from his campaign in Florida, where he conducted the most wonderful meetings ever held in that state. His preaching is said to be so powerful that at the close of every sermon many persons that at the close of every sermon many persons confess that they have been persuaded. His coming to Atlanta may be regarded as a very important event. Doubtless immense crowds will hear him preach during his stay in

Atlanta. Died in New Orleans,

The friends in this city of Mr. Charles A. Larendon, of New Orleans, will regret to learn of the sudden death in that city, on Sunday aftornoor last, of his little daughter Lillian, from diphtheria She was a granddaughter of General Beauregard and a bright beautiful child.

Death of Colonel Hulbert. Colonel E. Hulbert died at his residence, 220 Hilliard street, at 3 o'clock this morning. He had been sick a long while, but the announcement of his death will be read with regret by his numerous

PERSONAL.

Though it was not generally known, Fred Gebhardt, the well known New Tork clubman, who has made himself noted by his attentions to Mrs. Langtry, was in the city on Saturday. He was here for a few hours, and left with the Langtry company

for Charleston.

COLONEL THOMAS, president of the Louis-ville and Nashville, with a charming party of Nashville people, passed through Atlanta Monday, and were joined by Miss Flora Fitten, who returned with them to spend a few days, the guest of Miss De Bow. Mr. A. J. Cooke, one of the proprietors of the Atlantic hotel, Morehead City, N. C., is at the

MR. AND MRS. J. W. RUCKER have returned

About Our People.

About Our People.

Miss Louise D. Jennings, a very intellectual and vivacious young lady of Mobile, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Baxter, on Marietta street.

Miss Nena Selden, of Arlington, N. C., is visiting relatives in the city.

Mr. Bennie Selden, of Arlington, N. C., is making a short visit to Atlanta.

Mrs. C. V. Reynolds, of Arlington, N. C., reached Atlanta yesterday morning and will remain here several days.

Miss Hattle Mohr and Miss Fannie Joy, two of Augusta's young ladies, spent yesterday in Atlanta and proceeded to Marietta.

At the last meeting of the Philosophic society, Judge Marshall J. Clarke and Colonel P. L. Mynatt were elected members by a unanimons vote.

Colonel William C. Glenn is still confined to his room with sickness.

Miss L. D. Dureau, of Concord, N. C., is visiting friends in Atlanta.

Mr. William Simmons Self, a very promising young man of Concord, N. C., and his mother. Mrs. Sarah Simmons Self, are visiting friends in Atlanta.

Yesterday morning a small party of North Carolinians came in on the Air-Line.

HIS SKULL CRUSHED IN.

A Negro Man Found Nearly Dead In an Alley.

Rube Stafford While Watching a Negro is Bar-His Injuries Dangerous.

Rube Stafford, a young negro well known in vv street hospital.

The back of his head is entirely crushed in. Stafford is well known among the police, but not as a law breaker; and the dangerous wounds upon his head, of which he will more than probably die, were inflicted by a negro whose arrest he has been trying to accomplish. For several days past the police have been looking for a young negro known as Ed Spencer and Ed Howard, who is wanted for burglaries and larcenies without number. Spencer is an oily negro and has managed to slip through the officer's hands time and time ago. A few days ago Stafford was called in and requested to aid in securing Spencer's arrest. He began trying to locate the Spencer's arrest. He began trying to locate the negro and late yesterday afternoon found him loaing around the ten cent circus, corner Loyd and Hunter street, and communicated with the police department. He was instructed to keep Spencer in sight until officers came and in obeying bis instruction received the fatal worni. Soon after dark Spencer began moving around restlessly, all the time watching Stafford as though he had tumbled to the shadow upon him. About ten o'clock he walked slowly away from the circus tent going down Loyd street. Just south of the church of Immaculate Concention, there is an alley leading off Loyd street, o'the west side, and when Spencer reached this alley he turned into it. Stafford was close behind him, and walked boldly into the alley. It was intensely dark, and was raining hard, but he had no thought of the danger to which he was subjecting himself. Before he had gone deep into the alley, he was stopped by a hard blow upon the back of the head. The blow knocked him to the ground, when another was added to it.

An hour later a negro connected with the circus was moving through the alley, and stumbling over something, made an investigation. The investigation disclosed a man lying

circus was moving through the alley, and stumbling over something, made an investigation. The investigation disclosed a man lying in the middle of the alley in an unconscious condition, covered with mud, rain and blood. The circus hand gave the alarm, and Patrolman Hamilton, who was looking for Stafford, and the negro he was shadowing, responded. The patrolman at first thought the negro was dead, and securing assistance, removed him to the city prison, whither Dr. Van Goidtspovan, the prison physician, was summoned. The officers about police headquarters recognized Stafford, and instituted an inquiry. From a negro who kal been with him at the nized Stafford, and instituted an inquiry. From a negro who had been with him at the circus they learned that he had been following Spencer all evening, and that he had been seen enter the alley immediately behind him. Of course the assault is a conjecture.

Near where Stafford was found, a very

Near where Stafford was found, a very heavy piece of round iron was picked up. It is supposed that the blow was with the iron. Dr. Van Goidtsnovan, after a careful examination, pronounced the negro's wounds as extremely dangerous, the entire back part of the skull having been crushed in. He was removed to the Ivy street hospital after his wounds had been dressed, and at 3 o'clock this morning was barely alive. morning was barely alive.

The negro who is supposed to have made the

sault is still at large.

THROUGH THE CITY.

News of Interest Gathered by the Reporters of The Constitution.

In the United States circuit and district courts yesterday Judge Newman directed the following order entered on the minutes of the courts and adjourned the courts until Thursday morning:

IN MEMORY OF THE LATE CHIEF JUSTICE MORRISON

IN MEMORY OF THE LATE CHIEF JUSTICE MORRISON
The court being informed that the funeral of the
late chief justice of the United States will take place
tomorrow, it is ordered by the court that in deference to said occasion and out of respect to the memory of that distinguished and lamented official,
there be no session of the courts on that day, and
that when the courts adjourn today it be until
Thursday next. Thursday next. Captain Connolly, chief of police, has gone

to Florida to testify against the two ticket thieves who were arrested in Atlanta last sum-mer. During the chief's absence Captain Couch will have charge of the force. The Hibernian society will give its annual ball and supper at Concordia hall on the 3rd of April. The event will be a grand one in the

history of the association. Hon. P. W. Meldrim, of Savannah, made an argument before the railroad commission in the case of the T. P. A. against the Pullman Palace Car company. The commission has the case under consideration.

Glenny & Violett's Report. New Orleans, March 27.—[Special.]—Liverpool opened this morning 2 points better, and steady at an advance, and in the absence of any New York advices, owing to the wires being out o order, our market advanced 3 to 4 points. During order, our market advanced 5 to 4 points. Damag the day, as news came in from that market, ours gradually and steadily improved, and towards the close was very firm at an advance of about 10 points, close was very firm at an advance of about 10 points, on account of some heavy buying orders. No private dispatches have been received from New York at all that we have heard of, but the advance is considered to indicate that a better feeling must exist there, and we hear of one or two cables received after close of business, saying the tone is better in Liverpool. June sold at 40 and July at 48 at the close. Spots are in good demand and full prices are paid for desirable long cottons, while mixed lots of undestrable quantity and also extra staple are very difficult to sell. Futures closed steady; January, 9.02@0.36; June, 9.39@9.40; July, 9.47@9.48; August, 9.47@9.48; Eptymber, 9.15@9.19; October, 8.97@8.98; November, 8.92@8.93; December, 8.93@8.94.

Large Dry Goods Auetton.

New York, March 27.—Dry goods men from

Large Dry Goods Auction.

New York, March 27.—Dry goods men from all points of the country attended the big auction sale of woolens at the rooms of Wilmerding, Hognet & Co., 66 White street, today. Goods were sold by order of the Arlington mills. One thousand cases of cotton warp, fancy dress goods and 5,000 pieces of all wool goods were sold, and the amount realized ranges between \$500,000 and \$600,000. Cotton warps brought good prices, ranging from \$94\$ to 12 and from 18% to 11% cents per yard; 21 inch beiges brought from 794 to 994 cents per yard. All wool goods went very cheap. Fifty inch lancies brought from 60 to 73 cents, and prices for 42 inch fancies ranged from 43% to 58 cents.

The Land Slide.

KANSAS CITY, March 27 .- The disintegra tion of the bluff between Sixth and Ninth street tion of the bluff between Sixth and Ninth streets continues, although the worst has apparently happened. Another large boulder fell iron the bluff into Freight street early this morning, and during the entire day there were small masses of earth and shale giving way. Several slides of earth have occurred from the bluff, through which the Grand Ayenne Cable company's tracks run between First and Second streets, but thus far the unning of the trains has not been interfered with. It is thought that the present cool, dry weather will put a stop to the breaking loose of portions of the bluff.

Ingalls's Introduction to Fame.

From the Pioneer Press.

They tell a story in Kansas City that Sena They tell a story in Kansas City that Senator Ingalls owes his election to an article which he wrote for a magazine a good many years ago. Somebody had called Ingals "one of the codish aristocracy" and he replied by writing an article entitled "The Catish Aristocracy," which was so full of sarcasm that it made him famous in his state. One of the catish aristocrats got so mad that he went to Ingalls's office to thrash him and the senator had to give him a ham and five bushels of otatoes to change his mind and go away.

A corrupt fountain corrupts the stream. Use Warner's Log Cabin Rose Cream for Catarrh. It has no equal. Sold by druggists generally.

The Ball given by the Hibernian Benevolent Society April 3d will be the grandest affair of the season.

WALKS AND TALKS.

"We have not talked over the appointment of Mr. Lumpkin's successor," said Judge Simmons, of the supreme c.urt, yesterday. "The appointment will probably be made by Saturday or Monday. We want to wait until all the applications are in, and then we will try to get the right man for the

place."

Eight candidates for the position have been announced so far. These are: Mr. Henry C. Peeples, of the office of Harrison & Peeples, of this city; Judge Courtland Symms, of Brunswick; Mr. Rollin A. Stanley, of Dublin; Colonel Tom Olive, of Ogiethorpe, wh was that county's representative in the last legislature; C. W. Seidell, of the Western and Atlantic, formerly secretary of the expensive department in. ture; C. W. Seidell, of the Western and Atlantic, formerly secretary of the executive department, under Governor Stephens; Colonel Tom Irwin, of Marietta; C. K. Maddox, formerly Governor Brown's secretary; and Mr. Howell C. Irwin, of Atlante, There certainly is good material in that list, and the judges cannot make a mistake in selecting any one of these gentlemen.

"I wish you would say something about north avenue," said Mr. M. B. Torbett, lastlevening "The people on that thoroughfare get absolutely no benefit from being in the city. The street is in horrible condition, and the work recently done on it has left the yards in such condition that they are continually over-run by cattle. I suppose I have has left the yards in such condition that they are continually over-run by cattle. I suppose I have driven cattle out of myyard a dozen times today, and I am tired of it. I have served notice that I will shoot the next cow that comes into my yard, so owners of cattle allowed to run at large had letter be on the lookout." In yesterday's Constitution Mr. M. L.

Rouse was made to say that there are just sixteen sounds in existence. What he did say was that there were sixteen you'd sounds.

"It requires a brave man to become an effi cient deputy United States marshal," remarked day. "This weapon," said the colonel as he placed his hand one double-barrelled muzzle loading gun about four feet long, "is what came near costing Depuly W. J. Abercromble his life. It was in the hands of a desperate man by the name of Bemjamine L. Bearden, of Douglass county, and was used as a persuader, to prevent the officers from making an arrest. This contains the load extracted from the gun, and there is enough lead slugs and tuckshot here to have killed a deen men if they had been standing lead the contains the load extracted from the gun, and there is enough lead slugs and tuckshot here to have killed a deen men if they had been standing in line. I ut Abererombie got his man.

GEORGIA COUNTERFEITERS. The United States Grand Jury Finds a Num-

ber of True Bills Against Them. For some time past Atlanta, and, in fact, the whole of north Georgia, has been deluged with a generous issue of counterfeit silver

But the gang has been broken up by the But the gang has been broken up by the grand jury, and several of the men are now in Fulton county jail, with a reasonable probability of staying there for some time to come. Fulton and Bartow have pr. bably been the heaviest losers from the introduction of the counterfeit coin. The counterfeit coin includes dimes, quarters, half dollars and dolars. The specimens on exhibition of the smaller coins represent a fair imitation, but the larger ones will not bear close examination.

It only requires sixteen of the genuine dolfars to the pound, while it requires seventeen dollars, one fifty cent piece and a quarter of the North Georgia production to weigh as much.

mach.

The words "E Pluribus Unum" are mispelled, as the motto on the "queer" reads, "E Pluribu Unium." There are no errors on the smaller coins ex-

There are no errors on the smaller coins except on the five cent piece, on which there are only twelve stars instead of thirteen.

The grand jury went to work with the determination to wipe out everything connected with the crafty counterfeiters, and the following bills were found by that body:

Jack Shelton, of Bartow, was indicted upon a charge of passing counterfeit coin. Shelton Jack Shelton, of Bartow, was indicted upon a charge of passing counterfeit coin. Shelton is now in Fulton county jail awaiting trial. Fulton county has a representative behind the bars who bears the name of J. T. Leslie. The charge he will have to answer is of manufacturing the counterfiet goods.

charge he will have to answer is of manufac-turing the counterfeit goods.

Rockdale's representative is Frank Lucas.

Austin Bruce had a weakness for purchasing candy and other sweet meats in Hall county and for paying therefor in counterfeit money. Bud Bone is from the state at large.

That is as far as the execution of the war-rants has reached up to the present.

BOYAL BARING POWDER.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall St., New York.

At Wholesale by Wyly & Greene,



QUICKEST ROUTE \_\_TO\_\_

COLUMBUS

Atlanta & West Point R. R. FARE ONLY \$2.90!

And corresponding reduction to Union Springs, Troy and Eufaula. ONLY LINE running solid trains Atlanta to Co-

ONLY LINE running double daily trains Atlanta to

ONLY LINE over which trains can be run Atlants to Columbus in 4 hours and 30 min Leave Atlanta 6:45 a. m. and 2 p. m. CECIL GABBETT, CHAS. H. CROMWELL, Gen'l N'g'r.

COCOA

Easily digested; of the finest flavor. A hearty beverage for a strong appetite; a delicate drink for the sensitive. Thoroughly tested; nutritious; palatable; unexcelled in purity; no unpleasant after effects. Requires no bolling. A. A. WEILLE, Agent, 534 E. Alabama street.

Marion Harland, Christine Terhune Herrick, Dean A. R. Thomas, M. D., pronounce it the best of all she powdered chocolates. No other equals it in flavor, purity and anti-dyspeptic qualities.

Sold by Grocers. Sample mailed for 10 stamps Forsale by Harry L. Schlesinger, Mark Anthony, Phillips & Johnson, E. H. Corbett, Mathews & Gregory.

H. O. WILBUR & SONS PHILADELPHIA, PA. nov6-d6m sat mon wed tope n r m

**OPERA** HOUSE

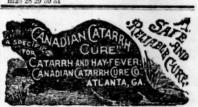
Friday and Saturday Saturday Saturday March 39, 31. Matinee THE WORLD FAVORITES, Saturday Matinee 2:30. ESTER NO ALLEN

IN THEIR OWN ORIGINAL EARLY BIRDS. burlesque company, composed of eighteen Ladyrtists from all parts of the world, with the

\$15,000 BEAUTY. Supported by MONS LOUIGI DEL ORO, the Must car Wonder.

JOHN PENDY, Comedian, Vocalist and Dancer, and the Great Burlesone.

SHE!



HAMMOND, Ga., September 15, 1887.

Canadian Catarrh Cure Co.:

Gentlemen—My wife was a great sufferer with Catarrh for over two years. She has been a little troubled ever since she was a child with the disease. About two years ago we were in Mississippi, and while there she was taken down with catarrhal fever; we had three of the best physiciaus we could get. They broke the fever and left her the worst case of catarrh of the head I ever saw. Her nose ran profusely, and for a year I despaired of her ever getting well. I tried several doctors and they could not cure her, and used every catarrh remedy I could hear of. I spent over \$50 the past year for remetles, and all to no effect. At last it became so offensive that you could hardly remain where she was. I offered \$1,000 to any doctor who would cure her (and that would have left us homeless), but I would not have cared for that if she could only be cured. We saw an advertisement in the Atlanta Constitution of "Canadian Catarrh Cure," and thought we would try it, and wentto your office, when you gave my wife a small sample bottle of your remedy, and told us to come and get a large bottle when that was out. I bought the large bottle, and before she had used all of the bottle she was entirely well, and her health fully restored, and now does more work than any woman I know. She used the medicine over six months ago, and there has not been the slightest return or the disease. I hope everybody that has catarrh may find you and be cured. I am a traveling man and have told a great mapy of your wonderful cure. Yours truly.

Dr. J. W. Oslin & Son, druggists, of Galnesville, Ga., on September 16, 1887, writes, "Send by ex-

Dr. J. W. Oslin & Son, druggists, of Galnesville, Ga., on September 16, 1887, writes: "Send by ex-press one dezen Catarrh Cure." Two bottles cured a case of fifty years standing. We have hundreds of testimonials like the above Bend for our book of information. Large size bottles, \$1; small, 50c. If your druggist does not keep it send direct 2

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO. # E. Hunter Street. - ATLANTA, GA.

#⇒ If you will call at office we will give you
plabottle opedp Grand National Award of 16,600 francs.

AN INVIGORATING TONIC. PERUVIAN BARK, IRON, AND PURE CATALAN WINE. For the PREVENTION and CURE of Malaria, Indigestion, Fever & Ague, Loss of appetite, Poorness of Blood, Neuralgia, &c.

22 Rue Drouot, Paris.
E. FOUGERA & CO., Agents for the U.S.,
30 NORTH WILLIAM ST., N. Y. TO WEAK MEN suffering from the ef-manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sasied) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. O. FOW LEER, Moodus, Cons.

CIEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY—TO THE SUPE-Trior court of said county: J. C. Kimball, W. A. Hemphill, C. W. Hunnicutt, W. B. Lowe, J. A. Fit-ten, O. C. Fuller, D. M. Bain, H. W. Grady, A. E. Buck, H. I. Kimball, S. H. Phelan, P. H. Snook, Joseph M. Brown, John M. Green, Martin Amerous, and Hoke Smith, of the city of Atlanta, and state of Georgia, petition for themselves, their associates and successors to obtain a charter and organize a corporation to be known as the

ATLANTA AUTOMATIC REFRIGERATING CO. "ATLANTA AUTOMATIC REFRIGERATING CO."
The principal office, place of business and residence of said corporation shall be in the city of Atlanta, but your petitioners desire for said corporation the privilege of transacting business in all parts of the state of Georgia, wherever it may be to the best interests of said corporation so to do; also to establish branch offices and to appoint such agents, attorneys and representatives as may be necessary to carry on the business of said corporation, and to confer authority upon them for that

purpose.

The particular business of said corporation shall be that of operating, selling and dealing in refrigerating appliances, apparatus and machinery of all kinds, and of selling and dealing in refrigeration controls of the purpose.

kinds, and of selling and dealing in refrigeration produced thereby.

The capital stock of said corporation shall be one hundred thousand (\$100,000) dollars; said stock to be divided into shares of five (\$5.00) dollars each; and the said corporation shall have the right to issue full paid stock for the purchase of real or personAl property of any kind necessary for the businea; os the corporation.

Petitioners further pray for the right to make such by-laws and rules of government for said corporation as may be necessary and proper, and to enforce the same by such penalties, tines and forfeitures as may be agreed upon by a majority of the stockholders, provided all such rules and by-laws shall be in conformity with the laws of the state; to borrow money on real estate or personal property, and to exceute such mortgages or transfers thereof as may be necessary for that purpose; to have and to use a common scal; to sue and be sued; to plead and be impleaded; to contract and be contracted with, and to have such other powers, and do such other acts, as are usual and proper to earry out the intent and design of said or ganization.

Petitioners pray to be incorporated for the full

proper to early out the intent and design of said of ganization.

Petitioners pray to be incorporated for the full term of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal at the expiration of said term.

HOKE & BURTON SMITH,

Petitioners' Attorneys,
Filed in office February 28, 1888.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true and correct copy, as appears of record in this office, this February 28, 1888.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

1ww—iwkf eb29 wed

A TLANTA AND FLORIDA R. R. Schedule in effect March 18, 1888. SOUTH BOUND.

NORTH BOUND. Trains leave from and arrive at E. T., V. & G. R'y JOHN N. DUNN, RT Depot.

N. DUNN,
President.
H. C. HARRIS, General Manager.

MEDICAL.

Advice to the Aged.

IMPARTING VIGOR

to the kidneys, bladder and livery They are adapted to old or young. SOLD EVERYWHERE,

THE GREAT KENNESAW ROUTE. -W. & A. R. R.—
The following time card in effect Sunds
February 19, 1888.

NORTHBOUND—No. 3 EXPRESS—DAILY. No. 1 EXPRESS-DAILY. No. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily except St Stops at all way stations and by signals. No. 11 EXPESS—DAILY. No. 19 KENNESAW EXPRESS-DAILY, No. 3 has first class coach, daily, Waco, Texas, to

Atlanta without change.

No. 1 has either Mann Boudoir Buffet or Pullman Palace Buffet and sleeping cars, daily, Jacksonville to Cincinnati without change, and first-class coach, daily, Jacksc-ville to Chattanooga without change and without extra charge. indy, rackst vine to characteristic grant without change ind without extra charge.

No. 14 runs solid to Rome

No. 15 has ettner Fullman Palace Buffet or Mann Coudoir Buffet Sleeying car, daily, Wayeross to Chat ancoza without change, and has Pullman Palace leeping cars Atlanta to Chattanooga, open for pascengers at 9 00 pm.

sengers at 900 p m.

No. 4w has Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Nashville without change, and first-class couch Atlanta to Little Rock without change. ithout change.
SOUTHBOUND-No. 4 Expess tanooga.... No. 20 EXPRESS-DAILY. Leave Chattanooga......Arrive Atlanta

No. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sunday. ....11 05 a m THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS. No. 2 has first-class coach, daily, Waco, Texas, to No. 2 has first-class coach, daily, waco, Texas, to Atlanta without change, No. 4 has either Mann Boudoir Buflet or Pullman Palace Buflet and sleeping ears, daily, Cincipnati to Jacksonville without change, and first-class coach, daily, Chattanooga to Jacksonville without change and without extra charge. E. A. Anderson, Sup't, J. M. BROWN, Ged. Pass Agent.

No. 17 MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sunday

A TLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO

The most direct and best route to Montgomery, New Orleans, Texas and the southwest. The following schedule in effect March 11th, 1883; SOUTHBOUND. No. 50 No. 52 No. 56 Daily Daily Fast D'ily 
 Leave Atlants
 2 00 pm
 12 00 pm
 6 40 a m

 Arrive Newnan
 3 17 pm
 1 47 a m
 6 49 pm

 " LaGrange
 4 15 pm
 3 03 a m
 8 46 a m

 • West Point
 4 45 pm
 3 42 a m
 9 13 a m

 Opelika
 5 23 pm
 3 40 a m
 10 05 a m
 Arrive Columbus ..... 6 40 pm 11 05 am 11 05 am Arrive Montgomery... 7 20 pm 7 00 am 12 00 m Arrive Pensacola...... 5 15 am 2 30 pm NORTHBOUND. No. 51 No. 53 No. 57

NorthBound. Daily Daily Fast D'ily 

Train 57 runs solid daily from Columbus to Atanta.
CECIL GABBETT, CHAS. H. CROMWELL,
Gen'l Manager.
JOHN A. GEE, Passenger Agent. DIEDMONT AIR-LINE.

DIEDMONT Albandile Rallroad Company)
(kichmond & Danville Rallroad Company)
The Favorite Route East.
Double daily trains and elegant coaches without change between ATLANTA and WASHINGTON, with Pullman Buflet Sliceping Cars.
ATLANTA to NEW YORK
AND—
MONTGOMERY to WASHINGTON,
Only thirty-one hours transit Atlanta to New York. only thirty-one hours transit Atlanta to New York.

Schedule in effect November | Mail. | Express | No. 53. | No. -7 40 am 7 00 pm 6 25 pm 5 06 am 8 10 pm 6 24 am 9 40 pm 8 28 am 11 29 pm 10 10 am 2 10 am 10 03 am 11 25 pm 10 03 am 11 25 pm 12 35 pm 3 20 pm 6 20 am 10 30 qm 3 00 pm 10 03 qm 3 20 pm New York... Boston 12 01 am 10 85 am 6 15 am 3 45 pm 12 20 n'n 8 00 am 12 20 pm 9 40 pm Leave Atlanta (city time)....

Leave Lula (city time). Leave Gainesville...... ATLANTA TO ATHENS VIA NORTHFASTERN RAILROAD. Daily D'y ex S'y Daily D'y ex S'y No. 50. No. 52.

Tickets on saie at Union Ticket Office and Kimball House, corder Pryor and Wall streets.

JAS. L. TAYLOB, Gen'l Pass. Agt.,
Washington, D. G.

A-from Savannah, "No. 12—for Rome, Knoxsawickand Jacksonin-from New York "No. 14—for Rome, NashKnoxville, 16 50 a.m.

5-from Cincinnati, Nashsand Alecksonsand Alecksonsand Jacksonsand Jacksonsand

om Sav'h\* ... 15 s m To Savannah\* ... 650 a m

Bar'svillet ... 8 is m To Macon\* ... 10 60 pm

Bar'svillet ... 8 is m To Macon\* ... 10 10 pm

Bar'svillet ... 80 a m To Hapevillet ... 1201 pm

Macon\* ... 230 pm

Hapevillet ... 400 m To Barnesvillet ... 300 pm

Sav'h\* ... 35 0 pm To Barnesvillet ... 500 pm

Macon\* ... 10 35 pm To Barnesvillet ... 50 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD. WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILEOAD.

Toun Chat'ga\* ... 59 0 m To Chattanooga\*... 40 p m

Chat'ga\* ... 63 0 a m To Chattanooga\*... 40 p m

Mariotta ... 53 5 a m To Rome ... 3.45 p m

Rome ... 11 65 a m To Marietta ... 40 p m

Chat'ga\* ... 146 p m To Chattanooga\*.5 50 p m

Chat'ga\* ... 648 p m To Chattanooga\*.5 50 p m

ATLANTA AND WEST FOINT RAILEOAD.

Toun Montg'ry\* ... 720 a m To Montgomery\* 2 00 p m

Montg'ry\* ... 125 p m To Co.unaus\*... 6 40 p m

To Montgom'ry\*.12 0 p m To Co.unaus\*... 6 40 p m

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILROAD. CLARKSTON TRAINS-Daily except Sunday.

> FINANCIAL. W. H. PATTERSON,

Bond and Stock Broker, 24 SOUTH PRYOR STREET. FOR SALE.

and Lumpkin Railroad bonds.

THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK Of Atlanta, Ga.

-UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY. Capital and Undivided Profits, \$375,000.

Assues Certificates of Deposit Payable on De-mand with Interest. Three per cent per annum if left four onths.

Four per cent per annum if left six months.

41 per cent per annum if left twelve

NORTH SIDE SAVINGS BANK No. 7 Pryor Street. DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS, AC-

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

## CAPITAL CITY BANK,

OF ATLANTA, GA., Capital and Undivided Profits, \$452,000. A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS -) TRANSACTED (-

Collections made direct on all points in the United States and remitted for promptly. Particular attention paid to the business of correspondents. The business of Bankers, Merchants and Manufacturers as repectfully solicited. Special feature made of the Bayings' Department. Interest paid on time deposits.

HUMPHREYSCASTLEMAN Bond and Stock Broker, 12 East Alabama Street.

### FOR SALE.

2,000 shares Tallapoosa Land, Mining and Manufacturing Company stock. THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO.

A little higher in price, but of unrivalled quality.





FINEST IN THE WORLD.



## Finance and Commerce.

Bonds, Stocks and Money. CONSTITUTION OFFICE.
ATLANTA, March 27, 1888.

New York exchange buying at 1/2 premium and 

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock

was alternately strong and weak with a moderate volume of business, and tonight the list is irreguvolume of business, and tonight the list is irregularly changed, although some marked declines are recorded. The final declaration of a dividend on Missouri Pacific caused a firmer feeling this morning. A raid on the market came after noon and had for its object a disruption of pools in Reading and St. Paul. Sales in the first named stock were again very heavy, and some large blocks, changed hands at rapidity declinging prices. The room was treated to some startling reports from Chicago, which had a very unsettling effect upon the general list, and among the specialties there were some marked losses. The decline came to a halt, however, before the close of business, and most of the list shows light gains for the day. Mi souri Pacific led the upward movement in the foremon and at one time ward movement in the forenoon and at one time showed a net advance of over 1 per cent, but the greater pertion of this was afterward lost. St. Paul, which was watched with great interest greater pertion of this was atterward 10st. St. Paul, which was watched with great interest throughout, displayed stul born strength in the face of the pressure brought against it and lost but a small fraction beyond the dividend. Lackawanna and Union Pacific were also very prominent and both were very well held. Among the low priced stocks Hocking Coal was a feature, making sharp advances toward the close on an increased business. The opening was strong at advances extending to 2/2 per cent, and while the business done in the forenoon was monopolized by five or six stocks there was a firm to strong tone with coalers most conspicuous. The best prices of the day were reached about noon, when the raid began and Reading and Manhettan showed the most weakness, though the decline exten led to the entire active list. There was no interruption to the decline until in the last hour, when slight fractions were regained and the merket closed about steady at little better than the lowestfigures. Total sales 293,000 shares.

Exchange dull but firm at 486% @483%. Money easy

a: 263, closing offered at 2. Subtreasury balance Coin \$130, 36,000; currence \$12,350,000; currence Exchange dull but firm at 4861/@4831/2. Money eas Coin \$130, 36,000; currency, \$12,376,000. Governments dull but steady; 4s 12514; 41/s 1061/2. State bonds dull 

East Tenn., new. \*Bid †Ex-dividend. 10ffered [Ex-rights THE COTTON MARKETS.

el & Jack ...

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, March 27, 1833. Net receipts for 3 days 17,052 bales, against 17,751 bales last year: exports 37,376 bales; last year 39,776 bales; stock 711,711 bales; last year 549,153 bales. Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today.

The following is our table of receipts and ship

Air-line Railroad.
Georgia Railroad.
Central Railroad.
Western and Atlantic Railroad.
West Point Railroad.
Fast Tennessee, Va. and Ga. Railroad.
Georgia Pacific Railroad.

.102.8:9 Grand total.... 102,920 

8,160 121,672 15,833 Showing a decrease of .... NEW YORK, March 27-Hubbard, Price & Co.,

more favorable foreign advices. Under a brisk de-mand to cover contracts for home and foreign ac-counts prices reacted sharply, and show a net gain of about eight points over last night's close.

In view of the approaching holidays here and in
Liverpool heal bears were eager buyers to close their
outstanding engagements, so much more so as handsome profits could be secured. "A very pronounced some proms count es secured. A very pronounced factor of today's session was the widening of the difference. A very liberal number of April uotices were issued for holders to transfer their interest into the far months, and the demand created had to be filled at increased promiums. There is a good demand from Manchester, and a free inquiry on the part of exporters. Spots are 1-16c higher in sympathy with futures.

By Telegraph.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, March 27—12:15 p. m.—Cotton steady and in fair demand; middling uplands 5 ½-16; middling Orleans 5½; sales 12,600 bales; speculation and export 1.00; receipts 15,600; American 14 600; uplands 16 w middling clause March and April delivery 5 15-64, 5 16-64; Apriland May delivery 5 16-64, 5 17-54; May and June delivery 5 15-64; July and August delivery 5 50-64, 5 22-64; Augustand september delivery 5 20-64; 5 22-64; Augustand september delivery 5 20-64; 5 21-64; September and October delivery 5 18-54, 514-54; futures opened steady.

LIVERPOOL, March 27—2:00 p.m.—Sales of American 9,400 bales; uplands low middling clause March delivery 5 16-64, sellers; April and May delivery 5 16-64, buyers: May and June delivery 5 18-64, sellers; July and August delivery 5 19-64, sellers; July and August delivery 5 20-64, buyers; August and September 5 20-64, buyers; futures steady.

LIVERPOOL, March 27—4:00 p.m. Halenda kentenday.

ers; futures stendy.

LIVERPOOL, March 27—4:00 p.m.—Uplands fow middling clause March delivery 5 16-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5 5:0-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5-64, sellers; May and June delivery 5 18-64, sellers; July and August delivery 5 20-64, buyers; August and September delivery 5 20-64, buyers; September and October delivery 5 20-64, buyers; September delivery 5 20-64, buyers; September delivery 5 20-64, buyers; September delivery 5 20-64, buyers; March 25-26-26, buyers; March 25-26-26, buyers; March 25-26-26, buyers; March 25-26-26, buyers; March 26-26-26, buyers; September delivery 5 20-64, buyers; March 26-26-26-26, buyers; September delivery 5 20-64, buyers; March 26-26-26-26, buyers; September delivery 5 20-64, buyers; September and Colored September delivery 5 20-64, buyers; Sept

net receipts 123 bales; gros; 123; stock 23,326; sales 555; exports coastwize 131.

BALTIMORE, March 27—Cotton nominal: middling 10; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 20,41; sales to spinners—
BOSTON, March 27—Cotton quiet and easy; middling 3½; net receipts 132 bales; gross 1,56; sales none; stock none; exports to Great Britain 440.

WILMINGTON, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling 9½; net receipts 3 bales; gross 3; sales none; stock 5,781; exports coastwise 41.

BPHILADELPHIA, March 27—Cotton; dull; middling 10½; net receipts 13 bales; gross 13; sales none; stock 19,693.

SAVANNAH, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling SAVANNAH, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling SAVANNAH, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling

SIOCK 19,603.
SAVANNAH, March 27—Cotton quiet: middling 9%; net receipts 674 bales; gross 674; sales516; stock 31,250; exports coastwise 948.
NEW ORLEANS, March 27—Cotton quiet; middling 9%; net receipts 4,332 bales; gross4,332; sales 1,500; tock 20,555.
MOBILE M. MOBILE, March 27—Cotton steady: middling 9 5-16 et receipts 14 bales; gross 15; sales 7(0; stock 24,916 xports coastwise 200. exports coastwise 200.

MEMPHIS, March 27—Cotton steady; middling 39½; net receipts 204 bales; shipments 1,938; sales 1,600; stock 91,386. CHARLESTON, March 27—Cotton, dull; middling

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, March 27—[Special.]—On the whole there was a very excellent day of trading on 'change. The markets opened with fractionally higher prices for all the leading articles on the floor. The buying was of a vigorous character, and very material ad-vances were made during the first hour in the grain pits. Before noon reactions followed, and at midday prices were very near the closing points of last night, but the reaction was followed by another advance, and the closing figures were about the best of the day. Traders in wheat kept little account of outside information. They were busy watching each other. There was a good, active market, bu it was purely a Chicago market, and the pit made its own price. Corn showed unmistakeable signs of firmness on

the curb this morning. After the advance of ic yes day afternoon, the argument appeared to be on the side of the bulls early. Some outside orders came in to buy. Very few cars of No. 2 corn were reelved, and the general eagerness to purchase gave a sharp upturn to the market during the first hour. Trading was brisk, and in large lots from 52c, the opening price for May, up to 52%c, the top for the session. After a turn the price declined to 52e, and at that price sellers became excited and prices went quickly down to 51%c. Then there was a rally, and the closing price was 524@65%. Cats showed a substantial improvement tolay, there being a brisk demand, both from the shorts

other buyers. May opened ¼c,higher at 31¼c, sold up to 31½c, reacted to 30½c and closed at 31½c. Less interest was manifested in provisions today. Shorts in pork evidenced more desire to cover than to sell more. The big bears were also conspicuous for their absence. Prices advanced 15c, but receded 5c and the market closed steady at a net advance of 10c over yesterday's close. A larger business transpired in lard, the feature being on the call, where ne operator sold 99,000 tierces of year lard at 7.221/ ©7.25. A better demand existed for cash lard, and transactions showed a good increase. August sold 7.70 and January at 7.39. Short ribs were quict at 7.10@7.15 and closed at 7.174@7.20—an advance of

in Chicago today: Op	ening.	Highest	Closing
May	77%	781/4	7812
Corn-	10	10/4	10/4
May	52	523/6	521/4
June	511/4	52	52
OATS-		Add to get the	***************************************
	314	311/4	311/4
Уune Ровк— Мау	311/4	313/8	811/8
May13	321/2	13 60	13 60
LARD-		13 60	13 60
May 7	50	7 57%	7 57%
SHORT RIPS—		7 721/2	7 621/2
fay 7	10	7 171/2	7 17%
une 7	20	7 171/2	7 1716

ROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFICE ATLANTA, March 27, 1833

ATLANTA, March 27, 1833

Flour. Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, March 27— Flour—Best palent \$5.50: extra tancy \$5.25; fancy \$4.75: extra family \$4.50: choice family \$4.52; family \$4.00; extra \$3.73. Wheat — No. 2 red \$1.00; Georgia red 90c. Bran—Large sacks \$1.15; small \$1.17. Corn Neal—Plain 72c; bolted 72c. Pea Meal—90c. Grits—\$4.10. Corn—Choice white 74c; No. 2 white Tennessee 72c; No. 2 mixed 70c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 46c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales \$1.10; small bales \$1.10; clover 90c; wheat straw baled 80c. Peas—Stock—.

\*\*NEW YORK, March 25.—Flour, southern steadier: KEW YORK, March 2:—Flour, southern steadier; common to far extra \$3.00\$ \$.10; good to choice \$4.10 \$8.100 Wheat, options closed nrn; spot \$40.50 better; No. 2 red March 198/20 \$94; April \$93.40836; April \$93.40836; April \$93.40836;

May 89/4@90. Corn. o.t.lons firm: spot 4/6/26 better, closing firm; No. 2March 619/46/15/46. April 66/46/61/5. May 60/66/04/. Oats about ½6 higher; mixed western 36/61/: No. 2 April 38/46/35/: May 87/46. S. Hops dull; state 3/6/14; California 4/6/12.

35.611: No. 2 April 383/4339; May \$71/6.8. Hops dull: state 3641; California 6012.

BALTIMORE, March 27.—Flour quiet and steady; Howard street and western superfine\$2.376\$2.5: extra \$3.006\$3.75; family \$4.006\$4.50; city milis superfine\$2.376\$2.50; extra \$3.006\$3.75; family \$4.006\$4.50; city milis superfine\$2.576\$2.50; extra \$3.006\$3.75; Rio brands\$4.756
\$5.07. Wheat, southern higher; western steady and dull; southern red 9:696; amber 9:69; No. 1 Maryland—; No. 2 western winter red spot 57688. Corn, southern higher for yellow; white steady; white 57658.

CHICAGO, March 27—Cash quotations were as follows; Flour steady; winter wheat \$3.006\$4.35; spring wheat \$3.006\$4.25; spring patent \$3.506\$4.35; spring wheat \$3.406\$4.25; spring patent \$3.506\$4.30; spring wheat \$2.675; No. 2 do. —; No. 2 red \$1½. No. 2 corn 59½. No. 2 corn 57½.80.

ST. LOUIS, March 27—Flour firm. Wheat, No. 2 red fall cash \$9½.609½; May \$0½.60½. Corn, No. 2 mixed cash \$0½.609½; May \$0½.60½. Corn, No. 2 mixed cash \$0.2609½; May \$0½.60½. Corn, No. 2 mixed cash \$0.2609½; May \$0.260½. Corn, No. 2 mixed cash \$0.2609½; May \$0.260½. Corn, No. 2 mixed cash \$0.2609½; May \$0.260½. Corn, No. 2 mixed \$3.506\$3.00; March 27—Flour dull; family \$3.306\$3.50; fancy \$3.756\$3.80. Wheat firm: No. 2 red \$3.260\$4.30; mixed \$2.760\$2.20; Corn, No. 2 mixed \$2.760\$2.20; Cor

83½,334, LOUISVILLE, March 27—Grain steady. Wheat, No. 2 red 35; longberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 51; do. white 55@54. Outs, new No. 2 mixed 33@53½; do. white 33%. Groceries.

ATLANTA, March 27—Coffee—Choice 19c; prime 18c; good 17c; fair 1cc; low grade 18c Sugar—Cut loaf 8c; powdefed 8c; standard 74c; extra 6 7c; yellow extra 6 64c. Syrups—New Orleans choice 50%55c; prime 3%35c; common 20%25c. Teas—Black 35%60c; green 35%60c. Nutmegs 75c; Cloves 35c. Allspice 12%c. Cinnamon 12c. Eago 50c. Ginger 16c. Mace 60c. Pepper 20c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 7½c; X soda 5c; XXX do. 5½c. Candy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackerel — No. 3, bbls \$15.00; 3c bbls \$6.75; kits 50c. Song \$2.00\$\$50. 9 100 cakes. Candles — Full weight 11c. Matches—Round wood \$\frac{1}{2}\$ gross \$\$\$\$1.15; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 200 \$\$\$\$2.50; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 3.50; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 400 \$\$\$\$4.50. Soda—in Regs \$4\circ\$c; in boxes 5\circ\$c. Rhoice 6/c; prime 6c; fatr 5\circ\$c. Sundy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackerel — No. \$\$\$\$4. Rhoice 6/c; prime 6c; fatr 5\circ\$c. Sundy—10c. S

4%.63%.

NEW YORK, March 27—Coffee fair Rio steady, at It; options very quiet; No. 7 Rio March 10 85@10.95; April 10.70@10.85; May 10.76@10.85. Sugar dull and rather weak; fair to good refining 4%; refined dull; C5%.66.9-91; extra U5 11-16@513-16; white extra C 5%; cellow 5%.65%; off A 666.1-16; mould A 7; standara A 6%; confectioners A 9%; cut loaf and crushed 7%; powdered 7; granulated 3%; cubes?. Moiasses steady; 50-test 20). Rice steady; domestic 4%.65%.

Provisions.

Fro Visions.

Provisions.

Fit. 10UIS. March 27—Provisions steady. Pork \$14.00. Lard 2.1567.30. Dry sait meats. boxed lots shoulders 6.00: long clear 7.0567.10; clear ribs 7.1568. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.00: long clear 7.0567.10; clear ribs 7.1568. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.27%; long clear 7.0567.50: short ribs 7.8567.95; short clear 8.108.8.20; hams 1062.2

NEW YORK, March 27—Pork firm old mess 14.2568. Short clear 8.108.8.20; hams 1062.2

NEW YORK, March 27—Pork firm old mess 14.2568. Short clear stores 8.50; shoulders 914.50: the with 15.01 May 7.81; city steam 7.05; refined to continent 7.90.

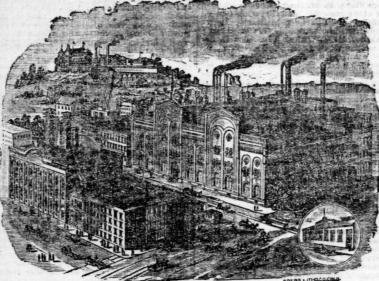
LOUISVILLE, March 27—Provisions steady. Bacon, clear rib sides 8.50; shoulders 54. Backet stores 8.50; shoulders 54. Backet stores 15. Backet stores 1

KIDNEYS, AND Dyspepsia, and all Languid or Debilitated Conditions of the System; Loss of Nerve Power, from whatever cause, so usual with Lawyers, Preachers and Writers; and Feebleness from Old Age. In Stages of Puberty and Change of Life Invigorine regulates and quiets. PRICE \$1.00 for Full Pint Bottle. Sold by Druggists. B. M. WOOLLEY & CO., Manufrs, ATLANTA, GA.

LAGER BEER.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

CAPACITY 350,000 BARRELS YEARLY.



For Sale Everywhere in Atlanta.

Particular attention is invited to our "NATIONAL EXPORT" which is brewed from the finest grade of imported and domestic hops and mair, and prepared according to the most approved methods. It is a genuine and pure old lager; does not contain a particle of any injurious ingredients, and being about the form all adulterations is invariably prescribed by the nost prominent physicians for the convalescent, the weak and the aged. The "NATIONAL EXPORT" was brewed originally for the Australian trade exclusively, but, with our increased facilities, we are now prepared to furnish it to our customset throughout the world.

moughout the world.

MOERLEIN'S "NATIONAL EXPORT" was awarded the first premium at every Cincinnation over all competitors, proving it the best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in the d. The barrel beer of THE CHRISTIAN MOERLEIN BREWING CO. is guaranteed to be if not superior, to any beer brewed at home or abroad. Export beer is put up in casks of Ten Dozen

Emil Selig, Atlanta Agent. ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

RAILROAD SCREDULE.

No change of cars between Atlanta and Jacksonville, Fla., and intermediate points, or: 3 Savannah, Ga.

Arrive Hapeville		7:15 pm	2:30 Mg	10:00 pm	† 5.00 pm	a 2:00 bm	712:01 pm
Arrive Griffin	8:20 am				† 7:03 pm	9 4:58 pm	112,00 Pm
rrive Barnesville	8:55 am				7:55 pm		
mine Maner	10-05 am						
rrive Macou	10:25 am						
rrive Columbus	2:55 pm						
rrive Eufaula							
rrive Montgomery via Eufaula.	7:13 pm					*************	**********
rrive Albany	2:5 pm						
rrive Millen	2:08 pm	3:03 am			*************		
rrive Savannah	5:00 pm	6:15 am					
rassengers for Carrollton. The	omaston l'	erry Fort	Gaines Tr	albotton. I	mena Vist	a. Blakeley	z. Clayton
uanta.	omaston, l' ghtsville, E	erry, Fort	Gaines, Ta	le, should	Buena Vist	a, Blakeley 5:50 a. m. i	rain from
la, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrig tlanta. cave Savannah	htsville, E	atonton, k	lilledgevill	le, should	take the	5:50 a. m. i	train from
la, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrig tlanta. cave Savannah	thtsville, E	8:20 pm	lilledgevill	le, should	take the	5:50 a. m. i	train from
la, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrig tlanta. cave Savannah	7:10 am 9:40 am	8:20 pm	filledgevill	le, should	take the	5:50 a. m. i	rain from
la, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrig tlanta. eave Savannah eave Millen eave Montgomery via Eufaula.	7:10 am 9:40 am	8:20 pm 11:15 pm	filledgevill 7:25 pm	le, should	take the	5:50 a. m. i	rain from
la, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrighlania. eave Savannah. cave Millen. eave Montgomery via Eufaula. eave Lufaula.	7:10 am 9:40 am	8:20 pm 11:15 pm	7:25 pm 10:12 pm	7:40 am 10:47 am	take the	5:50 a. m. i	rain from
lla, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrigulania. cave Savannah. cave Millen eave Montgomery via Eufaula. cave Eufaula.	7:10 am 9:40 am	8:20 pm 11:15 pm	7:25 pm 10:12 pm 4.2 am	7:40 am 10:47 am 3:10 pm	take the	5:50 a. m. i	rain from
ila, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wristlanta. cave Savannah. cave Millen cave Montgomery via Eufaula. cave Eufaula. cave Albany. cave Columbus.	7:10 am 9:40 am	8:20 pm 11:15 pm	7:25 pm 10:12 pm 4.25 am 40:30 pm	7:40 am 10:47 am 3:10 pm 12:15 pm	take the	5:50 a. m. i	rain from
ala, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrig tilanta. cave Savannah. cave Millen cave Mortgomery via Eufaula. cave Albany.	7:10 am 9:40 am	8:20 pm 11:15 pm	7:25 pm 10:12 pm 4.25 am 40:30 pm	7:40 am 10:47 am 3:10 pm 12:15 pm 7:05 pm	take the	5:50 a. m. i	rain from

Sleeping Cars on all night trains between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and Albany,
Through car between Atlanta and Columbus via Griffin.
Tickets for all points and Sleeping Car berth tickets on sale at Union Depot ticket office, in Atlanta,
CLYDE BOSTICK, Passenger Agent,
ALBERT HOWELL, Union Ticket Agent,
E. T. CHARLTON, Gen. Pass, Agent, Savannah Ga. IMPORTANT

To Florida Tourists and Settlers

The Florida Railway and Navigation C

Makes Dailly Connection with the

S. F. & W. fast mail train at Callahau (connection sure) and with all other trains at Jacksonville,
leaving the latter place at 9:00 a. m., 12:20 p. m. and

8:20 p. m., for all points in south Florida, viz. Hawthorne, Gainesville, Cedar Key, Silver Springs,
Bine Springs, Ocala, Wildwood, Panasofikee, St. Catherrines, Owensboro, Dade City, Plant City, Tampa, Bartow, PuntaGorda, Leesburg, Eldorado, Tavaros, Adopka, Orlando, Titusville and the Iudian river country.

The only line giving a choice of three routes to
points on the west coast of Florida, viz. Through
Cedar Key, Lacoochee, Plant City and Orlando.
The most beautiful and pleturesque portions of the
state are traversed by this line. Hundreds of bearing orange groves are r assed and seen from the cars.
The lovely lakes of Lochlosa, Orange, Harris, Griffin, Eustis, Dora, Panasofikee and Apopha are located on this line. The only line reaching most of the
points named, and close and direct connections made to all others. The famous Silver Spring,
the head of the Ocklawaha river, can only be
reached all rail via this line. The short and direct
route to the beautiful Homosassa country, abounding in fish and game, and passing Bine Springs, tho
head of the Wekiva (Blue river). The only line to
Fernandina, with its celebrated beach of twenty-two
miles drive, and only thirty-six miles from Jacksonville, three daily trains. The only line to
Fernandina, with its celebrated beach of twenty-two
miles drive, and only thirty-six miles from Jacksonville, three daily trains. The only line to
Fernandina, with its celebrated beach of twenty-two
miles drive, and only thirty-six miles from Jacksonville, three daily trains. The only line to
Fernandina, with its celebrated beach of twenty-two
miles drive, and only thirty-six miles from Jacksonville, three daily trains.

Bon't fall to send for elegant indexed township The Florida Railway and Navigation C

points.

Don't fail to send for elegant indexed township map of Florida. For any information regarding rates and routes, inquire of any of the company's agents or the following officers:

Jacksoville Ticket Office, 86 Bayst.

D. E MAXWELL,

Gen. Supt.

Gen. Supt.

Gen. 24 d2m at \$1.05; crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.00; yellow dip \$2.00; virgin \$2.00.

SAVANNAH, March 27—Turpentine firm at 1861; rosin quiet at \$1.07%.

CHARLESTON, March 27—Turpentine nominal; rosin quiet: good strained \$5.

NEW YORK, March 2:—Rosin steady at \$1.22%.

\$1.25; turpentine firm at 391/4640.

S1.25; turpentine firm at 39/040.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, March 27— Apples — \$1.75@\$5.00 %
bbl. Lemons—\$3.75@\$1.25. Oranges—\$3.25@\$8.50.
Cocoanuts—6c. Pineapples—\$2.00 % doz. Bananas—Selected \$1.75@\$2.00; grapes \$7.30 % barrel.
Figs — 13@18c. Raisins — New London \$3.25;
½ boxes 90c. Currants—77.08c.
Leghorn citron—2rc. Almonds—19c. Pecans—10d.
14c. Brail—10@11c. Filherts—12½c. Walnuts—13c. Dried Fruit—Sundried apples 8%@11c, sundried peaches \$1.26 lbc. sundried peaches pealed lic. Country Produce.

ATLANTA, March 27—Eggs—11%612c. Butter—Glit edge 2022%; choice Tennessee 2225c; othes grades 10615c. Poultry—Hens 2% 30°; young chickens large 18620c. Irish Potatoes—\$1.003.50. Sweet Potatoes—\$2.00 c. Honey—Strained 668c; in the comb 10c. Ontons—\$1.003\$1.25. Cabbage—34.00

hands \$135@\$100. CINCINNATI, March 27—Hogs firm: common and light \$1.25@\$5. &; packing and butchers \$3.45@\$5.75. Whisky. CINCINNATI, March 27—Whisky steady at \$1.09. ST. LOUIS, March 27—Whisky steady at \$1.05. CHICAGO, March 27—Whisky \$1.14.

CHATTANOOGA. ROME & COLUMBUS TIME TABLE NO. ). In Effect November 22, 1887.

	No. 1.	No. 3.		
Rome		STATE OF THE		
East Rome	6 30 am	2 30 pm		
Holmes	6 40 am	2 40 pm		
Holders	6 51 am	2.51 pm		
Chambers	7 02 am	3 02 pm		
New Bethel	7 15 am	3 15 pm		
Summit	7 26 am	8 26 pm		
Brooks	7 34 am	3 34 pm		
Lake Creek	7 39 am	3 39 pm		
Dyars	7 52 am	8 52 pm		
Cedartown	8 10 am	4 10 pm		
North Bound.	Daily.			
Moreir Dounts	No. 2	No. 4		
Cedartown	8 50 am	5 00 pm		
Dyars,	9 08 am	5 18 pm		
Lake Creek	9 21 am	5 31 pm		
Brook s	9 26 am	5 36 pm		
Summit	9 35 am	5 45 pm		
New Bethel	9 44 am	5 54 pm		
Chambers	9 59 am	6 <b>p</b> pm		
Holders	10 08 am	6 18 pm		
Holmes.:	10 21 am	6 31 pm		
	10 30 am	6 40 pm		

J. D. WILLIAMSON, F. H. HARRIS, THE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas, Missiouri, Kansas, Oregon,

Colorado, California and the Northwest. The Most Splendidly Constructed and Equipped Line, Affording the Most Luxurious Traveling Accommodations East of the Mississippi River. No. 50. | No. 52. | No. 54. 

For Diseases of

NERVES,

Leave Chattanooga 6 18 a m 1 00 p m 10 07 p m
Leave Dalton 7 40 a m 2 23 p m 1 50 p m
Arrive Bone 7 45 a m 3 35 p m 1 10 a m
Leave ROME 8 45 a m 3 35 p m 1 45 a m
Ar ive Rockmart 10 05 a m 4 37 p m 2 50 a m Arrive Atlanta...
Leave ATLANTA.
A rive McDonough
Arrive Flovilla...
Arrive Macon...
Leave MACON....
Arrive Cocbran....

Leave Caliahan.. Leave Wayeross... Leave Rockmart ..... BETWEEN ATLANTA AND BRUNSWICK.

NORTH BOUND. BETWEEN ATLANTA AND SAVANNAH.

SOUTH BOUND.

NORTH BOUND. 7 85 p m 7 06 a m 11 07 p m 1 05 p m 4 00 a m 6 35 p m 7 25 a m 10 15 p m ATLANTA AND THE EAST. SOUTH BOUND.

Arrive Chattanooga.

Leave Chattanooga.

Arrive Cleve'and....

Arrive Knoxville....

Arrive Morristown. . 7 00 a m 2 30 p m 8 15 a m 3 59 p m 10 05 a m 6 00 p m 12 55 n n 9 54 p m Leave Knoxville.... Leave Morristown... Arrive Hot Springs... Arrive Bristol...... Arrive Roanoke.... Arrive Lynchburg... Arrive Charlottesv'e Arrive Washington... 3 00 p m 6 45 a m 5 17 p m 9 13 a m 7 00 p m 11 05 a m 9 55 p m 2 25 p m Arrive Petersbu Arrive Nor'o'k.

8 30 a m 12 15 n 'gt

11 13 a m 3 50 a m
2 05 p m 6 50 a m
5 20 p m 8 30 a m
10 30 p m 1 10 p m
1 20 a m 3 50 p m
3 35 a m 6 20 p m 12 15 n'gt 8 00 p m. 7 40 a m 11 25 p m 12 0) n'gt 6 00 p m 4 50 p m 8 10 a m 7 35 p m 11 05 a m 9 32 p m 12 59 n 'n 3 31 a m 6 00 p m Leave Norfolk... Leave Roanoke.... Leave Bristol...... 3 35 a m 6 20 p m 8 3) a m 9 55 p m Leave Asheville... Leave Hot Springs. Arrive Morristown 6 55 a m 5 13 p m 10 25 a m 6 50 p m 12 15 n 'n 8 45 p m Leave Morristown.

.. 12 15 n'n 12 49 n'gt
.. 1 35 p m 2 10 a m
.. 1 50 p m 2 25 a m
.. 4 45 p m 5 20 a m
.. 6 15 p m 6 25 s m
.. 5 30 a m 1650 p m Arrive Knoxville... Leave Knoxville... Leave Cleveland.... Arrive Chattanooga. Arrive Atlanta..... HAWKINSVILLE BRANCH; SOUTH BOUND.

NORTH BOUND.

Leave Hawkinsville 10 05 a m 2 30 p m Arrive Cochran 10 05 a m 2 30 p m Arrive Cochran 10 05 a m 3 15 p m NOTE—Tain No. 11 connects at Citico, 2 miles south of Chattanooga, with Cincinnati Southern train, leaving Cincinnati at 8 p. m. All trains run daily, except train leaving Cochran for Hawkinsville at 230 p. m., which trains run daily, except Sunday.

Trains on S. R. & D. division going south leave Rome at 8:50 p. m. and 10:15 a. m. Trains on M. & C. division going west leave Chattanooga at 9:05 a. m. and 7 p. m. Trains on the East Tennessee division going east leave Chattanooga at 10 a. m. and 10 p. m. Train also leaves Knoxville at 6:30 a. m. for Morristown, Asheville and Salisbury, and at 8 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. for Jelilco.

SLEEPING CAR SERVICE. d 6:30 p. m. for Jellico. SLEEPING CAR SERVICE.

SLEEPING CAR SERVICE.

Train leaving Chattanooga at 1 p. m. carries Pullman Butlet or Mann Sleeping car to Jacksonville, and Pullman Sleeping car Atlanta to Brunswick.

Train leaving Chattanooga at 11 p. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Atlanta, open for passengers at 8 p. m.

Train leaving Chattanooga at 10 a. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car to Washington via Lynchburg.

Train leaving Chattanooga at 10 p. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to New York via Roanoke and Shenandoah Valley; also, one to Washington via Lynchburg.

Train leaving Chattanooga at 7 p. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car to Memphis and through coach to Kansas City.

Train leaving Jacksonville at 7 p. m. carries Pullman or Maon Sleeping car to Chetinnati.

Train leaving Jacksonville at 7 p. m. carries Pullman or Mann Sleeping car to Cincinnati.

Train leaving Brunswick at 8:30 p. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car Brunswick to Atlanta, and through coach Chattanooga to Waco, Texas.

Train leaving Rome at 10:45 a. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car to New Orleans.

Train leaving Chattanooga at 11 p.m. carries Sleeping car to Selma.

Train leaving Atlanta at 10:30 p. m. carries Pullman car Atlanta to Chattanooga, open for passengers at 8 p. m. at 8 p. m.

Train leaving Atlanta at 12:55 p. m. carries Pullman Baffet Sleeping car Rome to Washington via

Lynchburg.

E. H BARNES.

Superintendent, Atlanta.

L. J. ELLIS,

B. W. WRENN,

B. W. WRENN,

B. W. WRENN,

Ass't Gen. Pas. Agent, Gen. Pas. and Ticket Ag't,

Atlanta, Ga.

Knoxville, Tenn.

### Receiver's Sale.

TLANTA MACHINE WORKS AND FOUNDRY. UNLESS SOONER DISPOSED OF, THE ABOVE Ar Vicksburg... 10 20 am Ar Exercising Ar Dallas... 5 40 pm Ar Barteyeport. 8 15 pm Ar Dallas... 6 55 am Ar Exercising Ar Dallas... 7 60 am Ar Fort Worth. 8 20 am Ar Evarakana. 7 60 am Ar Bort Worth. 8 10 pm Ar Evri Worth. 8 10 pm THROUGH CARS.

No. 50—Mann Boudour Sieeping Cars Atlanta to Shreveport and New Orleans, La.

No. 52—Mann Boudour Sieeping Cars Atlanta to Sirmingham. Passenger Coaches Atlanta to Memphis without change. For further particulars address.

A. A. VERNOY,

ALEX. 8. THWEATT,

G. S. BARNIM,

G. S. BARNIM,

Gen. Pass. Agent.

General Maager,

General Maager,

General Maager,

General Maager,

W. H. SMYTH, Receiver. HE HAS GONE AWAY.

But He May Come Back to Stand His Trial.

The Day With the Police Shows Up Buries, Larcenies, Car Breaking, And a Few Drunks.

S. M. Brooks, a large, fine looking man' ekipped away from Atlanta yesterday morning because he was billed toplay an engagement in

Brooks was charged with disorderly con

Early yesterday morning Captain Morcer was informed that Madam Deckart, living on Foster street, had been assaulted by a man and that she wished the presence of an officer. Captain Mercer called at the residence and was Captain Mercer caned at the residence and was informed by the madam that a man had presented himself at the door and demanded admission, which was refused him. He then became very offensive and after trying to force his way in drew a pistol, threatening to kill every body in the neighborhood, flourished it around dangerously. The pistol frightened Mrs. Deckart, and she began calling for help. The cries induced the man to leave, and after he had gone, a messenger was sent for the officer. The man was described accurately, and in a The man was described accurately, and in a short time the captain and Patrolman Anderson came upon him. He gave his name as S. M. Brooks. and was arrested and conducted to police headquarters. He denied being the person for whom the officers were looking, and put up thirty dollars for his appearance in police court. When the case was called, however, Brooks failed to put in an appearance, and the entire police force is now on the alert for him.

when Brooks was released, he informed the officers that he was going home, and that he would come back. The officers think that he will not return, but parties in the city, who know him, say that he will come back, and on trial clear himself of the charge made against Caught With the Dogs.

Caught With the Dogs.

Bud Moyer, a young negro, was given a cell yesterday by Call Officer Green. Moyer was captured by the dogs. Early yesterday morning the watchman at the East Tennessee shops 'phoned to police headquarters asking for an officer. The watchman stated that he had a negro who had been stealing coal hemmed in and wanted to secure him. Green went out carrying the dogs with him. Moyer saw the officer coming and ran and the dogs were turned loose. They ran him down in a half mile.

They Are In the Stockade.

Bill Gaines and Anthony Nolly, the two negroes who were fined one hundred dollars each in police court Monday morning, for selling liquor without license, were sent to the stockade yesterday to work out thirty day sentences. When the two prisoners stepped into the patrol wagon at police headquarters, to ride out to the rock pile, a great crowd of negroes was standing near by, and in the crowd was Bill Alexander, the negro who so narrowly escaped going along. Four Chickens Recovered.

Just before dark yesterday afternoon two young negro boys went to a residence on North Pryor street and attempted to sell four chickens—all large and fat. The people suspected that the chickens were stolen and sent for an officer. Patrolman McGhee responded, but the boys discovered him approaching and made their escape. They were unable, however, to carry off the chickens, and the patrolman took charge of them. The chickens, four in number, are now at police headquarters awaiting identification.

She was Given Twelve Days.

She was Given Twelve Days. She was Given Twelve Days.

Adeline Davis, a negro girl, has been confined in the city prison since Friday last, charged with disorderly conduct, and during that time has been yelling almost constantly. Her yells were loud and long enough to disturb everybody near the prison and when she was carried into police court, room yesterday morning for trial, there was a general rejoicing. The woman was given twelve days on the rockpile and was sent out yesterday aftermoon.

T. H. Hughes, who resides at No. 66 Butler street, was visited by burglars Monday night, and yesterday morning the gentleman called at police headquarters to report his loss. The burglars entered the house by crawling through a kitchen window which had not been fastened, and succeeded in carrying away a cost and vest. In the vest pockets a small amount of change had been left by Mr. Hughes. He Lost Clothes and Money.

He Lost a Half Do He Lost a Half Dozen Chickens.
Chicken thieves ontered J. E. Ragsdale's place, 141 Calhoun street night before last and incceeded in carrying off an even half dozen fine chickens. The chicken coop which contained nearly fifty fowls, had been securely locked Monday night, but the thieves broke the lock and took out all they wanted. The chickengloser reported the matter at police headquarters yesterday, leaving a description of the chickens stolen.

A Bundle of Knives.

A Bundle of Knives.

Bain & Kirkpatrick, hardware merchants on North Pryor street, called at police headquarters yesterday morning and left a dozen or more knives. The cutlery was left as a sample to guide the police department in finding burglars. Night before last the hardware store was broken into and several boxes of knives were stolen. The theft was discovered yesterday morning and the knives left at police headquarters are like those stolen.

They Were Hooking His Pants. A Bundle of Knives.

They Were Hooking His Pants.
Early yesterday morning William Reynolds.
The resides at 40 Moore street, awake and turning his eyes towards a window observed his spants moving over the floor. Another glance showed him a long stick through the window and to one end of the stick was a hook in which his pants were fastened. The gentleman sprang from the bed and grabbed his pants. The thief, who was outside the window, saw that he was detected and made his escape.

Three Arrests. Tom Leonard, charged with burglary, and Killie Bass, on warrant, were given cells yes-terday. Bill Gabe, charged with whipping his wife, was arrested last night.

THE CAVALRY FESTIVAL.

Captain Milledge Confident of the Success of His Enterprise.

Every mail brings to Captain John Milledge favorable responses from the officers of companies to whom he sent circulars inviting them to enter the May cavalry fournament. He feels greatly encouraged, and, to a reporter last night, he said: "I am confident enough companies will enter the list to ensure a grand success. Already I have received letters from the captains of several of the best companies in the south, and these letters state that great interest is taken in my project and that the cavalrymen are eager to join in with us. The Georgia Hussars, of Savannah; the Richmond Hussars, of Augusta; the McIntosh Light Dragoons; the Governor's Horse Guard, of Atlanta, can be counted in as certain entrants. It is very likely that the Charleston Light Dragoons, the Effingham Hussars and the Liberty Troop will enter at an early date. It will be remembered that for many years a generous rivalry has existed between the Charleston Light Dragoon and the Georgia Light Infantry. These companies I have named are the most celebrated in the south, and their presence would give eclat to the tournament."

In a few days the programme of the tourna-ment will be published in The Constitution. The Revival at the First Baptist Church-The interest in these meetings continue. At he afternoon service there were ten or twelve who

went up for prayer.

At the night service there were at the beginning At the night service there were at the beginning of the service twelve or thirteen requests for prayer, and at the close of the meeting there were two received by the church for baptism. The attendance continues to be good at all the meetings. There will be a meeting for ladies this morning at 11 o'clock. Preaching at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, also at 8 o'clock tonight. Dr. Tupper will preach at both of these services. At 7:30 p. m. there will be a meeting for the Sunday school teachers, also a meeting for the Sunday school teachers, also a meeting for young men. These meetings will last only half an hour, closing in time for the regular service. Young men in the city who are away from home are especially invited to attend the young men's meeting at 7:30. Everybody is welcome.

It is pure economy to buy Hood's Sarsapa-

It is pure economy to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, for it is the only medicine of which can truly be said "100 Doses One Dollar." It is stronger, purer and better than any other blood Durifier.

out of s

LAST TENNESSEE VA.& GA. BAILWAY.

NORTH BOUND

NORTH BOUND. Leave Brunswick 8 30 p m 8 30 a m
Arrive Macon 4 00 a m 10 40 a m
Arrive Atlanta 7 25 a m 8 50 p m 8 30 a m
BETWEEN ATLANTA AND SAVANNAH. SOUTH BOUND.

... 6 55 p m 6 10 a m ... 10 15 p m 9 35 a m ... 3 18 a m 6 16 p m ... 6 10 a m 7 58 p m NORTH BOUND. ATLANTA AND THE EAST.

7 00 a m 2 30 p m 8 15 a m 3 59 p m 10 05 a m 6 09 p m 12 55 n n 9 54 p m Arrive Boanoke... Arrive Lynchburg. Arrive Charlottesy Arrive Washington Arrive Baltimore... 3 00 a m 3 10 p m 6 20 a m 5 50 p m 1 00 p m 1 00 a m 6 55 p m 7 25 a m 10 20 p m 11 25 a m 12 45 n gt 3 00 p m 7 10 a m 9 35 p m

3 35 a m 6 20 p m 8 3) a m 9 55 p m 6 55 a m 5 13 p m 10 25 a m 6 50 p m 12 15 n n 8 45 p m Leave Asheville... Leave Hot Springs. Arrive Morristown Leave Morristown Arrive Knoxville. Leave Knoxville. Leave Cleveland...

Train leaving Chattanooga at 1 p. m. carries Pullman Buflet or Mann Sleeping car to Jacksonville, and Pullman Sleeping car Atlanta to Brunswick.
Train leaving Chattanooga at 11 p. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga at 11 p. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga at 10 a. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car to Washington via Lynchburg.
Train leaving Chattanooga at 10 p. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car to Washington via Lynchburg.
Train leaving Chattanooga at 10 p. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to New York via Roanoke and Shenandoah Valley; also, one to Washington via Lynchburg.
Train leaving Chattanooga at 7 p. m. carries Pullman Sleeping car to Memphis and through coach to Kansas City.

nsas City.

Train leaving Jacksonville at 7 p. m. carries Pullnor Mann Sleeping car to Cinciunati.

Frain leaving Brunswick at 8:30 p. m. carries Pullns Sleeping car Brunswick to Atlanta, and through

the Chattanooga to Waco, Texas.

Train leaving Rome at 10:45 a. m. carries Pullman.

ng car to Selma.

Train leaving Atlanta at 10:30 p. m. carries Pullman car Atlanta to Chattanooga, open for passengers

L. J. ELIIS,

Ass't Gen. Pas Agent, Gen. Pas and Ticket Aget,
Atlanta, Ga.

Knoxville, Tenn.

Receiver's Sale.

TLANTA MACHINE WORKS AND FOUNDRY.

UNLESS SOONER DISPOSED OF, THE ABOVE works will, under the order of the superior Court of Fulton county, and subject to confirmation by the same, be sold to the highest hidder on WEDNESDAY, the 28th DAY of MARCH, 1888, at 12 o'clock noon upon the premises.

Tot of land, nearly two acres, only 800 yards from center of Atlanta, itonting on Hunter and King streets and the Georgia railroad, with sput tracks directly into the grounds. Largest works in Atlanta, commanding the trade of the entire South! The most complete plant in the south for manufacturing every variety of machinery, including engines, bollers, marble-cutting and gold-mining machinery, with other specialties, the demand for which is daily increasing. Substantial brick buildings with metal roofs. Apply soon for a bargain and easy payments. For full particulars address, W. H. SMYTH, Receiver.

W. H. SMYTH, Receiver.

n leaving Rome at 10:45 a. m. carries Pullman ng car to New Orleans. n leaving Chattanooga at 11 p.m. carries Sleep-to Selme

No. 8.

inia and

BAMA

s. Texas.

orthwest.

Atlanta to

A Bundle of Knives.

Bain & Kirkpatrick, hardware merchants on North Pryor street, called at police headquarters yesterday morning and left a dozen or more knives. The cutlery was left as a sample to gnide the police department in finding burglars. Night before last the hardware store was broken into and several boxes of knives were stolen. The theft was discovered yesterday morning and the knives left at police headquarters are like those stolen.

They Were Hooking His Pants. . 12 15 n 'n 12 49 n 'gt 1 35 p m 2 10 a m 1 60 p m 2 25 a m 4 45 p m 5 20 a m 6 15 p m 6 25 s m 5 30 a m 1650 p m HAWKINSVILLE BRANCH: They Were Hooking His Pants. NORTH BOUND. Leave Hawkinsville 10 50 a m 3 15 p m

Arrive Cochran 10 50 a m 3 15 p m

NOTE—Tain No. 11 connects at Citico, 8 miles south of Caatanooga, with Cincinnati Southern train, leaving Cheinnati at 8 p. m.

All trains run daily, except train leaving Cochran for Hawkinsville at 1:30 a, m., and train leaving Hawkinsville at 2:30 p. m., which trains run daily, except Sunday.

Trains on 8. R. & D. division going south leave Rome at 8:50 p. m. and 10:5a na. Trains on M. & C. division going wert leave Chattanooga at 190 a. m. and 10 p. m. Trains on the East Tennessee division going east leave Chattanooga at 10 a. m. and 10 p. m. Train also leaves Knoxville at 6:30 a. m. for Morristown, Asheville and Salisbury, and at 8 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. for Jellico.

SLEEPING CAR SERVICE.

Train leaving Chattanooga at 1 p. m. carros Pull-

They Were Hooking His Pants.

Early yesterday morning William Reynolds, who resides at 40 Moore street, awoke and turning his eves towards a window observed his pants moving over the floor. Another glance showed him a long stick through the window and to one end of the stick was a hook in which his pants were fastened. The gentleman sprang from the bed and grabbed his pants. The thief, who was outside the window, saw that he was detected and made his escape.

Three Arrests. Three Arrests.

Tom Leonard, charged with burglary, and killie Bass, on warrant, were given cells yesterday. Bill Gabe, charged with whipping his wife, was arrested last night.

THE CAVALRY FESTIVAL.

Captain Milledge Confident of the Success of His Enterprise. His Enterprise.

Every mail brings to Captain John Milledge favorable responses from the officers of companies to whom he sent circulars inviting them to enter the May cavalry tournament. He feels greatly encouraged, and, to a reporter last night, he said: "I am confident enough companies will enter the list to ensure a grand success. Already I have received letters from the captains of several of the best companies in the south, and these letters state that great interest is taken in my project and that the cavalrymen are eager to join in with us. The Georgia Hussars, of Savannah; the Richmond Hussars, of Adqusta; the McIntosh Light Dragoons; the Governor's Horse Guard, of Atlanta, can be counted in as certain entrants. It is very likely that the Charleston Light Dragoons, the Effingham Hussars and the Liberty Troop will enter at an early date. It will be remembered that for many years a generous rivalry has existed between the Charleston Light Dragoons and the Georgia Light Infantry. These companies I have named are the most celebrated in the south, and their presence would give eclat to the tournament."

In a few days the programme of the tournament will be published in The Constitution. The Revival at the First Baptist Church.

The interest in these meetings continue. At the afternoon service there were ten or tweive who

the afternoon service there were ten or tweive who went up for prayer.

At the night service there were at the beginning of the service tweive or thirteen requests for prayer, and at the close of the meeting there were two received by the church for baptism. The attendance continues to be good at all the meetings, There will be a meeting for Indies this morning at 11 o'clock. Proaching at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, also at 8 o'clock tonight. Dr. Tupper will preach at both of these services. At 7:30 p. m. there will be a meeting for the Stunday school teachers, also a meeting for the Stunday school teachers, also a meeting for a the stunday school teachers, also a meeting for the stunday school teachers, also a meeting for the properties. These meetings will last only half an hour, closing in time for the regular service. Young men in the city who are away from home are especially invited to attend the young men's meeting at 7:30. Everybody is welcome.

It is pure economy to buy Hood's Sarsana-

It is pure economy to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, for it is the only medicine of which can truly be said "100 Doses One Dollar." It is stronger, purer and better than any other blood Durifer.

COURT AND CAPITOL.

HE HAS GONE AWAY.

His Trial.

The Day With the Police Shows Up Bur-

Brooks was charged with disorderly con-

informed by the madam that a man had pre-

cries induced the man to leave, and after he had gone, a messenger was sent for the officer. The man was described accurately, and in a short time the captain and Patrolman Anderson came upon him. He gave his name as S. M. Brooks, and was arrested and conducted to police headquarters. He denied being the person for whom the officers were looking, and put up thirty dollars for his appearance in police court. When the case was called, however, Brooks failed to put in an appearance, and the entire police force is now on the alert for him.

Caught With the Dogs.

Four Chickens Recovered.

She was Given Twelve Days.

moon.

He Lost Clothes and Money.

T. H. Hughes, who resides at No. 66 Butler street, was visited by burglars Monday night, and yesterday morning the gentleman called at police headquarters to report his loss. The burglars entered the house by crawling through a kitchen window which had not been fastened, and succeeded in carrying away a cost and vest. In the vest pockets a small amount of change had been left by Mr. Hughes.

He Lost a Half Dozen Chickens.

maceeded in carrying off an even half dozn fine chickens. The chicken coop which contained nearly fifty fowls, had been securely locked Monday night, but the thieves broke the lock and took out all they wanted. The chicken loser reported the matter at police headquarters yesterday, leaving a description of the chickens stolen.

A Bundle of Knives.

Larcenies, Car Breaking, And a Few Drunks.

The News of the Departments Yesterday-A But He May Come Back to Stand Mail Carrier Charged With Stealing.

THE GOVERNOR YESTERDAY commissioned the following notaries public and ex-officio justices of the peace: J. W. Rhodes, 1174 district, and J. W. Edwards, 800 district of Cherokee county; James C. Hatcher, 1313 district; R. S. Horton, 333 district: Daniel McGaulty, 583 district, and James T. King, 324 district in Wayne county; John L. Barnett, district 616; Ira Vanghn, district 615; James C. Maddox, 552 district for Butts county; David Scott, justice of the peace 748 district, Coffee county.

THE FOLLOWING COMMISSIONS for members of board of education were issued yesterday: G. J. N. Wilson, county school commissioner, for Jackson county; Thomas H. McDowell and Simeon M. Maxwell, members of the board of education, in Taibot county; C. C. Ansley and William H. Newsome, members of the board of education, in Lee county; M. T. Stallings and Orlando McLendon, members of the hoard of education, in Coweta county. Mail Carrier Charged With Stealing. S. M. Brooks, a large, fine looking man' skipped away from Atlanta yesterday morning use he was billed to play an engagement in

Early yesterday morning Captain Mercer was informed that Madam Deckart, living on Foster street, had been assaulted by a man and that she wished the presence of an officer. Captain Mercer called at the residence and was informed by the madam that a man had pre-sented himself at the door and demanded ad-mission, which was refused him. Hethen be-came very offensive and after trying to force his way in drey a pistol, threatening to kill every body in the neighborhood, flourished it around dangerously. The pistol frightened Mrs. Deckart, and she began calling for help. The cries induced the man to leave, and after he had some a messenger was sent for the officer.

BUNYAN HOLDEN, of Gilmer county, will answer before the United States courts, to a charge of forging pension papers. He is out on \$1,000 bail.

BILL SMITH, a mail carrier in Fannin county, he have a heart of the state of the s BILL SMITH, a mail carrier in Fannin county, has been charged by the United States grand jury with stealing from the mails a pair of valuable sleeve buttons belonging to a Miss Sarah Young. Miss Young, who lives near Chestnut Flat postoffice, had asked Smith to enquire at the postoffice, and bring her any mail that there might be for her. The testimony before the grand jury was to the effect that Smith got the package containing the buttons, but failed to deliver them to Miss Young. Smith is in Fulton county jail.

JAMES R. McCoy, of Cherokee county, has given \$1,000 bail for his appearance to answer to a charge of illicit distilling. He was arrested by Deputy Marshal Campbell.

and the entire police force is now on the alert for him.

When Brooks was released, he informed the officers that he was going home, and that he would come back. The officers think that he will not return, but parties in the city, who know him, say that he will come back, and on trial clear himself of the charge made against The County Courthouse. Two courts were sitting yesterday in the county courthouse, but nothing of public interest was reached.

county courthouse, but nothing of public interest was reached.

In the case of Ed Holland vs. W. S. Withers, heard by Judge Marshall J. Clarke, the court passed an order making Mr. Malcomb Johnson receiver in lieu of R. H. Knapp, who was receiver when he defaulted and left Atlanta. Messrs. Milledge & Smith, attorneys for Holland, and Mr. J. C. Jenkins and Colonel E. M. Broyles, counsel for Withers, consented to the order making Mr. Johnson receiver. This case excited a good deal of interest when it was tried last year. It lasted nearly a week. The point was to dispose of certain money—about \$3,000—which was in Knapp's possession. This point was decided and Knapp was called on to make a settlement as receiver. He was not to be found, neither was the money to be got. Knapp took these funds and left Atlanta for parts unknown.

In the superior court, Judge Marshall J. Clarke presiding, the case of Harry R. Powers vs. B. M. Wooley, suit on notes, was tried. The jury gave the plaintiff a verdict for \$205.

A divorce case was heard by Judge Clarke. Rossell F. Fincannon sued his wife, Amanda Fincannon for a total divorce. The ground was infidelity to her marriage vows. The court granted the petition, the jury giving a second verdict, which makes the divorce complete.

In the superior court the case of the Lau-Caught With the Dogs.

Bud Moyer, a young negro, was given a cell yesterday by Call Officer Green. Moyer was captured by the dogs. Early yesterday morning the watchman at the East Tennessee shops phoned to police headquarters asking for an officer. The watchman stated that he had a negro who had been stealing coal hemmed in and wanted to secure him. Green went out carrying the dogs with him, Moyer saw the officer coming and ran and the dogs were turned loose. They ran him down in a half mile.

Bill Gaines and Anthony Nolly, the two negroes who were fined one hundred dollars each in police court Monday morning, for selling liquor without license, were sent to the stockade yesterday to work out thirty day sentences. When the two prisoners stepped into the patrol wagon at police headquarters, to ride out to the rock pile, a great crowd of negroes was standing near by, and in the crowd was Bill Alexander, the negro who so narrowly escaped going along.

Just before dark yesterday afternoon two young negro boys went to a residence on North Pryor street and attempted to sell four chickens—all large and fat. The people suspected that the chickens were stolen and sent for an officer. Patrolman McGhee responded, but the boys discovered him approaching and made their escape. They were unable, however, to carry off the chickens, and the patrolman took charge of them. The chickens, four in number, are now at police headquarters awaiting identification.

She was Given Twelve Days.

second verdict, which makes the distributed plete.

In the superior court the case of the Laurensburg Furniture Manufacturing company against M. B. Potts, was pending when the court adjourned.

In the superior court the jury in the case of Hendrix vs. the Capitol City land and improvement company rendered a verdict of \$200 for the plaintiff. It is said an appeal will be taken.

taken.

There was fled yesterday morning in the office of the clerk of the superior court a suit for \$7,500. The suit is instituted by Messrs. Hoke & Burton Smith in behalf of Mrs. Millie Mabray, whose son, John, was killed in an accident the 14th of last month. He was an employe of the road and was|discharging his duties as a brakeman at Douglasville, Ga., when a collision occurred between two trains. He was thrown out and dashed under the wheels, his death following immediately. The plaintiff alleges that he was her support and main stay, and that the accident was caused by the carelessness of the company's servants.

IN THE CITY COURT, Judge Howard Van Epps presid not the was begun yesterday morning a She was Given Twelve Days.

Adeline Davis, a negro girl, has been confined in the city prison since Friday last, charged with disorderly conduct, and during that time has been yelling almost constantly. Her yells were loud and long enough to disturb everybody near the prison and when she was carried into police court, room yesterday morning for trial, there was a general rejoicing. The woman was given twelve days on the rockpile and was sent out yesterday aftermoon.

He Lost Clothes and Money.

T. H. Hughes, who resides at No. of Butler street, was visited by burglars Monday night, and yesterday morning the gentleman called at police headquarters to report his loss. The burglars entered the house by crawling through a kitchen window which had not been fastened, and succeeded in carrying away a coat and vest. In the vest pockets a small amount of change had been left by Mr. Hughes.

He Lost a Half Dozen Chickens.
Chicken thieves Intered J. E. Ragsdale's place, 141 Calhoun street night before last and succeeded in carrying off an even half dozen

The carry court, JudgeHowardVan Epps prosiden, there was begun yesterday morning a sunt for \$800 damages against the city of Atlanta. The plaintiff, Mrs. A. A. Atkinson, sues because a lot of land owned by her, and situated on Jackson street, was injured in consequence of grading done by the city. In her complaint, she avers that her property was materially damaged by water inundating it. She further alleges that her land is gradually washing away, and will, in time, become worthless. Mr. Fulton Colville represents the plaintiff, and the city is represented by Colonel John B. Goodwin and Judge J. T. Pendleton. The case was pending when the court ad-

The case was pending when the court ad-

plaintiff, and the city is represented by Colone John B. Goodwin and Judge J. T. Pendleton. The case was pending when the court adjourned.

In the superior court, Judge Marshall J. Clarke presiding, there came on for trial yesterday a case which has been on the docket for several years. It is an old injunction case. The complainant is Mrs. Mary B. Rasbury, and the respondent is Mrs. Lucinda Harville and others. The respondent is the second wife of the late W. H. Harville, and Mrs. Rasbury is hijs daughter. Just before Mr. Harville's death he employed the Hon. Nat J. Hammond to draw up a deed for a large lot of land at the corner of Pratt and Decatur streets. The deed was drawn by Colonel Hammond, but it was objected to by Mr. Harville, who said it failed to provide for the children of his first wife. The deed was accordingly duly signed by Mr. Harville and accepted by his wif. Mrs. Rasbury now alleges that the writin, was scratched off the back of the defect being cured by the attorney's putting the neces ary changes on the back of the writin, was scratched off the back of the deed by Mr. Harville, thus mullifying the provision for her as his child and leaving her wholy unprovided for. Colonel Thomas P. Westmoreland and Judge John Collier appear for the complainant and Mr. Robert L. Sibley and Mr. G. A. Howell represent the respondent. The case was pending when the court adjourned.

The MULE CASE was resumed yesterday moning in the city court. The mule in dispute died of acute indigestion. Mr. Thompson, who owned the mule, hired him to a man named Bowe, who did not use him tenderly. The beast died, as was alleged, from neglect. The mule was valued at \$125, and the damages were laid in this sum. The plaintiff was represented by Mr. Jack M. Slaton. The jury considered a long time. At first three of the jurors were in favor of voting five cents damages. Finally a verdict for \$68 was given in favor of the plaintiff.

A Card.

A Card.

The owners of stock who allow them to run at large, since the lowering of the street in front of my house by the county chaingang, my front fence having been left down for some time and I having gone to considerable expense in having my front yard made and terraced, which has been literally yard made and terraced, which has been literally ruined and also my shrubbery destroyed by stray cows coming in both day and night, the owners are hereby notified that I am tired of driving the stock out repeatedly, and I shall hereafter use my shotoun in getting rid of them. Hoping that the owners will keep them out so that I will not be worried any more, I give this public notice.

M. B. Corbett,

Corner of North Avenue and Plum streets.

New Dye House, No. 24 Walton street. French cleaning a

our French cleaning will not get your garments SOUTHERN DYE HOUSE, 24 Walton street.

W. R. JONES & CO. PRACTICAL SLATE ROOFERS

Plain and crnamental roofing done in the be manner, and repairing old slate roof a specialt Address, Eox 316, Atlanta, Ga. Office 12 Loyd stree Jan15—d3m 7p

We ca'l attention to the sale of the Atlanta' Machine works of McCombs, Taylor & Co., which takes place today at the works at 12 m., as will be seen by reference to our advertising columns. These works are the largest and most important south of Richmond, and splendid opening is offered for the investment of capital in a most lucrative business.

JEWELER, 55 WHITEHALL ST. Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing. Bottom Prices.

A Car Load of New

BABY CARRIAGES

Just received at NUNNALLY'S, 36 Whitehall street.

un bev oys 7p

There is No Doubt About It. The Three Kings and Rabbit Foot cigars are leading all other brands, and the r ason of it is, they have been tested and the public know them to be good, and this explains the big sale. It pays to keep the best of anything and you never have any hard stock to work off. Order one thousand and if they are not what we say you can return them at our expense. Very respectfully,

HARALSON BROS. & CO., HARRALSON BROS. & Co., 25 Alabama Street 7p un Nun

CALHOUN CONTRIBUTIONS. Liberally.

The response, on the part of the good people of Atlanta, to the appeal from Calhoun, fully sustains Atlanta's reputation for generosity.

It will be remembered that the amount con-It will be remembered that the amount contributed up to yesterday, and acknowledged in yesterday's Constitution, was \$226.90.

Yesterday Mr. James A. Gray received the following contributions for the Methodist church, soon to be rebuilt in Calhoun:

I. A. Boynton...... Dimmock & Wallace I. C. Spence.....

Morrison & Co., one keg nails,
The Waiter A. Taylor Co., six dozen cologne.
Thomas M. Clark & Co., two kegs nails.
F. W. Hart, one door.
This raises the amount of the cash contributions to \$275.90.

Pond's Extract, for Inflammation, etc. We wish those who hear of the Extract for the first time to ask some friend about it. They invariably

PERSONAL.

Bussey, repairs old hats, 21 Marietta street. J. ROSENBAUM, of Macon, is stopping at the "R. G. PRYOR, North America," is registered at the Markham.

MR. L. W. Johnson, of Columbia, S. C., was in Atlanta yesterday.

MR. A. L. MILLER, of the Capitol commis-

sion, is registered at the Kimball.

MR. W. C. TRADEWELL, a distinguished electrician of New York city, is in Atlanta.

GRAND MASTER JOHN S. DAVIDSON, of lugusta, Ga., registered last evening at the Kin

Mr. John Donaldson, Jr., who has been ill for the past two months, is improving. Yesterday he left the city for St. Augustine, Fla.

MR. CHARLES L. DAVIS, proprietor of the Warm Springs, in Meriwether county, Ga., is stopping at the Kimball.

MR. J. W. Hightower, of Emporia, Ga.,

and one of the largest lumber manufact outh, is in Atlanta today, registered at the Kimball.
MR. M. M. TURNER, the well-known dry

goods man, has closed out his business, and is now with D. H. Dougherty & Co., where he will be gratified to see his friends.

Mr. D. H. DOUGHERTY has returned from New York, where he has been for several weeks, purchasing what he says is the handsomest stock of dry goods ever brought south.

MR. C. ARGYRO, of Egypt, manufacturer of Pyramides," Turkish cigarettes, having successful y introduced his fine goods into this market, wil eave for Macon and Savannah tomorrow. THE friends of Dr. L. W. Loomis will be

gratified to learn that he is recovering from his re-centinjury. He was thrown from a horse near Augusta two weeks ago and was seriously hurt. Mr. H. I. KIMBALE returned to the city last evening, and their many friends in Atlanta will be pleased to learn that Mrs. Kimball and Miss Mae came with him. They are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Kimball, 25 Kimball street.

THE descendants of Mr. A. L. Harris, of this city, are preparing for the next war. Within the past thirty days two of Mr. Harris's daughters, Mrs. J. H. Kuhns and Mrs. D. A. Reid, both residing in Atlanta, presented him with grandsons. These two, with others that came before, make nine grandchild dren that have been born to Mr. Harris—a:l boys. Phillip's Digestible Cocoa Furnishes nutriment and aids digestion.

See Our Special Column Today or choice property at auction this week. Sam'l Goode & Co.

THE WONDERFUL CARLSBAD SPRINGS. An Eminent Physician Reads a Paper of

An Eminent Physician Reads a Paper of Great Interest Before the International Medical Congress.

At the ninth International Medical congress, Dr. A. I. A. Toboldt, of the University of Pennsylvania, read a paper stating that out of thirty cases treated with Carlshad Water and the Powdered Carlshad Sprudel Salt for chronic constipation, hypochondria, disease of the liver and kidneys, jaundice, acipolis, diabetis, dropsy from valvular, heart disease, dysper sla, catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, ulcer of the stomach or spleen, children with marasmus, gout, rheumatism of the joints, gravel, etc., twenty-six were entirely cured, three much improved, and one not treated long enough. Average time of treatment, four weeks, In all of these cases no particular diet was prescribed. The doctor claims, in conclusion of his paper, that the Carlshad, being the natural product, is much to be preferred where the quantity of water is no objection, particularly in diseases of the stomach. Whenever the quantity of water is no objection, particularly in diseases of the stomach. Whenever the quantity of water sand sprudel Salt (genuline imported) will answer. He states that the effect of the Water and Powder Sprudel Salt is to be relied upon, independently of any adjuncts of treatment, such as diet and exercise, whether taken hot or cold, claiming even an advantage when taken hot or cold, claiming even an advantage when taken hot or cold, claiming even an advantage when taken lot or cold, claiming even an advantage when taken hot or cold, claiming even an advantage when taken not or cold, claiming even an advantage when times of treatment, such as diet and exercise, whether taken hot or cold, claiming even an advantage when times of treatment, such as diet and exercise, whether taken hot or cold, claiming even an advantage when times of treatment, such as diet and exercise, whether taken hot or cold, claiming even an advantage when the signature of the cold of the col

64 Cooper Street Positively Sold to the Highest Bidder

Next Saturday, 31st instant, at 11 a.m., on the premises. Sam'l W. Goode & Co. A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.

Complete Soda Water Establishment for A complete and nearly new outfit, soda water and bottling machines, shipping and delivery cases, bottles, syphones, extracts, and horse and wagon, all complete and ready for use. Reasonable price. Apply to Well & Brand, lw Attorneys at Law, 234 Whitehall St.

## , MY SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.

IS NOW READY. Suits for Men, Boys and Children

IN GREAT VARIETY. Prices Always the Lowest.

George Muse. Suits Made to Order 38 Whitehall Street.

JEWELRY.

INNO WATCHES, JEWELRY AND

STERLING SILVERWARE. The latest Novelties for the Holidays. The best \$5.00 Watch in the world. Watch repairing a Specialty. IJ. S. DOYLE, Jeweler, 51 Whitehall Street.

Our Unqualified Challenge

IS UNACCEPTED!

REMINGTON

STANDARD

TYPEWRITER.

For Speed and Durability—UNRIVALVED.
For ease of Manipulation and Quality of Work

For Speed and Speed and Company of Manipulation and Compan

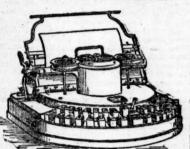
PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

HUGH V. WASHINGTON,

Attorney-At-Law, Macon, Ga. Prompt, personal attention to all business.

EUGENE M. MITCHELL,

THE HAMMOND TYPE WRITER.



The best Writing Machine in the world. Type Writer supplies for all machines, cabinets and desk. Fine grades paper. A. F. COOLEDGE, Agent Georgia and Alabama, No. 21 Alabama St., e o d under Thornt

Teeth White as Snow!



the gums in perfect order, and should be used by

For sale by all druggists at Fifty Cents a bottle.

Wholesale Drug gists, Gen'l Agts., Atlanta, Ga.

HOYT & THORN

FANCY GROCERS,

90 WHITEHALL ST. 90

We invite your inspection.

feb12-dly un thorn t7p

14 lbs Standard Gran Sugar

50 lbs Regal Patent Flour

50 lbs Rese Patent Flour

45 lbs Hudnut's Grits

Large Dove Hams, per lb.

Small Dove Hams, per lb.

Dove Breakfast Racon, per lb.

21 lb cans Armour's Corned Beef
6 cans Columbia River Salmon

1 doy 2 lb cans Tomatoes.

2 lb cans Armour's Cornect Beet 6 cans Columbia River Salmon 1 doz 2 lb cans Tomatoes 118 bars Glory Soap.
Preserves, pure fruit, per lb to close out. 4 lbs, any kind Jelly Vermont Maple Syrup.
Parched Rio Coffee, per lb, fine.
Arbuckle's Coffee Imported Macaroni, per lb.
Jersey Butter, Dr. Alexander's.
11b Royalor Dr. Price B'k'g P'd'r.
New Dates, per lb.
Large Fancy French Prunes.
3 lbs. new Turkish Prunes.
Fancy Raisins, Dehesa.
Shrewsbury Catsup, pt size.
Lea & Perrins' Sauce.
Baker's 1 lb cake Chocolate
Fancy Lemons, per doz.
Sapolio.

Sapollo. 7
Apple Butter, per lb. 7
Apple Butter, per lb. 7
These are only a few of our low prices. We sell lower than any house in the south. Our goods are fresher on account of quiek sales. Goods all guaranteed or money refunded.

Fe wise and do not listen to misrepresentation, but come and see for yourself. We do the largest business in our line in the south. Write for printed catalogue. Hotels supplied and 20 per cent sayed.

Grandest Ball of the Season.

and Supper of the Hi-

bernian Benevolent So-

ciety at Concordia Hall

April 3d. Tickets only

\$2.00, admitting gen-

Universal Strike.

All the engineers, firemen and other employes of

the railroads in the state threaten ajuniversal strike

unless they can get the Yellow Label Cigar, the

tleman and lady.

Annual Grand Ball

HOYT & THORN,

Asa G. Candler & Co.,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, No. 8 S. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga., Grant Building PROF. OTTO SPAHR, Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music, 171 South Forsyth Street. ROBERT HARBISON, COUNSELOR AND ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gate City Bank Building, Rooms 54 and 55. the market that is absolutely indorsed by home dentists and physicians. Its merit has been established beyond doubt.

Attorney and Special Agent in Georgia Why, then, will you be persuaded to use any other AMERICAN SURETY COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
(Paid up cash capital \$1,000,000.) It will whiten and preserve the teeth and keep

Guarantee and Surety Bonds. FRANK CARTER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
1234 E. Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga. Refers to Moore,
Marsh & Co., Gate City National Bank. 'Phone 333.
G. T. OSBORN,
OFFICIAL STENOGRAPHER COWETA CIRCUIT.
All cells by telegrap or otherwise promptly at.

HUGH ANGIER, CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.

Railroad and Sanitary work a specialty.

14½ Whitehall St. Room No. 22. GOODE & ANDERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Offices No. 1 Marietta street, corner Peachtree. Will do a general prac-tice in all the courts, State and Federal. Real Estate and Corporation Law specialties. 1tope

N. J. & T. A. HAMMOND,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW.
Rooms Nos. 41 and 42 Gate City Eank Building.
Corner Alabama and Pryor Streets.
T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking
Depositions in Fulton County.

H.LAMAR. LAMAR & ZACHRY. Washington, D. C. Refer by permission to Hons. A. H. Colquitt, J. E. Brown, John D. Stewart, J. H. Blount, C. F. Crisp, A. D. Candler, George F. Barnes, T. M. Norwood, H. H. Carlton, Thomas Grimes and H. G. Turner.

EDMUND W. MARTIN, Attorney and Counselor at Law. No. 55% Whitehall Street Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 512. WILLIAM A. HAYGOOD. HAMILTON DOUGLAS. HAYGOOD & DOUGLAS, WALTER GREGORY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Room 5, Jackson Building. Special attention given
o damage and insurance case, and collections.
JOHN M. SLATON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
20% Peachtree Street,
Healy Building.
Atlanta, 64.

JOHNSON & JOHNSON & JOHNSON & ATTORNEYS AT LAW. (N. J. Hammond's Old Office). 21% E. Alabama Street, Atlanta, cieorgia.

A. R. WRIGHT, MAX MEYERHARDT, \*EABORN WRIGHT, WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT & WRIGHT, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Rome, Ga.

Collections a specialty. Rome, Ga. ARCHITECTS.

EDMUND G. LIND,

ARCHITECT,

Office, 63% Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.
ant —d3m ARCHITECTS.

W. H. PARKINS, ARCHITECT, Office 7½ N. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

L. B. WHEELER,
ARCHITECT, Atlanta, Ga.
Office 4th floor Chamberlin & Boynton building,
or. Whitehall and Huter streets. Take elevator PETER LYNCH, 95 Whitehall Street,

ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA. Retail Dealer in

Foreign and Domestic Liquors. Fine Liquors and Wines for medicinal purposes a specialty. Also bottled English Ale, Dublin Porter and Lager Beer. Tobaccos, Cigars and Snuff, Guns and Ammunition; Pistols and Cartridges; also Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons; Glass and Crockeryware, Boots and Shoes, and many other goods too numerous to mention. A perfect Variety Store. Terms cash. Prices as low as the lowest.

LADIES Do Your Own Dyeing at Home With

PEERLESS DYES!

The Queen and Crescent Route (Cincinnati Southern Ry.), iamous for the speed of its trains and excellent condition of track, is now running a through sleeper from Cincinnati to Atlanta on the limited express, the time en route being 14 hours only. Half a day is sayed over other routes between the two cities. THEY WILL DYE EVERYTHING. THE ARE sold everywhere. Price 10e a package. 40 colors. They have no equal for Strength. Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For ale by M. B. Avary & Co., and all Druggs 14.



## ADVANCE STYLES SPRING CLOTHING

Worsted Cutaway and Prince Albert Cass and Cheviot Cutaway and Sack

Sults. Children's Sults (short pants). Boys' Sults, 14 to 17 years, long pants. Gent's Extra Pants. Boys' Extra Pants. The above goods are Tailor-made and the atest styles.

OUR MERCHANT TAILORING DEP'T Is now complete with all of the Latest Styles of Foreign Goods. C.G. GROSSE & HARRY M KAY, CUTTERS

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO. REAL ESTATE.

SAM'L. W. GOODE, ALBERT L. BECK. R. H. WILSON SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO.

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer. THE CUMMING PLACE

NO. 64 COOPER STREET,

AT AUCTION POSTPONED ON ACCOUNT OF RAIN.

-WILL SELL-

--- Saturday, March 31st,---AT 11 A. M.-SALE ABSOLUTE.

This is a complete home in a first-class neighborhood. The dwelling is comparatively new, has nine large rooms, all modern conveniences, closets, wide halls up and down stairs, wide verandas, good servant's room and kitchen, carriage house, barns and stables. The lot is 112x216 feet, high, well drained, and really very choice; only a short distance from Whitehall car line, and a pleasant walk from the business center of the city.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO., Agts N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

On -:- Thursday -:- Afternoon, -MARCH 29TH, AT 4 O'CLOCK,-

On the premses, will sell that splendid property on the southeast corner of Luckie and Dairy streets; 101 feet on Luckie, extending back along Dairy 206 feet to Venable treet, subdivided into 2 lots on Luckie 130 feet deep and 3 lots on Venable 76 feet deep. Fronting on Luckie is a plain, comfortable 6 room cottage and one 4 room cottage on Dairy street. This property is located in nice neighborhood close to Marietta street cars, public school, Technological college, Payne's chapel, and convenient to railroad men and mechanics generally. Examine this property carefully. Call at our office for plats,

\$2,100 for a new and hadsomely furnished five-room cottage, on corner lot, near the Hill statute and in excellent neighborhood. Must be sold at once.

once.

\$1660 for beautiful, elevated lot, \$4 feet front by 158 feet deep, close in, on Courtland avenue. On it is a three-room cottage that will rent well. Neighbood excellent. A rare bargain.

\$700 for a choice Hill street lot, 50x140, near Mr. Falvey's residence.

\$750 for neat three-room cottage, close in, on Bell street. Rents for \$8.00 a month. Good neighborhood and convenient to car lines, churches, etc.

etc. \$1,000 for three-room cottage on fine clevated lot,66x 157 feet, with side alley. Only one-half block from car line and in a good neighborhood. \$1,000 for level, elevated lot, 50x140 feet, on Deca-

\$1,000 for level, elevated 10t, 30x140 test, on Decautr street.
\$4,000 for one of the best corners on Decautr street, 100x150. On it are three three-room cottages that always rent well to good tenants.
\$1,000 for a cosy little cottage home on beautifully shaded lot, 45x200 feet. Fine neighborhood and one-half block from Hill street,
\$1,500 will out the cheaptest to on Whitehall street, 60x175 feet. A bargain. It is elevated, level and covered with a beautiful grove. Terms easy.

and covered with a beautiful grove. Terms
easy.
\$500 for the biggest bargain in a store on Marietta
street. A neat store room, new and well built,
and situated this side of the Bridge works.
\$2,500 for a complete West End home, about \$300 feet
from Gordon street car line and in the neigh
borhood of Messrs. B. J. Wilson, A. B. Matthews,
Captain Dallas, Evan P. Howell, and Judge R.
L. Rodgers. The house is new and well built.
Has five large, nicely finished rooms, besides
kitchen, wide hall and front and rear verandas.
The lot is 57x273 feet with side alley and lies
nicely. Call and let us show you this cheap
home.

SAM'L W GOODE & CO.

SAM'L W GOODE & CO.

ARTISTS' MATERIAL, A. P. TRIPOD,

Paints, Oils,

WINDOW GLASS. Artists Materials

A SPECIALTY.

Agents for Anti-Kalsomine The best and cheapest prepara-

tion for finishings, walls and ceilings of dwellings, churches, stores, etc. Send for color cards, testimonials, etc.

45 Pacatur Street, Atlanta, Ga

### WALTHAM Nº ELGIN WATCHES

IN NEW AND ATTRACTIVE CASES, FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW JEWELERS.

### THE WEATHER REPORT

lications for Georgia: On the coast fresh to southerly winds, nearly stationary tempera-rais in interior, light to fresh northerly winds, tions favorable for severe local storms.

Daily Weather Report. OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A., U. S. CUSTON HUTSE, March 27, 9 p. in. Observations taken at 9 p. m., Central time. WIND.

eter reduced to sea level.
les the precipitation inappreciable.

### MEETINGS.

M. A. B. A. B.'s meet Wednesday at 7:70 in their Marietta street. Remember the date, 28th instant. Important business on band and indicates to initiate. All members urg d to

The Atlanta Car Works. eeting will be held at The Constitution build-10 o clock in the forenoor, on Wednesday, h day of March, for the purpose of deedding illocation for the works; also, to pericel ar-acts for organizing the company, riginal subscribers, and others who desire to be for stock in this enterprise, are requested the reaches. terprise, are requested C. E. LUCAS, And others.

HOUSE OWNERS, ARCHITECTS AND CON-worth's Silien Paint. Its advantages are double that of others. Its use is a constant revelation. For proof of value call at Depot, 25 Broad street. mcb21—Im un weth'r

DILES, FISTULA AND ALL RECTAL DIS cases treated by a painless process. No loss of time from business. No lonfe, ligature or caustic. A RADICAL CURE guaranteed in every case treated. Reference given.

DR. R. G. JACKSON, up weekly office 42% Whitehell Street, Atlanta.

### UNDERTAKER.

## For Rent.

Salt Springs Hotel, at Austell, Ga. The Hotel is an elegant brick building, conveniently arranged and well furnished throughout Apply to W. E. Shelverton, Aus tell, Ga.

EXIT Paper Cigarettes.

Absolutely pure, hand-made and all tobacco of choicest quality. For sale everywhere. Five in a package for 5 cents. Try them.

J. STEINHEIMER & Co., Wholesale Agents, Atfanta. Ga,

KENNY & WERNER

NO. 40 DECATUR ST., ATLANTA, GA. Agents for PICKWICK CLUB and J, W. HARPER WHISKIES and BUDWEISER BOTTLED BEER.

Wholesale Liquor Dealers

All orders from a distance promptly attended to dec30-dtf 8thp un u o rob

TURKISH

CIGARETTES!



C. ARGYRO EGYPT.

The finest Turkish Cigarettes ever offered in the Made of Genuine "Gueubek" Turkish tobacco, of delictous and natural flavor, guaranteed without my adulteration. For sale by druggists, cigar dealers, etc. T. J. KARWELL, 44 S. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga., Sole Agent for Georgia and Alabama. mar2s im tu thu sun

mar28 im tu thu sun 1st col 8p HYGEIA TOBACCO.

-Manufactured by-Thomas C. Williams & Co., Richmond, Va.

A Choice Investment for Mechanics auction next Thursday, March 29th, 1888, at 4 a, cornier of Luckie and Dairy streets. Sam'l Doode & Co.

Splendid Property on Luckie and Dalry Streets at auction next Thursday, March 29th, at 4 p. m., by Sam'l W. Goode & Co.

GOSSIP OF THE RAIL

News of Interest About Railroads and Railroad Men.

The Last of the Passenger Agents' Convenon-Personals and Notes About Local Railroad Men.

The last of the passenger and ticket agents arrived here yesterday morning, at 8:15, by the Central road. The train consisted of three Woodruff sleepers and one diming and one baggage bar. They left for Chicago, at nine o'clock, via the Western and Atlantic. The train was under the supervision of the Mr. William Hill, general passenger agent, assisted by Mr. John H. Griffin, traveling passenger

agent, of the same route.

The fc.1 wing is a list of the officials and their The fac. I wing is a list of the officials and their families:

Mr. William Hill on I wife, general passenger agent
C. & E. I. railway: Ar. O. W. Rure, es, Mr. James
Jackson, Mrs. Julia Jackson, Mrs. C. W. Adams, W.
H. Lyford and wife, atterney, C. & E. I. railway: W.
A. Thrail, general ticket agent, for Mrs. Adams, Y.
H. Lyford and wife, atterney, C. & E. I. railway: W.
A. Thrail, general ticket agent, Michigan Central railway: P. H.
Craue, superintendent woodruff car company: George M. Mrs. Railway: P. H.
Craue, superintendent woodruff car company: W. H. Pool. F. P. Ives and wife;
Robert M. Case, secretary to chairman
of Central traitic association; J. C. Paniels;
Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Martin, of R. Ind, McGally & Co.
all of Chiesco: W. H. Grout, general passenger agent, I. S. and M. Sc. railway: R. F. Homer and
wife, general passenger agent New York Central and
S. Loris railway: Mrs. Marty Smith, of Cleveland;
Robert D. Gier, of Matthews, Northrup & Co., Buffalor John W. Rodley and family, general wasenger
agent Chesapcake and Nashville railway; W. L. Banley and wife, general passen, er agent Nashville,
Chattanooga and St. Louis railway; W. L. Banley and wife, general passen, er agent Mashville,
Mrs. Crommillin and daugiter. Nashville; Wm. Murray, Southen passenger agent Hilmois Central; J. W.
Coien a., general passen, er agent Hilmois Central;
T. H. Chandler, G. P. A. M's out Pacific railway;
James F. Aglar and wife, general agent, Union Pacific railway; Mrs. Mr. George II. Danies and wife,
hairman Central Traffic association; C. L. Lookwood and wife, G. P. A. Grand Rapi is and Indianap. lis railway; Mass Lockwood; C. W. Hornick and
wife, Miss Wincoff, St. Paul Ploneer Press.

The menu carvis for the special dining car issued
by the Evansy Ple route were the handsomest seen
in some in e. Engavel on the front was the representation of a tra'n leaving the north in a snow
storm for the lant of the sun, while a stage coach in
the distance presented the sunorann of "ye olden
days," W. le walking was the distance presented the panorama of "ye dlays," when walking was not good, and stage of

than s, when warming was in 1900od, and stage conci-ing was not much encouragement for a traveler; on the right front of the card was a picture represent-ing a young lady in a tropical scene. Taken in all, the menu card was hand-ome and said to be the neatest ever gotten up by a railroad company. Railroad Rattle, Round trip tickets to Florida will be with-rawn from side on the first of April. Mr. Joe Bradfield, of the East Tennessee irginia and Georgia, is improving rapidly. Virginia and Georgia, is improving rapidly.

Colonel John A. Calvin has returned to the city, after spending several weeks in Florida.

The continuous rains have not delayed the trains running into the city as yet, to the delight of he tray of the continuous rains have not delayed the trains running into the city as yet, to the delight of the tray of the delight of the tray of the delight of the city as yet, to the delight of the city as yet, to the delight of the city of of the city

Alton Angier, of the Western and Atlantic, as returned to Atlanta, after a very pleasant tr.p. the land of flowers. other and of nowes.

Alf Vernoy, traveling passenger agent of the corsin Pacific, ticketed a party to California via irm n jam yesterday.

Colonel Hugh Adams, of the Western and Atlance, and Charles Royle accompanied the general assence agents to Chattanooga. Rasen, Fragents to Chattanoga.

Sam. C. Ray, of the East Tennessee, Virinia and Georgia railway, is out of the city on a
usiness trip advertising his road.

Mr. Johnson also received a telegram last night
tating that the Georgia Pactific and Vicksburg and

W. E. Reynolds, of Queen and Crescent, has turned from Florida, where he has been picking rawberries and fighting mosquitce: Mr. L. J. Ellis, assistant general passenger agent of the fast Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia rallway, is quite sick at his residence on Ivy street. J. M. McAllister, agent T. and C., of Birmincham, icomerly of Allanta, paid the boys a visit vesterday. He had a black eye, a relict of the south G-orgia wreck.

Mr. Steve Johnson received a telegram yesterday from Superit indent Griggs, da ed Birming-ham, Ala., March 27, stating that "the Alabama Great Southern is all right and no trouble Leyond Meridian that I am aware of—trains running

### THE BENEFIT CONCERT.

The Boston Stars Emphasize Their First Night's Success. The audience in DeGive's opera house last night was large, considering the atrocious The Boston Stars emphasized their success of the first night. It was thought that the first performance could not be improved upon, yet last night's was actually better than the first.

Mr. Emerson renewed his triumph. His playing provoked the wildest enthusiasm.

Nothing equal to it has been heard in the opera By common consent Walter Emerson

Nothing equal to it has been heard in the opera house. By common consent Walter Emerson is facile princess among cornet players.

Mrs. Emerson sang like the great prima donna that she is. She has won the hearts of all who heard her, and they will hold her in the tenderest remembrance.

Nella F. Brown was great, as usual, and she aroused the audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm. The verdict of everybody was:

"She is the greatest reader I ever heard."

Mr. Rudolph King deserves praise for the dainty and judicious manner in which he played the accompaniments.

The company has captured Atlanta, and whenever it returns the opera house will be crowded. During their stay in the city the members of the company have made many friends. The reputation of the Boston Stars is now solid in Atlanta. It is a matter of regret that they cannot remain here longer.

The fancy drill last night by a squad of the Atlanta Rifles was excellent. The squad was commanded by Captain Sneed.

Mr. McMillau and Mr. Harden, two members of the Gate City Guard, gave an exhibition of fancy drilling, which elicited great applause.

Captain George B. Forbes, of the Atlanta

plause.

Captain George B. Forbes, of the Atlanta Artillery, has managed these two concerts with great ability. With many drawbacks, he has achieved a pronounced success. He deserves the praises of the community for having brought to Atlanta so excellent a company.

THE WOMAN'S HOME. It Secks More Commodious Quarters-Needy

Children. The Woman's home, located for a long time in Marietta street, has been removed to No.

49 Peters street.

There are thirty-four children in the home who need clothing. Twenty-five of these will soon be admitted into the public schools, but they cannot go to school without decent clothing. 49 Peters street.

The officers of the home make this appeal:
"Will not the chavitable ladies in this city help them? Every one can spare some garment from her children's supply, and anything will be gratefully received. Send contributions to 49 Peters street, Woman's Christian home."

Peculiar in medicinal merit and wonderful cures—Hood's Sarsaparilla. Now is the time to take it, for now it will do the most good.

How \$1 Made Lucky John Trimble Tremble.
John Trimble, No. 334 S. Broadway, is the
most contented man in Aurora, Ill., for he has
in the bank \$4,995, the profits of his investment
of \$1 in The Louisiana State Lottery. He was
seen by an Express reporter and acknowledged
that he had received the above amount and
that it was his intention to use the money, he
having lately purchased the cut stone business
of Isaac Edwards. The ticket which drew the
\$50,000 prize was number 73,185.—Aurora, Ill.,
Express, Jan. 30.

On Account of the Heavy Rain The auction sale of that elegant property, 64 Cooper street, is postponed until Saturday, 31st instant, at 11 a.m. Fam'l W. Goode & Co.

Nothing will be spared to make Ball and Supper given by the Hibernian Benevolent Society the grandest affair that has ever taken place in Atlanta.

MR. JEFFERSON DAVIS.

Major Sidney Root Tells About a Recent Vis-it to Bouvoir. "Yes," said Mr. Sidney Root in answer to an inquiry, "I have made a brief quiet visit to my friend Jefferson Davis. I spent Sunday with him. Among the people I have known, I can remember no one that so interests me as Mr. Davis, and no one that I so highly re-spect."

"How about his health?"
"I have not seen him look so well since the war. Of course he is not a young man, he has, I believe, been through four wars, and has been a state prisoner in a casemate for two years. His vitality is wonderful. A wound he received in Mexico gives him occasional trouble, but he appears as healthy as he was in 1861. However, he has one of the best of women for a wife—formerly a Miss Howell (I think she is a relative of Mr. Even Howell, of The Constitution), a very cultivated and sensi-CONSTITUTION), a very entitivated and sensi-ble woman, who looks after the comfort of her husband and her numerous guests. Her grand-father was once governor of New Jersey, and a trusted friend of George Washington's."

"What about the financial condition of the famile?"

"What about the manicial condition of the family?"

"That is a subject that we have never discussed and about which I, of course, made no inquiries. These people are naturally proud, and I conjecture that, like some of the rest of us. they are not rich; they have a great deal of company. Beauvoir—a bluff of white sand on the gulf—cannot produce anything, and the family plantation gives no income."

"Did you see Miss Winnie, the daughter of the confederacy?"

"Yes, of course. Her name is not "Winnie," but Varina Annie—after her mother. She is worthy of her distinguished parentage—entirely devoted to her father and mother, and her studies in art. She, with exquisite grace, aids in dispensing the hospitalities of Beauvoir, and in a general way in making everybody happy."

body happy."
"Then all the sensational reports about Mr.
Davis being in a dying condition are ground-

"Yes, as I have already said, his condition is remarkably robust for one of his years. He will live many a year yet. I told him that I believed he would outlive Ben Butler or Sher-

'He is one of the most elegant gentlemen I know. His manners are simple and he detests anything like estentation or display, and he leads a quiet life."

HIGH LICENSE IN ATLANTA. A Georgia Editor on How the New System Works.

Colonel T. L. Gantt, of the Atbens Banner-Watchman, has the following on the working of the high license system of Atlanta, in a recent letter from this, city to the Banner-Watchnan: The last time I was in Atlanta the city was "as dry as a powder horn"—from a prohibition standpoint.
Today it is dripping wet—that is if the opening of fifty-odd barrooms constitute wetness. But I am agreeably disappointed in one thing: I expected to see a regular carmagnol of drunkenness in Atlanta.
On the other hand, there is not a more orderly or sober spot in Georgia, so far as my observation goes, I have been here for three days, have mingled freely with the people, and notwithstanding there are a large number of strangers in the city in attendance on the executive committee, and a general love-fess, handshaking and promiscuous treating among the politicians and candidates, I have yet to see the first man the slightest under the nce of liquor. On the other hand, I saw more vidences of drinking during the reign of "nerve onic" and "New Era beer" than are noticeable since

king alcohol has been re-enthroned. No doubt, when whisky was first voted back into Atlanta disraceful scenes were enacted; but this spasm has were trained, but his spann has we passed away and you see preceptibly the good ects of s rong laws and high license. There is doubt of one thing—the city authorities At'atta are doing good work towerd introlling the evil results of whisky selling. controlling the evil results of whisky solling. Stringent laws have been passed, regulating the sale of liquor and against drankennes, and what is better still, these enactments are being rigorously enforced. To begin with, only responsible men are licensed to seil whisky, and all the little daggeries on by-streets are we ded out. Every barroom is required to close when the clock strikes ten at night, and the sale of liquor to an intoxicated man is strictly prohibited. Even the drunkard is looked right an unished three cavictions before the after and punished, three convictions before the mayor on this charge, sends the offender to the chaingang, it matters not what his social position may be. As a natural consequence, both the liquor-seller and the liquor-drinker are quor-seller and the liquor-drinker are ept under restraint and within bounds. A gentleman who has studied the matter tells me that there drank in Atlanta as Lefore prohibition. The freuenters of barrooms now satisfy their appetites with lighter beverages, such as beer, wines, etc. When a man begins to feel his whisky, if the barkeeper don't refuse to sell him, some friend will step ia an l interfere. Of course, no argument can be made in a l-

vocacy of whisky-dringing. It is a curse in any light you view it, but I do say the city authorities of At-lanta come as near successfully controlling the evil as it is possible to do. as it is possible to do.

Atlanta is certainly a great city, and every Georgian naturally looks on it with honest pride, both as the capital of his state and an illustration of what the industry and energy of our people can actually before the process of the pr omplish. Before the smoke had ceased to rise from its ruins after the destruction of this city by Sherman and his vandal horde, the record began to rebuild. Atlanta has ever since the war been steadily growing, and has yet to receive its first set-back. There is no beom about the place liable to explode at any time, but the growth and prosperity of the city is steady on 1 increasing.

MEDICAL.

## HEADACHE

Proceeds from a Torpid Liver and impuri-ties of the Stomach, and can be invariably cured if you will only



Sick and Nervous Headaches Can be prevented as soon as their symptoms indicate the coming of an attack.

"I use Simmons Liver Regulator when troubled seriously with Hearlaches caused by Constitution. It produces a favorable result without hindering my regular pursuits in business."—W. W. WILMER, Des Molnes, Iowa.

Moines, lowa.

Examine to See That You Get the Genuin distinguished from all frauds and imitations by our red Z trade mark on front of Wrapper, and on the side the seal and signature of J. H. Zellin & Co.

ovi9—mo we fel too mor finwky oul r

## SOUTHERN SANITARIUM

"WATER CURE."

134 CAPITOL AVENUE, ATLANTA, GA
THIS INSTITUTION HAS, DURING ITS THIR
teen years of successful operation, restored
thousands of people to health, and attained a
national reputation. The problem of health, by
living healthfully has been solved.
The universality of the results obtained is a markcd-feature of this Sanitarium. All are benefited—
none are injured. All forms of chronic allment
yield to its processes with surprising certainty and
rapidity. rapidity.

THE CRUDE COLD WATER CURE methods do not constitute any part of the treatment.

APPLIANCES INCLUDES BATHS OF VARIED FORMS, MASSAGE, SWEDISH MOVEMENTS, ELECTRICITY, MAGNETISM, HYGIENIC-DISTARY, PNEUMATIC AND VACUUM TREATMENT, ETC. All applied on principles scientifically exact and definite, which, together with pleasant home com-forts and refined social surroundings, makes this, in every respect a perfect Sanitarium for those in quest of health.

Refers, with permission, to some of the most re-fined and intelligent people of this and other states of the union.

For pamphlet and particulars, address as above or U. O. ROBERTSON, M.

ATLANTA GA.

PRICE'S BARING POWDER.

FULL WEIGHT PURE

Its superior excellence is proven in milions of omes for more than a quarter of a century. It is seed by the United States Government. Endorsed y the heads of the Great Universities as the rongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's cent Baking Powder does not contain Amonia, me or Alum. Sold only in Cans. am Baking Fowder does not all and a series are a series and a series and a series and a series and a series a or 8p fol and n r m last p wk

### OFFICES FOR RENT. TRADERS BANK BUILDING.

OFFICES AND BUSINESS ROOMS, SUITABLE for physicians, lawyers, brokers, etc., can now be secured in the Traders Bank building, on Decatur street, opposite Kimball house. These offices will be ready for occupancy May 1st, and are fitted with every modern convenience and appointments—elevator, gas, electric lights, etc. A few offices can be finished at an earlier date if necessary. Desk room can be had in a large room on second floor at a low rental. For terms apply to room can be had in a large room can be had in a large room a low rental. For terms apply to a low rental. For GOULD, Kimt all House, or at building.

J. L. HARRISON.

## Auctioneers.

Building Lots. On Pryor, Washington, McDaniel and Buena Vista Avenue

AT AUCTION,

Thursday, March 29th, at 2:30 P. M. These are choice plats of ground—every lot a desirable one. Nearly all on Street Car Line, and on the Water Main, with a guarantee of same water privileges as are given citizens within corporate limits of city. The demand for lots in the vicinity of this property have been continuous, and the building of the Giass Works, the E.T. V. & G.R. R. shops, the terminus of the Hawkinsville railroad being just opposite and the Street Car facilities to and from the city creates a demand for homes unequaled around the city. The property all lies just outside city limits, thereby saving city taxes, yet all the city advantages. Every lot on this plat is a 

On Wednesday, 28th, at 3:30 P. M. We will sell eleven lots on Venable, Gresham and Orchard streets, near Technological school. All the lots shaded, and in one of the best localities for renting property in the city. Terms, ½ cash, balance 6 and 12 months. Titles to all this property absolutely good.

## G. W. ADAIR. Real Estate Agent.

1 have property of every class for sale.

I also have some little demand for every class o property.

I invite parties who wish to sell or buy to come in and let me know your wants. I have every facility and a complete corps of assistants, and am always ready to transact real estate business. I have two beautiful, well shaded. West Peachtree

4 vacant residence lots on Peachtree. 4 very best vacant lots on Jackson street, near Houston street,

Jouston street.
3 vacant lots on Boulevard.
3 vacant lots on Decatur street.
5 pretty residence lots on Pryor street.
5 yacant lots on Smith and McDaniel streets.
2 spleudid brick residences in center of city, on outside. 2 spiendid out side.
4 cottages, near First Methodist church.
5 nice 4-room houses on Pavis street.
Feir street.

4 cottages, near First Methodist church.

3 nice 4-room houses on Fovis street.

4 nice 4-room houses on W. Feir street.

I will sell a bargain in lot 50x175, upon which is a
modern cottage, 8 rooms, 2-story house, with a hall,
both room, closets, marble mantles, water and gas,

It is a nice place on nerthside close to street cars.

I also have property in West End, Edgewood,
Kirkwood, Decatur, and in the country. Come and

(Georgia Midland and Gulf R. R.)

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE NO CHANGE OF CARS -BETWEEN-

ATLANTA NO COLUMBUS ----AND ONLY ONE CHANGE TO----

UNION SPRINGS, TROY AND EUFAULA TRAIN LEAVES ATLANTA (via C. R. R. and

ARRIVES COLUMBUS 7:15 p. m.

NORTH BOUND TRAIN.

LEAVE COLUMBUS 8:20 a. m.,
In advance of other trains.
Making connection certain in Union Depot for all points beyond Atlants.
Trains leave McDonough southbound at 2:30 p. m. Accommodation train leaves Griffin at 5:00 a. m., ardving Columbus 10:35 a. m.
C. W. CHEARS,
Gen 1 Pass. Agt.,
M. R. GRAY,
Superintendent,

## Railroad Work to Let.

WE HAVE ONE MILLION CUBIC YARDS FINE scraper work to sab let, on the Georgia division of the E. T., Va. & Ga. Railroad. Free transportation on outlits and hands over the E. T., Va. & Ga. Railroad system for the work. For further information apply to our office in Knoxville, Tenn. McDONALD, SHEA & CO., Contractors.

Our Store Booming With CLOTHING FOR MEN. - - CLOTHING FOR BOYS

CLOTHING FOR CHILDREN

IMMENSE STOCK.

LOWEST PRICES.

In our Tailoring Department we are showing an unusually larg line of the choicest fabrics of the season. Your inspection is invited,

BROS., Clothiers, Tailors and Furnishers HIKSCH 42 and 44 Whitehall St.

GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES, ETC.

BROWN & KING,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS

We are the only house in Atlanta that carry wire rope in stock, for manufacturers of the control OTTON, WOOLEN AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES, POWER and GUY TOPES, MACHINERY AND TOOLS, LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING, HOSE, PACKING, ETC., PORTABLE FORGERS, PRESSURE BLOWERS AND EXHAUST FANS, WROUGHT IRON PIPE FITTINGS AND BRASS GOODS. Eend for Prices and

HOLLIS BROS



Telegraph & Electrical Apparatus & Supplies.

ELECTRO-PLATERS. Chandeliers and Brass Goods of every description, polished and lacquered equal to new.

Modical Butteries and other Electrical Apparatus

spaired, and Electrical work of every decription promptly attended to, in the city or out send for
flustrated Catalogue. "B," 42 North Broad screet.

Sp to: B & K

## PLE SONS.

CEMENTS, PLASTER PARIS, TERRA COTTA STOVE FLUE, BEST FIRE BRICK AND CLAY, DRAIN AND SEWER PIPE, MARBLE DUST.

COAL.

· GENTS' FURNISHING COODS.

No. 8 Loyd St.

Atlanta, Ga.

# EISEMAN BROS.,

17 and 19 Whitehall Street,

# Kirkwood, Defaur, and in the country. Come and see me. 2 desirable cottinges on Wheat Street, near Y. M. C. A building. Also A cheap bargain in a lot 50x178 on Highand avenue; close to street cars and gas and water; the best constructed 7-room cottage in the city; the finish and workmanship supero, with best material; it is n perfect order. Call in. It will be sold. G. W. ADAIR, 5 Kinaball House, Wall street. Take the Midland Route HEAD QUARTERS Take the Midland Route

—FOR—

**CLOTHING!** 

VOL. XIX.

### CRISP FOR SPEAKER.

If Mr. Carlisle Should Go Upon the Bench.

CANDIDATES FOR WAITE'S SEAT.

sorts of r

transmissi times the

WASHIN

nt rer

would not

Who Are Having Their Claims Presented by Judicious Friends-The Legislation of the Day-Other Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 28 .- [Special.]-The washington, march 26.—[special.]—Ine-talk about the possibility of making Mr. Carlisle chief justice, or placing him upon the the supreme bench, has aroused the ambition of a number of members of the house of representatives, who aspire to the speakership. Of those who are making the most vigorous canvass, is Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, who is already at work circulating a petition among his brother democratic members, indorsing him for the place. The opinion prevails to a very generally extent, that Mr. Hatch is quite previous as to the probability of Speaker Carlisle being made either an associate judge or chief justice in the dim and misty future. In the event Mr. Carlisle should be taken from his present office, Judge Crisp, of Georgia, stands much the best show to be made Mr.

Carlisle's successor.

The republicans are determined to make all the political capital possible out of the alleged outrages in Washington county, Tex., and Senators Hoar, Hale, Frye, Ingalls, Sherman, Cameron, Cuilom and others are turning the the crank of the outrage mill with all the vigor and enthusiasm at their command. With them it is the old, old story of the bloody shirt, and this time they are willing to locate the outrages in Texas, rather than in Mississippi and Louisiana.

The chief topic of political conversation is the probable successor of the late Chief Justice Waite. Congressman P. A. Collins, of Bostou, is mentioned by many. Mr. Collins is 44 years of age, a graduate of Harvard law school, and has practiced his profession with

great success since 1871.

Judge John Scofield, of the supreme bench of Illinois, and with a judicial experience of eight or nine years, is also prominently named. He was a candidate for associate jus-tice of the United States supreme court, to succeed the late Judge Woods. Other candidates suggested recently are Chief Justice Ruger, of the New York court of appeals, James C. Carter, of New York city, and W. S. Groesbeck, of Cincinnati. It is understood that a number of senators and representatives have recommended to the president the pro-motion of Justice Miller to the chief justiceship, and the appointment of Mr. Carlisle or some other equally prominent democrat to be associate justice.

### THE TELEGRAPH BILL.

The President of the Western Union Before the Committee. Washington, March 28.—Dr. Norvin Green, president of the Western Union Telegraph company, addressed the senate committee on

company, addressed the senate committee on interstate commerce this morning on the Spooner interstate telegraph bill. He said he did not appear to oppose a fair and reasonable enactment for the regulation of the telegraph. If the telegraph was commerce in a constitutional sense and the supreme court had decided that its business is commerce, then there could be no question of the power of congress to enact such a law as that proposed. Ordit narily his company would desire to be lealone, but under the circumstances it was not averse to such an enactment as proposed, with certain objectionable features stricken out. He was led to this conclusion from the fact that his company owns and operates fact that his company owns and operates four-fifths, perhaps seven-eighths, of all the telegraphs in the United States and is, there-

four-fifths, perhaps seven-eighths, of all the telegraphs in the United States and is, therefore, an apparent monopoly, while in point of fact it has no exclusive franchises—no legal privileges—that anybody else can not get. Elementary patents have expired and except as to some improved methods anybody might build and operate telegraph. But the telegraphs had drifted into a combination, not from the grasping efforts of any one man, or set of men, but from the necessitous laws of trade. The committee would appreciate the economy of the consolidation of telegraph interests. Business was done better and cheaper, but because business had gone almost entirely into the hands of one company, there appeared to be a proper reason why the government should intervene and see that the public was protected from imposition. The Western Union company was not here to oppose that. The company hoped to be able, by a thorough investigation, to disabuse the public mind of many great errors that had been so actively propagated. As to the number of things connected with the telegraph, one was as to the cost of the property. The people had an idea that telegraphs could be built for little or nothing. He believed that the Western Union property could not be duplicated for its cost.

Senator Cullom—Do you mean to say that

Union property could not be duplicated for its cost.

Senator Cullom—Do you mean to say that your property cost \$80,000,000?

Dr. Green—Yes, I mean to say that it could not be reproduced for that sum.

Senator Hiscock inquired as to the extent to which the government would necessarily have to co-operate with private corporations in order to reduce expenses down to the point, where service was rendered by the Western Union.

Dr. Green replied that the Western Union had over 16,000 offices. At least 12,000 of these was operated by railroad companies, and of these 12,000 there was a very small per centage which would not be deficit offices if the Western Union had to hire operators. Coming to what he described as objectionable features of the bill reported by the postoffice committee, he first took up the arbitrary section relative to the handling of messages according to the time of their receipt. He said that in smaller offices that rule could be easily observed, but it was not so in larger offices like New York with 120 wires. One operator might work with 120 wires. One operator might work faster than another and it would be almost impossible to exactly distribute the morday. The long and short line clause, he said in answer to the question that no higher tariff was charged between points on lines from New York to Omaha than between terminals. If the second section of the bill gave the interstate commerce commission the right to say what charges were unreasonable. It would amount to a confiscation of the company's lines. He would substitute the word "exorbitant" for "unreasonable." The long and short line clause, he said in answer to the question that no higher tariff was charged between points on lines from New York to Omaha than between terminals. If the section for the dill give the interstate commerce commission the right to say what charges were unreasonable. The did not make any protest against the section, as it was so framed as not to interfere with the prosent system: because is provided that the Weste Senator Cullom-Do you mean to say that

SEN A French